

For the safe storage, initially pods are to be cleaned. During the process of cleaning; shrivelled, discoloured, decayed, pest infested pods as well as plant debris and soil particles adhering on the pods are removed and the healthy pods are to be separated out. The healthy pods are dried to below $7 \%$ moisture content before packing. Cleaned dry pods @ 15 kg per bag are placed in the HDPE bags ( 790 mm length x 585 mm width) and stitched with thread in two layers by hand or with the help of stitching machine. Placing of small packet of aluminum phosphide $56 \%$ in the center of the bag @ 150 mg per 15 kg pods kills the insects present inside the bag. Due to slippery nature of the bags, storage pests could not make an entry in the bag and damage the pods. Another added advantage is that growth of $A$. flavus and aflatoxin contamination inside the storage bags is contained in due course of storage because of
 arrest of exchange of atmospheric air into the HDPE bag. Using this technology, pods can be stored upto 8 months without compromising seed viability. Hence, farmers may use this technology to store the groundnut meant for seed purpose. The HDPE bag is equally suitable to store the kernels and to do vacuum packing.

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