

603. Agnihotri, Y., Sadhu Singh and Sud, A.D. 1989. Growth statistics of different species of *Eucalyptus* tried in Shiwalik foothills. *Indian J. For.*, 12(1):25-28.

Thirty three species of *Eucalyptus* were planted at Chandigarh in the Shiwalik region between 1963 and 1970 at a spacing of 2m x 2m. *Eucalyptus resinifera* followed by *Eucalyptus alba* manifested the highest volume performance. The same species in order have yielded (35.0 and 25.2 t/ha/year) the highest and the next lower airdry fuel-wood. Volume of all species in general can best be predicted with help of the regression equation $[V = 0.38 + 0.0523 (G \times H)]$ involving basal girth and height as input variables.