Microbial Enriched Compost Production and Application for North East Region of India



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Background

Sustainable and economically sound improvement of the fertility of soil requires better insight into the mechanisms of organics (compost) that govern the sustainable supply of nutrients. Beneficial microbe driven build-up of nutrients in compost may be a major target for future fertility improvement research. Considering the growing demand of compost, a technology developed under AINP on Soil Biodiversity-Biofertilizers, AAU, Jorhat Centre for rapid composting with readily available substances such as Crotolaria, Azolla, Paddy straw, Ipomoea, Water hyacinth and various agricultural wastes. The primary objectives were to improve of compost quality through rock phosphate amendments and inoculation of biofertilizer agents during curing stages of prepared composts.

Preparation of compost

Step 1 : Collection of readily available substrates Like Crotolaria/ Tephrosia, Ipomeoa, Azolla, Water Hiacynth, Sesbania rostrata, Paddy Straw, Weed Biomass etc



Step 2: Layering of green (green crop biomass) and brown (rice straw) substrates in aerobic compost pit at a ratio of 1:10. Compost will be ready by 75-80days



Layering of paddy straw and spraying cowdung slurry



Layering of green crop biomass over brown substrates in composting pit



PVC tubes inserted to facilitate gas exchange and hastening composting

Step 3: Addition of biofertilizer microbes (N-fixers, PSB and KSB) @1.0% and rock phosphate @1.0% (as P) in 80-90 days immature aerobic compost and kept for 25-30 days incubation for final enriched compost.



Mixing of biofertilizer



Curing and stabilization



Final product

Composition of microbial enriched compost

Parameters	Values
C:N ratio of Solid Phase	10.05-12.30
C:N ratio of Liquid Phase	0.05-0.08
pH values Stabilized in between	7.5-7.87
EC (dS m-1)	3.57 -3.80
CEC c mol (p+) kg-1	49.92- 55.42
NH4+-N (%)	0.024-0.029
Respiration (µg CO2-C g-1 24 h-1)	13.66-16.73
Microbial Biomass Carbon(µg g-124-1)	1369-1450
Total bacteria (cfu x 108g-1)	252-270
Total fungi (cfu x 107 g-1)	22.70-25.32
Total N(%)	1.85-1.97%
Total P (%)	1.03-1.15
Total K (%)	0.81-0.91

Application of enriched composts in different crops

Crop Application and crop response Rice Application: 2t / ha

Saving of NP fertilizer: > 25 %

Effect on rice yield: Save NP fertilizer without affecting yield

(4.18t/ha)

Rice Application: 1t/ha primed with biofertilizer agents & rock

> phosphate) + 50% RDF (NPK at 60:20:40) Yield with microbial enriched compost: 4.28t/ha

Yield with RDF: 3.79t/ha



Rice (organic) Application: 5.0t/ha +Biofertilizers (azospirillum, azotobacterand

PSB) as seedling root dip.

Yield with microbial enriched compost+ biofertilizers :3.35 t/ha

;Yield with normal compost :2.82t/ha



Carrot Application:5t/ha+ Azotobacter, PSB and rock phosphate (organic)

Yield with microbial enriched compost: 21.44 t/ha

Yield with normal compost: 20.97 t/ha in the treatment that received normal compost (5t/ha) with Azotobacter, PSB and

rock phosphate.



Hot chilli Application:5.0t/ha

(organic) Yield with microbial enriched compost :2.18t/ha with 2.56%

capsacian content

Yield with normal compost: 1.78t/ha



Flower Application: 10t/ha

Yield with microbial enriched compost :38 flowers /plant, size of (gerbera)

> flower (9.5cm), shelf life (21days) and vase life (10 days) Normal compost :25 flowers /plant, size of flower (8.3cm), shelf

life (17 Days) and vase life (7 days)



Technology transfer

Farmers benefitted (2017-2020) About 850 farmers of NEH regions and 20 state agriculture officers were trained.

Technology transfer Technology transferred to State Agriculture Department, Assam

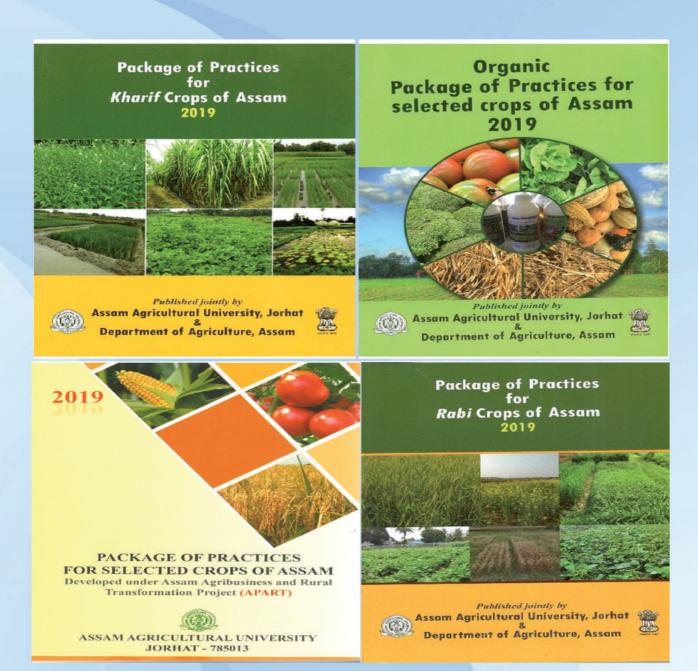
Package of practices Package of practices developed and recommended to farmers of NEH regions.

Published by AAU, Jorhat & State Agriculture Department, Assam as follows:

· Package of practices for kharif crops of Assam, 2019

Package of practices for Rabi crops of Assam, 2019

· Organic package of practices for selected crops of Assam, 2019



The information given in the document is based on the experiments carried out at the AINP centre-Department of Soil Science, Assam Agricultural University (AAU). Jorhat, Assam. For training, demonstration and other enquiries please contact Principal Investigator, AINP on Soil Biodiversity-Biofertilizers, AAU, Jorhat-13, Assam.

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