# State: <u>Arunachal Pradesh</u> Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: <u>East Kameng</u>

| 1.0 Dist | rict Agriculture profile*   |  |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------|---|--|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1.1      | Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone   |  |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)   | 16.3 Arunachal Pradesh<br>(C1A10)                              | 16.3 Arunachal Pradesh (Subdued Eastern Himalayas), warm to hot, perhumid eco-subregion (C1A10) |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning<br>Commission)   | Eastern Himalayan Regio  | Eastern Himalayan Region  |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)   | Zone II, Eastern Himal   | Zone II, Eastern Himalayan zone (Temperate, sub alpine & subtropical hill condition)            |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | List all the districts falling under the NARP<br>Zone*<br>(*>50% area falling in the zone)            | Whole district   |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Geographic coordinates of district headquarters   | Latitude   | Longitude   | Altitude    |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | neuequiters   | 26°56' and 27°57' N  | 92°36'; and 93°24' E  | 356 msl     |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Name and address of the concerned ZRS/<br>ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS                                      | ICAR Research Complex for NEH Region, Basar, Arunachal Pradesh |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Mention the KVK located in the district with full address   | East Kameng District, Pampoli -790102, Arunachal Pradesh       |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Name and address of the nearest Agromet<br>Field Unit (AMFU, IMD) for agro-<br>advisories in the Zone | ICAR Research Complex  | x for NEH Region, Basar, Arunach  | nal Pradesh |  |  |  |  |  |

| 1.2 | Rainfall               | Normal RF(mm) | Normal Rainy days<br>(number) | Normal Onset<br>( specify week and<br>month) | Normal Cessation<br>(specify week and<br>month) |
|-----|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
|     | SW monsoon (June-Sep): | 1744.6        | NA                            | 3 <sup>rd</sup> week of June.                | 3 <sup>rd</sup> week of Sept.                   |
|     | NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec):   | 197.2         | -                             | -  | -   |
|     | Winter (Jan- February) | 78.3          | -                             | -  | -   |
|     | Summer (March-May)     | 590.3         | -                             | -  | -   |
|     | Annual                 | 2610.4        |                               | -  | -   |

| 1.3     | Land use             | Geographical  | Cultivable     | Forest     | Land under           | Permanent | Cultivable | Land   | Barren and   | Current | Other   |
|---------|----------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|--------|--------------|---------|---------|
|         | pattern of the       | area          | area           | area       | non-                 | pastures  | wasteland  | under  | uncultivable | fallows | fallows |
|         | district (latest     |               |                |            | agricultural use     |           |            | Misc.  | land         |         |         |
|         | statistics)          |               |                |            |                      |           |            | tree   |              |         |         |
|         |                      |               |                |            |                      |           |            | crops  |              |         |         |
|         |                      |               |                |            |                      |           |            | and    |              |         |         |
|         |                      |               |                |            |                      |           |            | groves |              |         |         |
|         | Area ('000 ha)       | 413.4         | 23.12          | 212.9      | 0.78                 | 0.75      | 1.28       | 1.15   | 0.61         | 2.08    | 6.55    |
|         |                      |               |                |            |                      |           |            |        |              |         |         |
| 2011-12 | Stats Directorate of | Economics and | Statistics, Ma | inistry of | Agriculture, Govt. o | of India  |            |        |              |         |         |
|         |                      |               |                |            |                      |           |            |        |              |         |         |

| 1.4 | Major Soils (common names like red sandy loam deep soils (etc.,)* | Area ('000 ha)** | Percent (%) of total geographical area |
|-----|---|------------------|--|
|     | 1.  |                  |  |
|     | 2.  |                  |  |
|     | 3.  |                  |  |
|     | 4.  |                  |  |
|     | 5.  |                  |  |
|     | Others (specify):   |                  |  |

\* mention colour, depth and texture (heavy, light, sandy, loamy, clayey etc) and give vernacular name, if any, in brackets (data source: Soil Resource Maps of NBSS & LUP); \*\* Pl. give the details of the major soils occupying more than 5% of total geographical area. Degree of soil acidity (pH) may also be indicated

| 1.5   | Agricultural land use                           | Area ('000 ha)           | Cropping intensity % |
|-------|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
|       | Net sown area                                   | 12.06                    | 120.9%               |
|       | Area sown more than once                        | 2.52                     |                      |
|       | Gross cropped area                              | 14.58                    |                      |
| 2011- | 2 Stats Directorate of Economics and Statistics | , Ministry of Agricultur | e, Govt. of India    |

| 1.6   | Irrigation  | Area ('000 ha)            |                              |   |  |  |  |
|-------|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
|       | Net irrigated area  | 1.762                     |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Gross irrigated area  | 1.762                     |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Rainfed area  | 9.380                     |                              |   |  |  |  |
| 2008- | 09 Stats Directorate of Economics and Statistics  | , Ministry of Agricul     | ture, Govt. of India         |   |  |  |  |
|       | Sources of Irrigation   | Number                    | Area ('000 ha)               | Percentage of total irrigated area  |  |  |  |
|       | Canals  |                           |                              | Area may be indicated   |  |  |  |
|       | Tanks   |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Open wells  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Bore wells  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Lift irrigation schemes   |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Micro-irrigation  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Other sources (please specify)  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Total Irrigated Area  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Pump sets   |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | No. of Tractors   |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Groundwater availability and use* (Data<br>source: State/Central Ground water<br>Department /Board) | No. of blocks/<br>Tehsils | (%) area                     | Quality of water (specify the problem<br>such as high levels of arsenic,<br>fluoride, saline etc) |  |  |  |
|       | Over exploited  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Critical  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Semi- critical  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Safe  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Wastewater availability and use   |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
|       | Ground water quality  |                           |                              |   |  |  |  |
| *over | -exploited: groundwater utilization > 100%; critic  | cal: 90-100%; semi-       | critical: 70-90%; safe: <70% |   |  |  |  |

| <b>1.6.</b> a. | Fertilizer and Pesticides use | Туре                                 | Total quantity (tonnes) |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1              | Fertilizers*                  | Urea                                 | 20                      |
|                |                               | DAP                                  | 30                      |
|                |                               | Potash                               | 10                      |
|                |                               | SSP                                  |                         |
|                |                               | Other straight fertilizers (specify) |                         |
|                |                               | Other complex fertilizers (specify)  |                         |
| 2              | Chemical Pesticides*          | Insecticides + Fungicides (liquid)   | 290 lt                  |
|                |                               | Insecticides + Fungicides (lDust)    | 100 qt                  |
|                |                               | Weedicides                           |                         |
|                |                               | Others (specify)                     |                         |

\* If break up is not available, indicate total quantity used in the district for any recent year, mention here the year and source of statistic

#### 1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture (as per latest figures) (Specify year <u>2007-08</u>)

| 1.7 | S.No.               | Major field crops |           | Area ('000 ha) |       |           |         |       |        |             |
|-----|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------|-------|-----------|---------|-------|--------|-------------|
|     |                     | cultivated        |           | Kharif         |       | Rabi      |         |       |        |             |
|     |                     |                   | Irrigated | Rainfed        | Total | Irrigated | Rainfed | Total | Summer | Grand total |
|     | 1                   | Paddy(Jhum & WRC) |           | 8.25           | 8.25  |           |         |       |        | 8.25        |
|     | 2                   | Maize             |           | 2.453          | 2.45  |           |         |       |        | 2.45        |
|     | 3                   | Millet            |           | 0.49           | 0.49  |           |         |       |        | 0.49        |
|     | 4                   | Pulses            |           |                |       |           | 0.898   | 0.898 |        | 0.89        |
|     | 5                   | Oilseeds          |           |                |       |           | 1.028   | 1.028 |        | 1.028       |
|     | Others<br>(specify) |                   |           |                |       |           |         |       |        |             |

| S.No. | Horticulture crops - Fruits |         | Area ('000 ha)          |         |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|
|       |                             | Total   | Total Irrigated Rainfed |         |  |  |
| 1     | Pears                       | 14.3328 |                         | 14.3328 |  |  |
| 2     | Plum                        | 0.244   |                         | 0.244   |  |  |
| 3     | Peach                       | 3.88    |                         | 3.88    |  |  |
| 4     | Coconut                     | 0.24025 |                         | 0.24025 |  |  |

| 5                   | Mango                               | 3.4     |           | 3.4     |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|
| 6                   | Orange                              | 711.38  |           | 711.38  |
| 7                   | Guava                               | 12.017  |           | 12.017  |
| 8                   | Pine Apple                          | 749.037 |           | 749.037 |
| 9                   | Banana                              | 65.6988 |           | 65.6988 |
| 10                  | Litchi                              | 19.2    |           | 19.2    |
| 11                  | Pomegranate                         | 0.026   |           | 0.026   |
| 12                  | Lemon                               | 0.7105  |           | 0.7105  |
| 13                  | Jack Fruits                         | 2.821   |           | 2.821   |
| 14                  | Рарауа                              | 0.466   |           | 0.466   |
| Others<br>(specify) |                                     |         |           |         |
| /                   | Horticulture crops - Vegetables     | Total   | Irrigated | Rainfed |
| 1                   | Chilli                              | 82      |           | 82      |
| 2                   | Potato                              | 90      |           | 90      |
| 3                   | Ginger                              | 55      |           | 55      |
| 4                   | Vegetables                          | 388     |           | 388     |
| Others<br>(specify) |                                     |         |           |         |
|                     | Medicinal and Aromatic crops        | Total   | Irrigated | Rainfed |
| 1                   | NA                                  |         |           |         |
| 2                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| 3                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| 4                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| 5                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| Others              |                                     |         |           |         |
| (specify)           |                                     |         |           |         |
|                     | Plantation crops                    | Total   | Irrigated | Rainfed |
| 1                   | NA                                  |         | -         |         |
| 2                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| 3                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| 4                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| 5                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| Others<br>(Specify) | Eg., industrial pulpwood crops etc. |         |           |         |
| * * *               | Fodder crops                        | Total   | Irrigated | Rainfed |
| 1                   | NA                                  |         |           |         |
| 2                   |                                     |         |           |         |
| 3                   |                                     |         |           |         |

| 4         |   |     |  |
|-----------|---|-----|--|
| 5         |   |     |  |
| Others    |   |     |  |
| (Specify) |   |     |  |
|           | Total fodder crop area                                |     |  |
|           | Grazing land, reserve areas etc                       | 877 |  |
|           | Availability of unconventional feeds/by products eg., |     |  |
|           | breweries waste, food processing, fermented feeds     |     |  |
|           | bamboo shoots, fish etc                               |     |  |
|           | Sericulture etc                                       |     |  |
|           | Other agro enterprises (mushroom cultivation etc      |     |  |
|           | specify)  |     |  |
|           | Others (specify)                                      |     |  |

| 1.8  | Livestock (Data source: Live stock Census 2007) | Male (*000)  | Female ('000) | Total ('000) |  |  |  |  |
|------|---|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
|      | Indigenous cattle                               | 13.21        | 15.09         | 28.30        |  |  |  |  |
|      | Improved / Crossbred cattle                     | 2.13         | 2.10          | 4.23         |  |  |  |  |
|      | Buffaloes (local low yielding)                  |              |               | -            |  |  |  |  |
|      | Improved Buffaloes                              |              |               | -            |  |  |  |  |
|      | Goat  | 10.42        | 11.98         | 22.40        |  |  |  |  |
|      | Sheep   |              |               | -            |  |  |  |  |
|      | Pig   | 13.3         | 12.24         | 25.53        |  |  |  |  |
|      | Mithun  |              |               | 23034        |  |  |  |  |
|      | Yak   |              |               | -            |  |  |  |  |
|      | Dog   |              |               | 12256        |  |  |  |  |
|      | Others ; Ducks                                  |              |               | 9506         |  |  |  |  |
|      | Commercial dairy farms (Number)                 |              |               |              |  |  |  |  |
| 1.9  | Poultry   | No. of farms | Total No. of  | birds ('000) |  |  |  |  |
|      | Commercial                                      | Nil          |               |              |  |  |  |  |
|      | Backyard 84.09                                  |              |               |              |  |  |  |  |
| 1.10 | Fisheries (Data source: Chief Planning Officer) |              |               |              |  |  |  |  |
|      | A. Capture                                      |              |               |              |  |  |  |  |

| i) Marine (Data Source: Fisheries<br>Department) - Nil      | No. of fishermen   | Bo         | oats               |  | Nets                            | Nets                 |                  |
|---|--|------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|   |  | Mechanized | Non-<br>mechanized | Mechanized<br>(Trawl nets,<br>Gill nets) | rawl nets, (Shore Seines, Stake |                      | pinnes ever)     |
|   | -  | -          | -                  | -  | -                               |                      | -                |
| <b>ii) Inland</b> (Data Source: Fisheries Department)- 2008 | No. Farmer owned ponds       414                             |            | No. of R           | 100                                      |                                 | No. of village tanks |                  |
|   |  |            | -                  |  |                                 |                      |                  |
| B. Culture  | I  |            |                    |  | I                               |                      |                  |
|   |  |            | Water Spre         | ad Area (ha)                             | Yield (t/ha)                    | Product              | tion ('000 tons) |
| i) Brackish water (Data Source: MPI                         | i) Brackish water (Data Source: MPEDA/ Fisheries Department) |            |                    |  | -                               | -                    |                  |
| ii) Fresh water (Data Source: Fisheri                       | ii) Fresh water (Data Source: Fisheries Department)          |            | 104.3              |  | 0.225                           | 23.5                 |                  |
| Others  |  |            |                    |  |                                 |                      |                  |

## **1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops** (Average of last 5 years: 2006, 07, 08, 09, 10)

| 1.11    | Name of crop      |                        |                         | Rabi                   |                         | Summer                 |                         | Total                  |                         | Crop                                   |
|---------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
|         |                   | Production<br>('000 t) | Productivity<br>(kg/ha) | residue as<br>fodder<br>('000<br>tons) |
| Major F | Field crops (Crop | os to be identif       | ïed based on total a    | creage)                |                         |                        |                         |                        |                         |  |
| Crop 1  | Rice              | 10311                  | 1249                    |                        |                         |                        |                         | 10311                  | 1249                    |  |
| Crop 2  | Maize             |                        |                         |                        |                         | 3273.8                 | 1315                    | 3273.8                 | 1315                    |  |
| Crop 3  | Millet            | 516                    | 1029                    |                        |                         |                        |                         | 516                    | 1029                    |  |

| Crop 4   | Wheat             |                     |                   | 55.4          | 2067  |       |      | 55.4   | 2067 |  |
|----------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------|-------|------|--------|------|--|
| Crop 5   | Arhar             |                     |                   | 48.2          | 1142  |       |      | 48.2   | 1142 |  |
| Crop 6   | Rajma             | 86                  | 1453              |               |       |       |      | 86     | 1453 |  |
| Crop 7   | Local pulse       |                     |                   | 606.65        | 1041  |       |      | 606.65 | 1041 |  |
| Crop 8   | Black gram        | 88.254              | 1095              |               |       |       |      | 88.254 | 1095 |  |
| Crop 9   | Green gram        | 79.554              | 1030              |               |       |       |      | 79.554 | 1030 |  |
| Crop 10  | Pea               |                     |                   | 77.98         | 1378  |       |      | 77.98  | 1378 |  |
| Crop 11  | Soybean           | 294.4               | 1612              |               |       |       |      | 294.4  | 1612 |  |
| Crop 12  | Mustard           |                     |                   | 555.28        | 1081  |       |      | 555.28 | 1081 |  |
| Crop 13  | Ginger            | 232.3               | 4090              |               |       |       |      | 232.3  | 4090 |  |
| Crop 14  | Chilli            | 64.7                | 783.5             | 64.7          | 783.5 |       |      | 129.4  | 1567 |  |
| Crop 15  | Potato            | 595.2               | 6386              |               |       |       |      | 595.2  | 6386 |  |
| Crop 16  | Vegetables        |                     |                   | 973.1         | 2461  | 973.1 | 2461 | 1946.2 | 4922 |  |
| Maior Ho | orticultural crop | s (Crops to be iden | tified based on f | otal acreage) |       |       |      |        |      |  |
| Crop 1   |                   |                     |                   | (our un orgo  |       |       |      |        |      |  |
| Crop 2   |                   |                     |                   |               |       |       |      |        |      |  |
| Crop 3   |                   |                     |                   |               |       |       |      |        |      |  |
| Crop 4   |                   |                     |                   |               |       |       |      |        |      |  |
| Crop 5   |                   |                     |                   |               |       |       |      |        |      |  |
| Others   |                   |                     |                   |               |       |       |      |        |      |  |

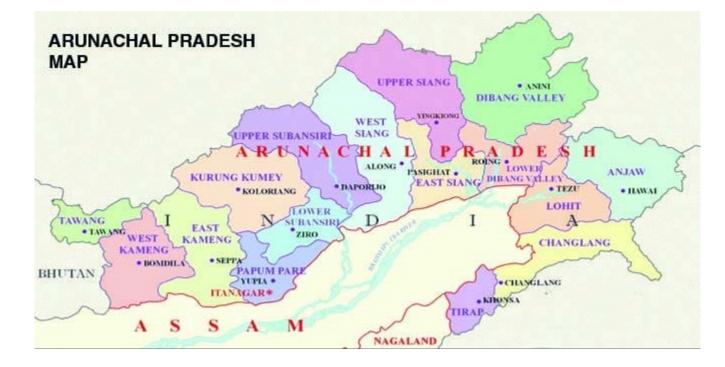
| 1.12 | Sowing window for 5 major<br>field crops<br>(start and end of normal<br>sowing period) | Crop 1: Sali Paddy                            | 2:Maize  | 3: Millet  | 4: Arahar  | 5:Mustard  |
|------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
|      | Kharif- Rainfed  | $1^{st}$ week of June – $2^{nd}$ week of July | $2^{nd}$ week of June – $2^{nd}$ week of July                    | $2^{nd}$ week of April<br>- $2^{nd}$ week of May | $2^{nd}$ week of June<br>- $2^{nd}$ week of July |  |
|      | Kharif-Irrigated   |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | Rabi- Rainfed  |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | Rabi-Irrigated   |   |  |  |  | $2^{nd}$ week of<br>October – $2^{nd}$ week<br>of November |
|      | Summer-irrigated   |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | Summer-rainfed   |   | 1 <sup>st</sup> week of March –<br>1 <sup>st</sup> April of July |  |  |  |

| 1.13 | What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark) | Regular*     | Occasional   | None         |
|------|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|      | Drought   |              |              |              |
|      | Flood   |              |              | $\checkmark$ |
|      | Cyclone   |              |              | $\checkmark$ |
|      | Hail storm  |              | $\checkmark$ |              |
|      | Heat wave   |              |              | $\checkmark$ |
|      | Cold wave   |              |              | $\checkmark$ |
|      | Frost   |              |              | $\checkmark$ |
|      | Sea water intrusion   |              |              | $\checkmark$ |
|      | Snowfall  |              |              |              |
|      | Landslides  | $\checkmark$ |              |              |
|      | Earthquake  |              | $\checkmark$ |              |
|      | Pests and disease outbreak (specify)                                |              |              | $\checkmark$ |
|      | Others (like fog, cloud bursting etc.)                              |              |              |              |

\*When contingency occurs in six out of 10 years

| 1.14 | Include Digital maps of the district for | Location map of district within State as Annexure I | Enclosed: Yes |
|------|--|---|---------------|
|      |  | Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2                  | Enclosed: No  |
|      |  | Soil map as Annexure 3                              | Enclosed: No  |

## Location map of East Kameng



## 2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2. Drought

**2.1 Drought (Rainfed situation)** 

#### Drought-Pre-Monsoon (Last week of March to First week of April) Normal

| Condition  |  |  |  | Suggested Contingency measures  |   |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| Early season drought<br>(delayed onset)                                    | Major Farming situation                                  | Normal Crop /<br>Cropping system                           | Change in crop<br>/cropping system<br>including variety  | Agronomic measures  | Remarks on<br>Implementation                    |
| Delay by 2 weeks<br>( 2 <sup>nd</sup> to 3 <sup>rd</sup> week of<br>April) | Gently sloping upland<br>with deep coarse loamy<br>soils | Maize  | <ul> <li>No change</li> <li>Short duration<br/>crops/varieties<br/>like RCM-1-<br/>75, RCM-1-76</li> <li>Maize +<br/>groundnut/soy<br/>a bean/rice<br/>bean inter<br/>cropping.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Conservation of pre-monsoon soil moisture<br/>through soil/straw/grass mulching practices</li> <li>Hydropriming/ seed soaking in water for 24hr<br/>and followed by shade drying before sowing.</li> <li>Application of organic manure before sowing.</li> </ul> | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
|  |  | Millet   | No Change<br>Short duration<br>crops/varieties<br>of finger millet<br>(VR-708, GPU-<br>67), foxtail<br>millet (SR-16,<br>Meera)  |   | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
|  |  | Soybean  | <ul> <li>No Change</li> <li>Intercropping<br/>with rajma,<br/>lobia</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Mulching with locally available biomass</li> <li>Application of organic manure before sowing.</li> </ul>   | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
|  |  | Vegetable<br>(bottle gourd,<br>chilli, brinjal,<br>Tomato) | <ul> <li>Bottle gourd</li> <li>Punjab<br/>Round, Pusa<br/>Sandesh,<br/>Narendra</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Bottle gourd</li> <li>Use of organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or vermicompost 1 ton/ha)</li> <li>Raise crop on ridge-furrow or raised bed planting system</li> </ul>  | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |

| Moderately sloping hills<br>with deep loamy soils | Jhum paddy | Shishir,<br>Punjab<br>Komal.<br>Chilli<br>Kashi Anmol,<br>Arka Lohit,<br>Kashi Early,<br>IIHR -Sel.<br>132<br>No change<br>Short duration<br>vars. RCM-9,<br>RCM-10,<br>RCM 11,<br>CAU-R-1,<br>TTB-404,<br>TTB-303, | <ul> <li>Conservation of soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices. Chilli</li> <li>Raise crop on ridge-furrow raised bed planting system</li> <li>Use of organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or vermicompost 1 ton/ha) to enhance water holding capacity of soil</li> <li>Conservation of soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices.</li> <li>Do not allow weeds to grow during plant's early growth stage.</li> <li>Mixed cropping of various vegetable crops.</li> <li>Weeding is to be done 15 and 35 days after transplanting.</li> </ul> |   |
|---|------------|---|--|---|
|   | Millet     | No Change<br>Short duration<br>crops/varieties<br>of finger millet<br>(VR-708, GPU-<br>67), foxtail<br>millet (SR-16,<br>Meera)   |  | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |

|                           | Maize   | <ul> <li>No change</li> <li>Short duration crops/varieties like RCM-1-75, RCM-1-76</li> <li>Maize + groundnut/soy a bean/rice bean inter cropping.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Conservation of pre-monsoon soil moisture<br/>through soil/straw/grass mulching practices</li> <li>Hydropriming/ seed soaking in water for 24hr<br/>and followed by shade drying before sowing.</li> <li>Application of organic manure before sowing.</li> </ul> | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
|---------------------------|---------|--|---|---|
|                           | Soybean | No change<br>Intercropping<br>with rajma, lobia  | <ul><li>Mulching with locally available biomass</li><li>Application of organic manure</li></ul>   |   |
| Very steep<br>shallow loa |         | No change<br>No change | <ul> <li>Weeding is to be done 15 and 35 days after<br/>transplanting.</li> </ul>   | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
|                           | Maize   | No change<br>Short duration<br>crops/varieties<br>like RCM-1-<br>75, RCM-1-<br>76,<br>Allrounder,<br>HQPM-1,<br>DA-61 A<br>Maize +<br>groundnut/soy<br>a bean/rice   | <ul> <li>Conservation of pre-monsoon soil moisture<br/>through soil/straw/grass mulching practices</li> <li>Hydropriming/ seed soaking in water for 24hr<br/>and followed by shade drying before sowing.</li> <li>Application of organic manure before sowing.</li> </ul> | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |

|  |        | bean inter<br>cropping.   |   |
|--|--------|---|---|
|  | Millet | No Change<br>Short duration<br>crops/varieties<br>of finger millet<br>(VR-708, GPU-<br>67), foxtail<br>millet (SR-16,<br>Meera) | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |

#### 2.1.2 **<u>Drought-irrigated situation</u>** : NA in this district

#### Normal onset of pre- monsoon

| Condition  |   |                                      |  | Suggested Contingency measures   |   |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Early season drought (Normal onset )   | Major Farming<br>situation                                  | Normal<br>Crop/croppin               | Crop<br>management   | Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures   | Remarks on<br>Implementation                    |
| (Normal onset)   | Situation   | g system                             | management   |  | Implementation                                  |
| Normal onset<br>followed by 15-20<br>days dry spell after<br>sowing leading to<br>poor<br>germination/crop<br>stand etc. | Gently sloping<br>upland with deep<br>coarse loamy<br>soils | WRC/TRC/Jh<br>um (Paddy)             | No change<br>Short<br>duration<br>vars. RCM-<br>9, RCM-10,<br>RCM 11,<br>CAU-R-1,<br>TTB-404,<br>TTB-303,<br>Mulagavaru  | <ul> <li>Closer spacing of 15x15 cm and 4-5 seedlings/hill</li> <li>Weeding is to be done 15 and 35 days after transplanting.</li> </ul> | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
|  |   | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul> <li>, Kanaklata</li> <li>No Change</li> <li>Short<br/>duration<br/>crops/varieti<br/>es of finger<br/>millet (VR-<br/>708, GPU-<br/>67), foxtail</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>10% higher seed rate</li> </ul>   | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |

|  | Vegetable<br>crops (Bottle<br>gourd, Chilli) | millet (SR-<br>16,Arjuna,<br>Prasad)<br>Bottle<br>gourd<br>Punjab<br>Round,<br>Pusa<br>Sandesh,<br>Narendra<br>Shishir,<br>Punjab<br>Komal.<br>Chilli<br>Kashi<br>Anmol,<br>Arka Lohit,<br>Kashi Early,<br>IIHR -Sel.<br>132<br>Mixed<br>cropping of<br>various<br>vegetable<br>crops. | <ul> <li>Bottle gourd</li> <li>Use of organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or vermicompost 1 ton/ha)</li> <li>Raise crop on ridge-furrow or raised bed planting system</li> <li>Conservation of soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices.</li> <li>Chilli</li> <li>Raise crop on ridge-furrow raised bed planting system</li> <li>Use of organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or vermicompost 1 ton/ha) to enhance water holding capacity of soil</li> <li>Conservation of soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices.</li> <li>Do not allow weeds to grow during plant's early growth stage.</li> </ul> | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Moderately<br>sloping hills with<br>deep loamy soils | WRC/TRC/Jh<br>um (Paddy)                     | No change<br>Short<br>duration<br>vars. RCM-<br>9, RCM-10,<br>RCM 11,<br>CAU-R-1,<br>TTB-404,<br>TTB-303,<br>Mulagavaru  | <ul> <li>Closer spacing of 15x15 cm and 4-5 seedlings/hill</li> <li>Weeding is to be done 15 and 35 days after transplanting.</li> </ul>   | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |

|                               |  | , Kanaklata.   |  |   |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
|                               | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)         | No Change<br>Short<br>duration<br>crops/varieti<br>es of finger<br>millet (VR-<br>708, GPU-<br>67), foxtail<br>millet (SR-<br>16,Arjuna,<br>Prasad)  | • 10% higher seed rate   | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
|                               | Vegetable<br>crops (Bottle<br>gourd, Chilli) | <ul> <li>Bottle<br/>gourd</li> <li>Punjab<br/>Round,<br/>Pusa<br/>Sandesh,<br/>Narendra<br/>Shishir,<br/>Punjab<br/>Komal.<br/>Chilli</li> <li>Kashi<br/>Anmol,<br/>Arka Lohit,<br/>Kashi Early,<br/>IIHR -Sel.<br/>132</li> <li>Mixed<br/>cropping of<br/>various<br/>vegetable<br/>crops.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Bottle gourd</li> <li>Use of organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or vermicompost 1 ton/ha)</li> <li>Raise crop on ridge-furrow or raised bed planting system</li> <li>Conservation of soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices.</li> <li>Chilli</li> <li>Raise crop on ridge-furrow raised bed planting system</li> <li>Use of organic manures (FYM 5 tones/ha or vermicompost 1 ton/ha) to enhance water holding capacity of soil</li> <li>Conservation of soil moisture through soil/straw/grass mulching practices.</li> <li>Do not allow weeds to grow during plant's early growth stage.</li> </ul> | RARS-AAU,<br>ICAR,<br>RKVY,ATMA,<br>ADO and DHO |
| Very steep<br>sloping shallow | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)                           | No change<br>• Short   | <ul> <li>Closer spacing of 10x10 cm and 4-5 seedlings/hill</li> <li>Weeding is to be done 15 and 35 days after transplanting.</li> </ul>   |   |

| loamy soils |        | duration<br>vars. Megha<br>Rice 1 and<br>Megha Rice<br>2,  |  |
|-------------|--------|--|--|
|             | Millet | No Change<br>Short duration<br>crops/varieties<br>of finger<br>millet (VR-<br>708, GPU-67),<br>foxtail millet<br>(SR-16,<br>Meera) |  |

| Condition   |   |   | Sug   | gested Contingency measures   |                              |
|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------------|
| Mid season drought<br>(long dry spell,<br>consecutive 2 weeks<br>rainless (>2.5<br>mm)period) | Major Farming situation                                     | Normal Crop<br>/cropping<br>system            | Crop management   | Soil nutrient & moisture<br>conservation measures   | Remarks on<br>Implementation |
| Vegetative stage  | Gently sloping<br>upland with<br>deep coarse<br>loamy soils | Maize   | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>                             | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> </ul>   |                              |
|   |   | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)          | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>                             | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> </ul>   |                              |
|   |   | Vegetable crops<br>(Bottle gourd,<br>Chilli,) | <ul> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Gap filling with available seedlings</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Prefer Drip/sprinkler irrigation</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> </ul> |                              |
|   | Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep loamy              | WRC/TRC/Jhum<br>(Paddy)                       | No change<br>Short duration vars. RCM-9,<br>RCM-10, RCM 11, CAU-R-1,  | <ul> <li>Closer spacing of 15x15 cm and 4-5 seedlings/hill</li> <li>Weeding is to be done 15 and 35</li> </ul>  |                              |

| soils  | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)<br>Vegetable crops<br>(Bottle gourd,<br>Chilli,) | <ul> <li>TTB-404, TTB-303, Mulagavaru, Kanaklata.</li> <li>No Change</li> <li>Short duration crops/varieties of finger millet (VR-708, GPU-67), foxtail millet (SR-16, Arjuna, Prasad)</li> <li>Bottle gourd</li> <li>Punjab Round, Pusa Sandesh, Narendra Shishir, Punjab Komal. Chilli</li> <li>Kashi Anmol, Arka Lohit, Kashi Early, IIHR -Sel. 132</li> <li>Mixed cropping of various vegetable crops.</li> </ul> | days after transplanting.         Image: Im |
|--|---|---|---|
| Very steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soils | Maize   | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available<br/>sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available<br/>material</li> </ul>   |
|  | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)  | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available<br/>sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available<br/>material</li> </ul>   |
|  | Vegetable crops<br>(Bottle gourd,   | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li><li>Gap filling with available</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available<br/>sources</li> <li>Prefer Drip/sprinkler irrigation</li> </ul>   |

| Chilli) | seedlings | <ul> <li>Mulching with locally available<br/>material</li> </ul> |  |
|---------|-----------|--|--|
|---------|-----------|--|--|

| Condition   |   |  | Su  | ggested Contingency measures  |                              |
|---|---|--|---|---|------------------------------|
| Mid season drought<br>(long dry spell,<br>consecutive 2 weeks<br>rainless (>2.5<br>mm)period) | Major Farming situation                                     | Normal Crop<br>/cropping<br>system           | Crop management   | Soil nutrient & moisture<br>conservation measures   | Remarks on<br>Implementation |
| Reproductive stage  | Gently sloping<br>upland with<br>deep coarse<br>loamy soils | Maize  | <ul> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Interculture</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> </ul>                         | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> </ul>   |                              |
|   |   | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)         | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>                             | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> </ul>   |                              |
|   |   | Vegetable crops<br>(Bottle gourd,<br>Chilli) | <ul> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Gap filling with available seedlings</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Prefer Drip/sprinkler irrigation</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> </ul> |                              |
|   | Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep loamy<br>soils     | Maize  | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>                             | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> </ul>   |                              |
|   |   | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)         | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>                             | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> </ul>   |                              |
|   |   | Vegetable crops<br>(Bottle gourd,            | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li><li>Gap filling with available</li></ul>               | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Prefer Drip/sprinkler irrigation</li> </ul>   |                              |

|  | Chilli)                                      | seedlings   | <ul> <li>Mulching with locally available<br/>material</li> </ul>  |
|--|--|---|---|
| Very steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soils | sloping shallow •                            | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>                             | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available<br/>sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available<br/>material</li> </ul>   |
|  | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)         | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Interculture</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>                             | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available<br/>sources</li> <li>Mulching with locally available<br/>material</li> </ul>   |
|  | Vegetable crops<br>(Bottle gourd,<br>Chilli) | <ul> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Gap filling with available seedlings</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available<br/>sources</li> <li>Prefer Drip/sprinkler irrigation</li> <li>Mulching with locally available<br/>material</li> </ul> |

| Condition   |  |                                      |   | Suggested Contingency measur   | es                                    |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Terminal drought</b><br>(Early withdrawal of<br>monsoon) | Major Farming situation                      | Normal<br>Crop/cropping<br>system    | Crop management   | Rabi Crop planning   | Remarks on Implementation             |
|   | Gently sloping<br>upland with<br>deep coarse | WRC/TRC (Paddy)                      | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul> | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt./RKVY/ATMA |
| loamy soils   | loamy soils                                  | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul> |                                       |
|   | Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep     | WRC/TRC (Paddy)                      | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul> | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt./RKVY/ATMA |
|   | loamy soils                                  | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul> |                                       |

| Very steep<br>sloping shallow | WRC/TRC (Paddy) | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul> | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt./RKVY/ATMA |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| loamy soils                   | N4:11.4         | - 11  |  |                                       |
|                               |                 | 1, 0  | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage</li> </ul>  |                                       |
|                               | (finger/foxtail | maturity  | cultivation of pea, toria etc.   |                                       |
|                               | millet)         |   | Preparation for cole crops   |                                       |

#### Normal onset of monsoon

## 2.2 Drought-Normal onset of Monsoon (1<sup>st</sup> week of June) Normal

| Condition  |   |                                  | Suggested Conti  | ngency measures   |   |
|--|---|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Early season drought<br>(delayed onset)                                    | Major Farming situation   | Normal Crop /<br>Cropping system | Crop management  | Agronomic<br>measures   | Remarks on<br>Implementation                          |
| Delay by 2 weeks<br>( 2 <sup>nd</sup> to 3 <sup>rd</sup> week of<br>April) | Gently sloping upland<br>(bundhed and<br>unbundhed) with deep<br>coarse loamy soils | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)<br>Millet     | <ul> <li>Gap filling</li> <li>Weeding to be done</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Application of organic manure, wherever possible</li> <li>Timely plant protection of measures for brown spot, thrips</li> <li>Gap filling</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation<br/>from the available<br/>sources</li> <li>Provide irrigation</li> </ul> | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt.<br>/RKVY/ATMA             |
|  |   | (finger/foxtail<br>millet)       | <ul> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Application of organic manure, wherever possible</li> </ul>  | from the available sources  |   |
|  |   | Off season<br>vegetable crop     | <ul> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation<br/>from the available<br/>sources</li> </ul>                             | Protected<br>cultivation to be<br>promotteed          |
|  |   | Soybean                          | <ul> <li>Soybean Short duration varieties Mulching<br/>with locally available biomass</li> <li>Intercropping with rajma, lobia</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation<br/>from the available<br/>sources</li> </ul>                             | <ul> <li>Application of<br/>organic manure</li> </ul> |
|  |   | Vegetables                       | <ul> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> </ul>  | •   |   |

|   |  | • Gap filling with available seedlings  |   |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| Moderately sloping hills<br>with deep loamy soils | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)                           | <ul> <li>Gap filling</li> <li>Weeding to be done</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Application of organic manure, wherever possible</li> <li>Timely plant protection of measures for brown spot, thrips</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation<br/>from the available<br/>sources</li> </ul>   | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt.<br>/RKVY/ATMA  |
|   | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)         | <ul> <li>Gap filling</li> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Application of organic manure, wherever possible</li> </ul>  | Provide irrigation<br>from the available<br>sources   |  |
|   | Off season<br>vegetable crop                 | <ul> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Gap filling with available seedlings</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation<br/>from the available<br/>sources</li> </ul>   | Protected<br>cultivation to be<br>promoted |
|   | Soybean                                      | <ul> <li>Soybean Short duration varieties</li> <li>Mulching with locally available biomass</li> <li>Intercropping with rajma, lobia</li> </ul>  | Provide irrigation<br>from the available<br>sources   |  |
|   | Vegetable<br>crops (Bottle<br>gourd, Chilli) | <ul> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Gap filling with available seedlings</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation<br/>from the available<br/>sources</li> <li>Prefer<br/>Drip/sprinkler<br/>irrigation</li> </ul> |  |
| <br>Very steep sloping                            | WRC/TRC                                      | <ul> <li>Weeding to be done</li> </ul>  | Provide irrigation  | Schemes from Line                          |

| shallow loamy soils | (Paddy)                              | <ul> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Application of organic manure, wherever possible</li> <li>Timely plant protection of measures for brown and theirs.</li> </ul> | from the available<br>sources   | Deptt.<br>/RKVY/ATMA   |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|
|                     | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul> <li>brown spot, thrips</li> <li>Gap filling</li> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Application of organic manure, wherever possible</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation<br/>from the available<br/>sources</li> </ul> |  |
|                     | Off season<br>vegetable crop         | <ul> <li>Mulching with locally available material</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation<br/>from the available<br/>sources</li> </ul> | Protected<br>cultivation to be<br>promoted<br>Promoted rain<br>water harvesting<br>structure |

| Condition   |   |  | Sug   | gested Contingency measures  |   |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| Mid season drought<br>(long dry spell,<br>consecutive 2 weeks<br>rainless (>2.5<br>mm)period) | Major Farming situation   | Normal Crop<br>/cropping<br>system                         | Crop management   | Soil nutrient & moisture<br>conservation measures  | Remarks on<br>Implementation              |
| Vegetative stage  | Gently sloping<br>upland<br>(bundhed and<br>unbundhed)<br>with deep coarse<br>loamy soils | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)<br>Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul> <li>Weeding to be done</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Timely plant protection of<br/>measures for brown spot, thrips</li> <li>Weeding</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt.<br>/RKVY/ATMA |
|   | Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep loamy<br>soils                                   | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)   | <ul> <li>Weeding to be done</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Timely plant protection of<br/>measures for brown spot, thrips</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul>  | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt.<br>/RKVY/ATMA |

|  | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Very steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soils | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)                   | <ul> <li>Weeding to be done</li> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Timely plant protection of<br/>measures for brown spot, thrips</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> |
|  | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul><li>Weeding</li><li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> |

| Condition   |   |                                      | Sug   | ggested Contingency measures                                      |   |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Mid season drought<br>(long dry spell,<br>consecutive 2 weeks<br>rainless (>2.5<br>mm)period) | Major Farming<br>situation                              | Normal Crop<br>/cropping<br>system   | Crop management   | Soil nutrient & moisture<br>conservation measures                 | Remarks on<br>Implementation              |
| Reproductive stage  | Gently sloping<br>upland<br>(bundhed and<br>unbundhed)  | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)                   | <ul> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Timely plant protection of<br/>measures for gundhi bug,</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt.<br>/RKVY/ATMA |
|   | with deep coarse<br>loamy soils                         | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> |   |
|   | Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep loamy<br>soils | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)                   | <ul> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Timely plant protection of<br/>measures for gundhi bug,</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt.<br>/RKVY/ATMA |
|   |   | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> |   |
|   | Very steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soils            | WRC/TRC<br>(Paddy)                   | <ul> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> <li>Timely plant protection of<br/>measures for gundhi bug</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> |   |

| Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet) | <ul> <li>Foliar application of 1% MOP</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide irrigation from the available sources</li> </ul> |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
|                                      |  |   |  |

| Major Farming                                    |   | Suggested Contingency measures  |   |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| situation  | Normal<br>Crop/cropping<br>system   | Crop management   | Rabi Crop planning  | Remarks on Implementation  |  |  |  |
| Gently sloping<br>upland<br>(bundhed and         | WRC/TRC (Paddy)   | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul>  | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt./RKVY/ATMA  |  |  |  |
| unbundhed)<br>with deep<br>coarse loamy<br>soils | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)  | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
| Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep         | WRC/TRC (Paddy)   | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul>  | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt./RKVY/ATMA  |  |  |  |
| loamy soils                                      | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)  | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
| Very steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soils     | WRC/TRC (Paddy)   | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul>  | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt./RKVY/ATMA  |  |  |  |
|  | Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)  | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Planning for zero tillage<br/>cultivation of pea, toria etc.</li> <li>Preparation for cole crops</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|  | upland<br>(bundhed and<br>unbundhed)<br>with deep<br>coarse loamy<br>soils<br>Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep<br>loamy soils<br>Very steep | Gently sloping<br>upland<br>(bundhed and<br>unbundhed)<br>with deep<br>coarse loamy<br>soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Woderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Very steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Wery steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy) | Gently sloping<br>upland<br>(bundhed and<br>umbundhed)<br>with deep<br>coarse loamy<br>soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Moderately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.WRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.WRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Millet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>millet)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity. | Gently sloping<br>upland<br>(bundhed and<br>umbundhed)<br>with deep<br>coarse loamy<br>soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Planning for zero tillage<br>cultivation of pea, toria etc.<br>Preparation for cole cropsModerately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Planning for zero tillage<br>cultivation of pea, toria etc.<br>Preparation for cole cropsModerately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Planning for zero tillage<br>cultivation of pea, toria etc.<br>Preparation for cole cropsModerately<br>sloping hills<br>with deep<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Planning for zero tillage<br>cultivation of pea, toria etc.<br>Preparation for cole cropsWery steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Planning for zero tillage<br>cultivation of pea, toria etc.<br>Preparation for cole cropsWery steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soilsWRC/TRC (Paddy)Harvest at physiological<br>maturity.Planning for zero tillage<br>cultivation of pea, toria etc.<br>Preparation for cole cropsMillet<br>(finger/foxtail<br>(finger/foxtailHarvest at physiological<br>maturity.Planning for zero tillage<br>cultivation of pea, toria etc.<br>Preparation for cole cropsWery steep<br>sloping shallow<br>loamy soilsMillet<br>(finger/foxtailHarvest at physiological<br>maturity.Planning for zero tillage<br>cultivation of pea, toria etc.<br>Preparation for cole crops |  |  |  |

## 2.1.2 **Drought-irrigated situation** : NA in this district

#### 2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigation situation)

| Condition  |  | Suggested contin   | gency measure  |   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Continuous high<br>rainfall in a short<br>span leading to<br>water logging | Vegetative stage   | Flowering stage  | Crop maturity stage  | Post harvest  |
| paddy  | Drainage of excess water from the field  | Immediate provision of drainage system   | <ul> <li>Drain out excess water</li> <li>Harvest at physiological maturity</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Shifting to a safer place</li> <li>Dry in shade and in well ventilated space</li> </ul>  |
| Maize  | Provide drainage   | Provide drainage   | <ul> <li>Drain out excess water</li> <li>Harvest at physiological maturity</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Shifting to a safer place</li> <li>Dry in shade and in well ventilated space</li> </ul>  |
| Milllet  | Drainage of excess water   | Immediate provision of drainage system   | <ul> <li>Drain out excess water</li> <li>Harvest at physiological maturity</li> </ul>  | Proper drying   |
| Horticulture   |  |  |  |   |
| Orange   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>In steep slopes, prepare half moon terraces to prevent soil erosion and leaching loss</li> <li>If there is physical damage, pruning of damage branches and application of Bordeaux paste should be done to prevent secondary infection.</li> <li>Proper nutrient management to be followed.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Foliar application of<br/>micronutrient/multiplex @<br/>0.2% should be done to<br/>prevent flower drop</li> <li>Control aphids and mealy<br/>bugs etc</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>If there is physical damage, pruning of damage branches and application of Bordeaux paste should be done to prevent secondary infection</li> <li>Harvesting can be delayed upto 60-75 days by spraying pre-harvest chemical i.e. 2-4D at 20ppm + GA at 10ppm + 0.2% Kcl on maturing fruits.</li> <li>Harvesting can be delayed. In citrus even after full maturity, the fruits can be left on the tree for 2-3 weeks without deterioration which facilitates prolong harvesting.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Fruits are to be stored in well aerated farm shed or house to avoid loses.</li> <li>Storing at 8 – 10 0 C with 85 – 90 % RH is preferred.</li> </ul> |

|           |   |   | <ul> <li>While picking, the stem end<br/>should be cut close to the fruit<br/>without damaging the rind.<br/>Hence avoiding fungal<br/>infection.</li> <li>Collect the good fruits and<br/>store them. Damaged fallen<br/>fruits to be disposed off</li> </ul>         |   |
|-----------|---|---|--|---|
| Apple     | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>In steep slopes, prepare half moon terraces to prevent soil erosion and leaching loss</li> <li>If there is physical damage, pruning of damage branches and application of Bordeaux paste should be done to prevent secondary infection</li> <li>Nutrient management to be done</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Half moon terraces to be<br/>done to prevent nutrient loss</li> <li>Pruning of damaged brances<br/>and application of Bordeaux<br/>Paste to be done</li> <li>Nutrient management along<br/>with foliar application<br/>micronutrient to be done</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Spray 2,4,5-T @ 20ppm or<br/>2,4,5-TCPA @ 15ppm to<br/>inhibit fruit drop</li> <li>Collect the good fruits and<br/>store them. Damaged fallen<br/>fruits to be separated and<br/>disposed off</li> <li>Necessary to maintain<br/>adequate drainage</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Stored the fruits for 4-8<br/>months at -1.1 to 0°C and 85-<br/>90 % RH.</li> <li>Spray growth regulators Like<br/>Alar @ 1000 ppm to improve<br/>storability</li> </ul> |
| Pineapple | <ul> <li>Make trenches/furrows in between ridges to facilitate drainage of excess water</li> <li>Remove the excess suckers to maintain the quality of plant</li> <li>Nutrient management to be followed</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Application of Ethephon<br/>2mg in 100-<br/>140mg,Bentoniteor NAA @<br/>25ppm or 2, 4-D @5-10<br/>ppm should be applied for<br/>uniform flower induction.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and fungicide</li> <li>Fruits can be protected with locally available material to protect the mature fruit from unusual rains</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Store fruits in well aerated farm shed or house to avoid loses.</li> <li>Pineapples can be stored at a temperature of 7.5-12°C and RH 70-90% for 4 weeks.</li> </ul>     |
| Kiwifruit | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>In steep slopes, prepare half moon terraces to prevent soil erosion and leaching loss</li> <li>If there is physical damage, pruning of damage branches and application of Bordeaux paste should be done to prevent secondary infection</li> <li>Nutrient management to be done</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Half moon terraces to be<br/>done to prevent nutrient loss</li> <li>Pruning of damaged<br/>branches and application of<br/>Bordeaux Paste to be done</li> <li>Nutrient management along<br/>with foliar application<br/>micronutrient to be done</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Heavy pruning should not<br/>done as the fruit will be<br/>affected by rain</li> <li>Drain out excess water</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Stored the fruits at 0 to 4°C and 80-90 % RH.</li> <li>Spray growth regulators Like Alar @ 1000 ppm to improve storability</li> </ul>                                    |
| Banana    | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be done</li> <li>Propping or staking should be done</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and fungicide</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>done along with application<br/>of micronutrient</li> <li>Propping or staking should<br/>be done</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be done</li> <li>Propping to be done</li> <li>Bagging to be done to protect the bunch from unusual rains.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Store the fruits/ bunch in well aerated farm shed or house to avoid loses.</li> <li>Storing at 10 – 12° C with 70 – 80 % RH</li> </ul>                                   |

| Large cardamom            | <ul> <li>It grows luxuriantly in moist and<br/>humid climate. So continuous rain is<br/>not a problem during its vegetative<br/>growth.</li> <li>Provide adequate drainage</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and<br/>fungicide</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Spraying of insecticides and fungicide</li> <li>Rain during flowering is detrimental. So water logging should be avoided.</li> <li>Proper drainage system should be followed.</li> <li>Shade regulation may be taken up providing 50-60% shade.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Denavelling to be done to<br/>improve the bunch weight<br/>(removal of male bud)</li> <li>Harvesting can be delayed</li> <li>Proper drainage system should<br/>be followed.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Collect and dry the produce<br/>in fuel kiln overnight at 50°-<br/>60°C or in drier for 14-18<br/>hours at 45°-50°C</li> </ul> |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Ginger                    | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage channels to avoid stagnation of water</li> <li>Earthing up to be done at proper soil moisture level</li> <li>Nutrient management to be followed</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent entry of water from surrounding areas.</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and fungicide</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provision of drainage to<br/>remove excess water.</li> <li>Earthing up should be<br/>followed by manuring.</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Dry weather before harvesting<br/>is necessary. So harvesting can<br/>be delayed.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Shifting of the produce to a drier place.</li> <li>Drying to remove excess moisture of produce.</li> </ul>                     |
| Turmeric                  | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage channels to avoid stagnation of water</li> <li>Earthing up to be done at proper soil moisture level</li> <li>Nutrient management to be followed</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent entry of water from surrounding areas.</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and fungicide</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provision of drainage to<br/>remove excess water.</li> <li>Earthing up should be<br/>followed by manuring.</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Dry weather before harvesting<br/>is necessary. So harvesting can<br/>be delayed.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Shifting of the produce to a drier place.</li> <li>Drying to remove excess moisture of produce.</li> </ul>                     |
| Vegetables<br>(cucurbits) | <ul> <li>Provision of drainage to remove excess water.</li> <li>Earthing up to be done at proper soil moisture condition followed by manuring</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent entry of</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Spray maleic hydrazine<br/>(MH) and 2, 4-5 tri-<br/>iodobenzoic acid (TIBA) @<br/>50ppm for Sex expression.<br/>Boron @ 3ppm and calcium<br/>@ 20ppm is also effective.</li> <li>Provision of drainage to</li> </ul>                                       | <ul> <li>Fruits to be harvested<br/>immediately without causing<br/>injury to fruits</li> <li>Remove all damaged fruit</li> <li>Take up appropriate plant<br/>protection measures</li> </ul>    | • The fruits can be stored for 2-<br>3 weeks at 15-20°C and RH<br>75% in a well-ventilated<br>chamber                                   |

| Heavy rainfall with | <ul> <li>water from surrounding areas.</li> <li>Staking should be properly followed.<br/>Rainy season crops can be trained on<br/>a bower made of bamboos and<br/>sticks.</li> <li>high speed winds in a short span</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>remove excess water.</li> <li>Earthing up followed by<br/>manuring</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> <li>Take up proper plant<br/>protection measures</li> </ul>   |   |  |
|---------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Horticulture        |  |   |   |  |
| Orange              | <ul> <li>Earthing up of young plants to avoid uprooting due to wind.</li> <li>Provide proper drainage facilities.</li> <li>Staking to avoid falling off of plants</li> <li>In steep slopes, prepare half moon terraces to prevent soil erosion and leaching loss</li> <li>Pruning of damage branches and application of Bordeaux paste should be done to prevent secondary infection</li> <li>Proper nutrient management to be followed</li> </ul>             | <ul> <li>Wind break around the orchard to protect crop from wind damage</li> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be followed along with foliar spray of micronutrient</li> <li>Pruning of damage branches and application of Bordeaux paste should be done to prevent secondary infection</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Propping heavy bearing tree<br/>and weak tree by bamboo<br/>pole.</li> <li>Harvesting can be delayed<br/>upto 60-75 days by spraying<br/>pre-harvest chemical i.e. 2-4D<br/>at 20ppm + GA at 10ppm +<br/>0.2% Kcl on maturing fruits.</li> <li>Pruning of damage branches<br/>and application of Bordeaux<br/>paste should be done to<br/>prevent secondary infection</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Fruits are to be stored in well aerated farm shed or house to avoid loses.</li> <li>Pack the fruit in perforated polythene bag, boxes, crates, etc. and store at temperature of 10-11°C &amp; 92 % RH.</li> </ul> |
| Apple               | <ul> <li>Earthing up of young plants to avoid uprooting due to wind.</li> <li>Provide proper drainage facilities.</li> <li>Staking to be done to avoid falling off of plants.</li> <li>In steep slopes, prepare half moon terraces to prevent soil erosion and leaching loss</li> <li>Pruning of damage branches and application of Bordeaux paste should be done to prevent secondary infection</li> <li>Proper nutrient management to be followed</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provision of drainage to<br/>remove excess water.</li> <li>Wind break around the<br/>orchard</li> <li>Maintain the half moon<br/>terraces to avoid soil<br/>nutrient loss</li> <li>Proper nutrient management<br/>to be followed along with<br/>foliar application of<br/>micronutrient</li> <li>Prune out all damage<br/>branches with appropriate<br/>plant protection measures</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Harvest ripe fruits</li> <li>Propping heavy bearing tree<br/>and weak tree by bamboo<br/>pole.</li> <li>Use of plant bio-regulators to<br/>delay ripening with<br/>Daminozide or Alar @<br/>1000ppm sprayed before 60<br/>days before harvest.</li> </ul>  | • Store fruits for 4-8 months at<br>-1.1 to 0°C and 85-90 % RH.  |
| Pineapple           | <ul><li>Earthing up plants for better</li></ul>  | <ul> <li>Earthing up to prevent</li> </ul>  | • Fruits can be protected with  | • .Store fruits in well aerated  |

|                | <ul> <li>development and anchorage.</li> <li>Make trenches/furrows in between ridges to facilitate drainage of excess water.</li> <li>Nutrient management to be followed</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>uprooting.</li> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be followed</li> <li>Spray NAA @ 25ppm or 2, 4-D @ 5-10 ppm should be applied for uniform flower induction.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>locally available material to<br/>protect the mature fruit from<br/>unusual rains</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and<br/>fungicide</li> <li>Earthing up plants for better<br/>development and anchorage.</li> <li>Make trenches/furrows in<br/>between ridges to facilitate<br/>drainage of excess water</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>farm shed or house to avoid loses.</li> <li>Pineapples can be stored at a temperature of 7.5-12°C and RH 70-90% for 4 weeks.</li> </ul>        |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|
| Kiwifruit      | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Support the plant using T-Bar system</li> <li>In steep slopes, prepare half moon terraces to prevent soil erosion and leaching loss</li> <li>If there is physical damage, pruning of damage branches and application of Bordeaux paste should be done to prevent secondary infection</li> <li>Nutrient management to be done</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Half moon terraces to be<br/>done to prevent nutrient loss</li> <li>Pruning of damaged<br/>branches and application of<br/>Bordeaux Paste to be done</li> <li>Nutrient management along<br/>with foliar application<br/>micronutrient to be done</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Heavy pruning should not<br/>done as the fruit will be<br/>affected by rain</li> <li>Drain out excess water</li> <li>Maintain the plant using T-Bar<br/>trellis supporting system</li> <li>Nutrient management along<br/>with foliar application<br/>micronutrient to be done</li> </ul>                               | <ul> <li>Stored the fruits at 0 to 4°C and 80-90 % RH.</li> <li>Spray growth regulators Like Alar @ 1000 ppm to improve storability</li> </ul>          |
| Banana         | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be done</li> <li>Propping or staking should be done</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and fungicide</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>done along with application<br/>of micronutrient</li> <li>Propping or staking should<br/>be done</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and<br/>fungicide</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>done</li> <li>Propping to be done</li> <li>Bagging to be done to protect<br/>the bunch from unusual rains.</li> <li>Denavelling to be done to<br/>improve the bunch weight<br/>(removal of male bud)</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Store the fruits/ bunch in well aerated farm shed or house to avoid loses.</li> <li>Storing at 10 – 12° C with 70 – 80 % RH</li> </ul>         |
| Large cardamom | <ul> <li>For newly planted crops, staking<br/>should be provided.</li> <li>Provide adequate drainage</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and<br/>fungicid</li> <li>Follow proper nutrient management</li> <li>Earthing up to be done</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Proper drainage system<br/>should be followed.</li> <li>Follow proper nutrient<br/>management</li> <li>Earthing up to prevent<br/>uprooting.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity stage or can be<br/>delayed</li> <li>Proper drainage system should<br/>be followed</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Collect the harvest and dry<br/>the produce in fuel kiln<br/>overnight at 50°-60°C or in<br/>drier for 14-18 hours at 45°-<br/>50°C</li> </ul> |
| Ginger         | Provide proper drainage channels to<br>avoid stagnation of water  | <ul> <li>Provision of drainage to<br/>remove excess water.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity stage.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Shifting of the produce to a drier place.</li> </ul>   |

|                                      | <ul> <li>Earthing up to be done at proper soil moisture level</li> <li>Nutrient management to be followed</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent entry of water from surrounding areas.</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and fungicide</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Earthing up should be<br/>followed by manuring.</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> </ul>   |  | <ul> <li>Drying to remove excess<br/>moisture of produce<br/>(moisture level 10%)</li> </ul>                        |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Turmeric                             | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage channels to<br/>avoid stagnation of water</li> <li>Earthing up to be done at proper soil<br/>moisture level</li> <li>Nutrient management to be followed</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent entry of<br/>water from surrounding areas.</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and<br/>fungicide</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provision of drainage to<br/>remove excess water.</li> <li>Earthing up should be<br/>followed by manuring.</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Dry weather before harvesting<br/>is necessary. So harvesting can<br/>be delayed.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Shifting of the produce to a drier place.</li> <li>Drying to remove excess moisture of produce.</li> </ul> |
| Vegetables<br>(cucurbits)            | <ul> <li>Provision of drainage to remove<br/>excess water.</li> <li>Earthing up to be followed</li> <li>Ensure proper staking of crop<br/>wherever required</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent entry of<br/>water from surrounding areas.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Spray maleic Hydrazide @<br/>50ppm aqueous solution at<br/>2 and 4 leaf stages to<br/>stimulate vine growth,<br/>giving more female flowers.</li> <li>Provision of drainage to<br/>remove excess water.</li> <li>Wind break around the<br/>orchard to protect crop from<br/>wind damage</li> <li>Earthing up and propping to<br/>prevent uprooting.</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Fruits to be harvested<br/>immediately without causing<br/>injury to fruits</li> <li>Remove all damaged fruit</li> <li>Take up appropriate plant<br/>protection measures</li> </ul> | • The fruits can be stored for 2-<br>3 weeks at 15-20°C and RH<br>75% in a well-ventilated<br>chamber.              |
| Outbreak of pests a<br>Paddy (Blast) | and diseases due to unseasonal rains : N<br>• Use trap crops for prediction of   | • Spraying of Mancozeb @   | <ul> <li>Drain out excess water to</li> </ul>  | Sun drying to prevent   |
|                                      | <ul><li>disease.</li><li>Removal and destruction of weed hosts in the field bunds and channels</li></ul>   | 2g/lt or spraying of<br>Carbendazim @ 1 g/lt.  | avoid flooded conditions.  | spoliage and sprouting of the harvested grains.   |
| Paddy (Brown<br>Spot)                | -Do-   | -Do-   | -Do-   | -Do-  |

| Paddy (Bacterial leaf blight)     | • Destruction of weed hosts.   | <ul> <li>Spraying of streptomycin<br/>and tetracycline.</li> </ul>   | • Drain out excess water to avoid flooded conditions.   | -Do-   |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Paddy (Yellow<br>Stem Borer)      | • Collection and destruction of egg masses.  | • Spraying of Chloropyriphos 20 EC @ 0.02 %.   | • Harvesting at the right stage.  | -Do-   |
| Paddy (Gall<br>Midge)             | <ul> <li>Removal of alternate host plants<br/>including weeds and grasses and<br/>destruction of infected plants.</li> </ul>     | <ul> <li>Providing proper drainage<br/>system.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Harvesting at the right stage.</li> </ul>  | -Do-   |
| Maize (Stalk rot)                 | • Removal of accumulated water around the stalks by proper drainage.   | <ul> <li>Rouging of affected plant<br/>and its destruction.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Spraying of streptocycline @<br/>0.020 %.</li> </ul>                                       | <ul> <li>Sun drying of the harvested<br/>cob to prevent spoilage.</li> </ul> |
| Horticulture                      |  |  |   |  |
| Orange (Citrus<br>Leaf miner)     | <ul> <li>Spraying of Fenvalerate and<br/>Cypermethrin for controlling leaf<br/>minor.</li> </ul>                                 | <ul> <li>Spraying of Fenvalerate and<br/>Cypermethrin for<br/>controlling leaf minor.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Harvesting at the right stage<br/>and proper handling of the<br/>produce.</li> </ul>       | • Store in cool place in crates, boxes etc                                   |
| Orange (Citrus<br>butterfly)      | <ul> <li>Hand picking of caterpillars and<br/>pupae in the nursery.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Spraying of Neem<br/>formulation to control citrus<br/>butterly.</li> </ul>   | Do  | • Store in cool place in crates, boxes etc                                   |
| Orange (Powdery mildew in citrus) | <ul> <li>Spraying of wettablesulpher and<br/>carbendizim to control powdery<br/>mildews.</li> </ul>                              | <ul> <li>Spraying of<br/>wettablesulpher, bavistin<br/>(0.1 %) and calixin (0.1 %).</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Spraying of wettablesulpher<br/>and carbendizim to control<br/>powdery mildews.</li> </ul> | • Store in cool place in crates, boxes etc.                                  |
| Tomato                            | <ul> <li>Removal of accumulated water by proper drainage.</li> <li>Destroy the heavily infested/infected plant parts.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Spraying of Sulfex @ 2 g/lt<br/>of water.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Harvesting at the right stage<br/>and proper handling.</li> </ul>                          | <ul> <li>Store in cool/dry place<br/>packed in crates, boxes etc.</li> </ul> |
| Brinjal                           | <ul> <li>Removal of accumulated water by proper drainage.</li> <li>Destroy the heavily infested/infected plant parts.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Spraying of Sulfex @ 2 g/lt of water.</li> <li>Soil dranching with captan/Tiram @ 2/lt of water</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Harvesting at the right stage<br/>and proper handling of the<br/>produce.</li> </ul>       | <ul> <li>Store in cool/dry place<br/>packed in crates, boxes etc.</li> </ul> |
| Cabbage                           | <ul> <li>Removal of accumulated water by proper drainage.</li> <li>Destroy the badly infested/infected plant parts.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Spraying of Sulfex @ 2 g/lt<br/>of water.</li> <li>Soil dranching with<br/>captan/Tiram. @ 2/lt of<br/>water</li> <li>Streptocycline spray</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Harvesting at the right stage<br/>and proper handling of the<br/>produce.</li> </ul>       | • Store in cool/dry place  |
| Cucurbits                         | <ul> <li>Manual collection &amp; destruction of eggs/grubs/larvae.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Spraying of carbaryl<br/>against leaf eating<br/>caterpillars, Metalaxyl<br/>against Powdery mildew,<br/>Carbendazim against leaf</li> </ul>          | <ul> <li>Spraying of Malathion<br/>against fruit fly.</li> </ul>                                    | • Store in cool/dry place  |

|                   |   | spot & blight   |   |  |
|-------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Large Cardamom    | <ul> <li>Proper drainage.</li> <li>Uprooting and destruction of Chirke<br/>and Foorkey infected cardamom<br/>plants.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Removal of affected plant<br/>from the field.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Harvesting at the right stage<br/>and proper handling of the<br/>produce.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Quick drying of harvested<br/>capsule.</li> </ul> |
| Ginger (Soft rot) | <ul> <li>Removal of accumulated water in<br/>the field by proper drainage.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Removal and destruction of affected plants.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Spraying with Blitox – 50 (3 g/lt) or Dithane – Z-78 (2.5 g / lt).</li> </ul>        | <ul> <li>Store in cool/dry place</li> </ul>                |

#### 2.3 Floods

| Condition                                      | Suggested contingency measure   |   |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| Transient water logging/<br>partial inundation | Seedling / nursery stage  | Vegetative stage  | Reproductive stage  | At harvest  |  |
| Rice   | <ul> <li>Drainage of the Nursery<br/>bed.</li> <li>Re -sowing if not possible</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Drainage of excess water.</li> <li>Gap filling In partially damaged field by redistributing the tillers.</li> <li>Management of pests &amp; diseases</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Drainage of excess water.<br/>If flood comes during<br/>reproductive stage,<br/>emphasis should be given<br/>on forthcoming rabi crops.</li> <li>Utilization of residual soil<br/>moisture and use of<br/>recharged soil profile for<br/>growing pulses</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Drainage of excess water.<br/>If flood comes during<br/>reproductive stage,<br/>emphasis should be given<br/>on forthcoming rabi crops.</li> <li>Utilization of residual soil<br/>moisture and use of<br/>recharged soil profile for<br/>growing pulses</li> </ul> |  |
| Horticulture/Plantation<br>crops               |   |   |   |   |  |
| Banana   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>done</li> <li>Propping or staking should<br/>be done</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides<br/>and fungicide</li> </ul>                 | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to be done</li> <li>Propping or staking should be done</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides and fungicide</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage</li> <li>Nutrient management to<br/>be done</li> <li>Propping to be done</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Store the fruits/ bunch in well aerated farm shed or house to avoid loses.</li> <li>Storing at 10 – 12° C with 70 – 80 % RH</li> </ul>   |  |
| Ginger   | <ul> <li>Provide proper drainage<br/>channels to avoid<br/>stagnation of water</li> <li>Earthing up to be done at<br/>proper soil moisture level</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>followed</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provision of drainage to remove excess water.</li> <li>Earthing up should be followed by manuring.</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent entry of water from surrounding areas.</li> <li>Application of fungicide and</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity stage or can delay<br/>harvesting</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Shifting of the produce to<br/>drier place.</li> </ul>   |  |

| Turmeric  | <ul> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides<br/>and fungicide</li> <li>Provide proper drainage<br/>channels to avoid<br/>stagnation of water</li> <li>Earthing up to be done at<br/>proper soil moisture level</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>followed</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> <li>Spraying of insecticides<br/>and fungicide</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>insecticides</li> <li>Provision of drainage to remove excess water.</li> <li>Earthing up should be followed by manuring.</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent entry of water from surrounding areas.</li> <li>Application of fungicide and insecticides</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Harvest at physiological<br/>maturity stage or can delay<br/>harvesting</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Shifting of the produce to drier place</li> </ul>                                 |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Vegetables (cucurbits)                                      | <ul> <li>Proper drainage of<br/>the nursery bed, If not possible<br/>go for re-sowing.</li> <li>Raised bed method<br/>should be followed in the<br/>nursery.</li> <li>Earthing up to be followed</li> <li>Ensure proper staking of<br/>crop wherever required</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from<br/>surrounding areas.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Proper drainage of the<br/>nursery bed, If not possible go for<br/>re-sowing.</li> <li>Earthing up to be followed</li> <li>Ensure proper staking of crop<br/>wherever required</li> <li>Field bunding to prevent<br/>entry of water from surrounding<br/>areas.</li> <li>Follow appropriate<br/>nutrient management practices</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Drainage of excess water. If<br/>flood comes during<br/>reproductive stage,<br/>emphasis should be given<br/>on forthcoming rabi crops</li> <li>Growing of cole crops or<br/>winter vegetables after<br/>receding flood water and<br/>adoption of integrated<br/>farming system to obtain<br/>more income and to<br/>compensate the loss during<br/>kharif vegetables.</li> </ul> | Shifting of the produce to<br>drier place and store fruits in<br>a well-ventilated chamber |
| Continuous submergence<br>for more than 2 days <sup>2</sup> |   |   |  |  |
| Crop1   | NA  | NA  | NA   | NA   |
| Horticulture / Plantation<br>crops                          |   |   |  |  |
| Crop1 (specify)   | NA  | NA  | NA   | NA   |
| Sea water intrusion <sup>3</sup>                            |   |   |  |  |
| Crop1   | NA  | NA  | NA   | NA   |

| Extreme event type     | Suggested contingency measure <sup>r</sup>  |  |  |            |  |
|------------------------|---|--|--|------------|--|
|                        | Seedling / nursery stage  | Vegetative stage   | Reproductive stage   | At harvest |  |
| Horticulture           |   |  |  |            |  |
| Heat Wave <sup>p</sup> |   |  |  |            |  |
| Orange                 | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Apple                  | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Pineapple              | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Kiwifruit              | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Banana                 | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Large Cardamom         | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Ginger                 | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Turmeric               | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Horticulture           |   |  |  |            |  |
| Cold wave <sup>q</sup> |   |  |  |            |  |
| Orange                 | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Apple                  | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Pineapple              | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Kiwifruit              | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Banana                 | <ul> <li>Protect the plant by construction of wind brakes made of shade net.</li> <li>Maintain the seedling in polyhouse</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Protect the plant by<br/>construction of wind<br/>brakes made of shade<br/>net</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Protect the plant by construction of wind brakes made of shade net</li> <li>Protect the bunch by bagging with polyethylene bag or jute bag</li> </ul> | NA         |  |
| Large Cardamom         | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Ginger                 | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Turmeric               | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Horticulture           |   |  |  |            |  |
| Frost                  |   |  |  |            |  |
| Orange                 | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |
| Apple                  | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA         |  |

2.4 Extreme events: Heat wave / Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone: Not Applicable

| Pineapple      | NA  | NA  | NA  | NA                                      |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|
| Kiwifruit      | NA  | NA  | NA  | NA                                      |
| Banana         | <ul> <li>Protect the plant by construction of wind brakes made of shade net.</li> <li>Maintain the seedling in polyhouse</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Protect the plant by<br/>construction of wind<br/>brakes made of shade<br/>net</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Protect the plant by construction of wind brakes made of shade net</li> <li>Protect the bunch by bagging with polyethylene bag or jute bag</li> </ul>  | NA                                      |
| Large Cardamom | NA  | NA  | NA  | NA                                      |
| Ginger         | NA  | NA  | NA  | NA                                      |
| Turmeric       | NA  | NA  | NA  | NA                                      |
| Horticulture   |   |   |   |   |
| Hailstorm      |   |   |   |   |
| Orange         | <ul> <li>Nursery raising under polyhouse.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Pruning of damage branches<br/>and application of Bordeaux<br/>paste should be done to prevent<br/>secondary infection</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>followed along with foliar<br/>spray of micronutrient</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Pruning of damage branches<br/>and application of Bordeaux<br/>paste should be done to prevent<br/>secondary infection</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>followed along with foliar<br/>spray of micronutrient</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Harvest ripe fruit</li> </ul>  |
| Apple          | <ul> <li>Nursery raising under polyhouse.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Pruning of damage branches<br/>and application of Bordeaux<br/>paste should be done to prevent<br/>secondary infection</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>followed along with foliar<br/>spray of micronutrient</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Pruning of damage branches<br/>and application of Bordeaux<br/>paste should be done to prevent<br/>secondary infection</li> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>followed along with foliar<br/>spray of micronutrient</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Harvest ripe fruit</li> </ul>  |
| Pineapple      | NA  | • Shade regulation may be followed  | NA  | • Harvest and value addition            |
| Kiwifruit      | <ul> <li>Nursery raising<br/>under polyhouse</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>followed along with foliar<br/>spray of micronutrient</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Nutrient management to be<br/>followed along with foliar<br/>spray of micronutrient</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Harvest ripe fruits</li> </ul> |
| Banana         | <ul> <li>Nursery raising<br/>under polyhouse</li> </ul>   | • Follow nutrient management  | <ul> <li>Bagging the fruit bunch<br/>with polyethylene bag</li> </ul>   | • Harvest the mature bunch              |

|  |   |  | or jute bag  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Large Cardamom                           | <ul> <li>Nursery raising under polyhouse.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Shade regulation may be<br/>followed by planting trees<br/>providing 50-60% shade. Ultis<br/>cum large cardamom plantation<br/>is highly recommended</li> </ul> | NA   | NA   |
| Ginger                                   | <ul> <li>Nursery raising under<br/>polyhouse.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Shade regulation may be followed</li> </ul>   | NA   | NA   |
| Turmeric                                 | •   | •  |  |  |
| Vegetables (cucurbits)                   | <ul> <li>Nursery raising under<br/>polyhouse.</li> <li>Provide shade to protect<br/>from damage or resowing<br/>of the crops</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Polyhouse cultivation &amp; proper<br/>irrigation</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Polyhouse cultivation &amp; proper<br/>irrigation</li> <li>Proper crop management for<br/>the succeeding years</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Picking of fruits at right<br/>edible stage depends upon<br/>individual varieties and<br/>marketing requirements.</li> <li>Fruits are harvested,<br/>packed in baskets and<br/>transported to markets.</li> </ul> |
| Horticulture                             |   |  |  | <u> </u>   |
| Cyclone                                  | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Orange                                   | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Apple                                    | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Pineapple                                | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Kiwifruit                                | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Banana                                   | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Large Cardamom                           | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Ginger                                   | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Turmeric                                 | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Sand deposition or<br>heavy siltation    |   |  |  |  |
| Specify crop<br>/horticulture/plantation | NA  | NA   | NA   | NA   |

2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries

2.5.1 Livestock

| Suggested contingency measures |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
|--------------------------------|--|

|                                 | Before the event <sup>s</sup>   | During the event   | After the event   |
|---------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Drought                         |   |  |   |
| Feed and fodder<br>availability | <ul> <li>Advance early warning system through Agromet advisories.</li> <li>Awareness on fodder cultivation &amp; identification of locally available, natural fodder of area.</li> <li>Excess fodder may be stored as hay/silage or converted into feed block in the flush season, for lean period.</li> <li>Stacking of paddy straws.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Use of unconventional feed/fodders resources.</li> <li>Grazing in the peri peri of forest areas.</li> <li>Feeding according to body weight requirement</li> <li>Improvement of the poor quality roughages (urea treatment, soaking, poultry litter(&gt; 37%).</li> <li>Use of feed additives to improve digestibility.</li> <li>use of stored Hay and Silage</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Avail the benefits of schemes under<br/>drought, from state or central for feeds and<br/>fodder.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of livestock to<br/>regain the general physiological imbalanced.</li> <li>Proper irrigation of fodder plot and<br/>cultivation of leguminous fodders to meet<br/>the demand of green fodders</li> </ul>  |
| Drinking water                  | <ul> <li>Construction of water harvesting structures.</li> <li>Harvesting rain water &amp; water from natural source</li> <li>Developing watershed areas.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Use of stored water from water harvesting structure.</li> <li>Fetching water from watershed areas and natural stream/river.</li> <li>Avail subsidy water supply through tankers from sate or central Govt.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Submitting a memorandum to sate or central<br/>Govt. regarding amount of water shortfall<br/>during drought and action to be initiate<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Construction of permanent water harvesting<br/>structure with a planning to fulfill the water<br/>requirement during drought.</li> </ul>   |
| Health and disease management   | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> <li>Proper ventilation system of Housing to reduce heat stress.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>selective culling of disease animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to sate or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to Drought and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> <li>Mini vaccine unit could be establish for covering a perimeter 30-50 km.</li> </ul> |
| Floods                          |   |  |   |
| Feed and fodder<br>availability | <ul> <li>Advance early warning system<br/>through Agromet advisories.</li> <li>Awareness on fodder cultivation &amp;<br/>identification of locally available,</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Avoid feeding of damp feeds and fodders</li> <li>Storage of feeds and fodder in high raised platform.</li> <li>Use of unconventional feed/fodders</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Submitting a reports, damage caused by flood to feed and standing fodder</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of livestock to regain the general physiological imbalanced.</li> </ul>  |

|                                  | <ul> <li>natural fodder of the area.</li> <li>Excess fodder may be stored as hay/silage or converted into feed block in the flush season, for lean period.</li> <li>Stacking of paddy straws.</li> <li>Installation of feed block machines and creating feed/fodder block banks to be used in emergency.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>resources (water hyacinth)</li> <li>Shifting of livestock to high raised areas.</li> <li>Use of feed additives to improve digestibility.</li> <li>Provision of UMB etc.</li> <li>Use of stored Hay and Silage</li> </ul>            | <ul> <li>Proper irrigation of folder plot and cultivation of leguminous fodders to meet the demand of green fodders.</li> <li>Avail the benefits of schemes under flood, from state or central for feeds and fodder.</li> </ul>  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Drinking water                   | <ul> <li>Storage of safe drinking water in community tanks / water harvesting structures which is not prone to seepage of flood water.</li> <li>Installation of large sized sand filters with charcoal.</li> <li>Tying up with PHED Deptt. of neighboring district to supply water at needy time.</li> <li>Creating awareness amongst public how to conserve water and judiciously use in flood situation.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Chlorination of the drinking water and use of sand filter</li> <li>Incorporation of aquatic plants in feeds as a supplementary source of water</li> <li>If possible supply of fresh drinking water from nearby district.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Cleaning of water storage tanks, canals and drainage system.</li> <li>Cleaning and disinfection of water source with suitable water purifying agent, available in the area as per the recommended dose.</li> <li>Relief for damaged tanks and community pipe line for reconstruction.</li> <li>Avoid shallow source of water</li> </ul>   |
| Health and disease<br>management | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Vaccination of FMD, BQ and HS.</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> <li>Construction of shelters in high raised areas.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> </ul>                                       | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>selective culling of animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to flood and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |
| Cyclone                          | NA   | NA   | NA   |
| Feed and fodder<br>availability  | • Advance early warning system through Agromet advisories.   | <ul><li>Avoid feeding grazing in open field</li><li>Animal should be confined in well</li></ul>  | • Submitting a reports, damage caused by cyclone of standing fodder  |

|                                  | <ul> <li>Proper storage of feeds and fodder<br/>in well constructed house</li> <li>Planting of trees as a wind break in<br/>farm area</li> <li>Excess fodder may be stored as<br/>hay/silage or converted into feed<br/>block in the flush season, for lean<br/>period.</li> <li>Stacking of paddy straws.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>construct house.</li> <li>Use of feed additives to improve digestibility.</li> <li>Provision of UMB etc.</li> <li>Use of stored Hay and Silage</li> </ul>  | • Avail the benefits of schemes under flood, from state or central for feeds and fodder.   |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Drinking water                   | <ul> <li>Advance early warning system<br/>through Agromet advisories for<br/>preparedness to combat the<br/>situation.</li> <li>Storage of safe drinking water in<br/>community tanks / water harvesting<br/>structures</li> <li>Creating awareness amongst public<br/>how to conserve water and<br/>judiciously use in flood situation.</li> <li>Tying up with PHED Deptt. of<br/>neighboring district to supply water<br/>at needy time.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Chlorination of the drinking water and<br/>use of sand filter</li> <li>Provide fresh potable water</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Cleaning of water storage tanks, canals and drainage system.</li> <li>Cleaning and disinfection of water source with suitable water purifying agent, available in the area as per the recommended dose.</li> <li>Relief for damaged tanks and community pipe line for reconstruction.</li> <li>Avoid shallow source of water</li> </ul>   |
| Health and disease<br>management | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to flood and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |
| Heat wave                        |  |   |  |

| Cattle  |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Shelter/environment<br>management<br>Health and disease<br>management | <ul> <li>through Agromet advisories for preparedness to combat the situation.</li> <li>Good shelter with well ventilation and bedding materials</li> <li>Construction of shelters in wind shed areas.</li> <li>Increase the concentrate feed amount and reduce the roughage diet.</li> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Advance early warning system through Agromet advisories for</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to heat wave</li> <li>reduce upto 20% of the ration</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Avoid movement of animal</li> <li>Sprinkling of water during the extreme heat to the animal</li> <li>Breeding should be done in morning hours.</li> <li>Life saving treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Analysis of the present experience and remodeling of housing structure.</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>preparedness to combat the situation.</li> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming and vaccination</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>mineral to improve general body health.</li> <li>Oral supplementation of electrolyte and medicines</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>accordingly.</li> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>Selective culling of animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to cold wave and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |
| Mithun  |   |   | <u>.</u>   |
| Shelter/environment<br>management                                     | <ul> <li>Advance early warning system<br/>through Agromet advisories for<br/>preparedness to combat the<br/>situation.</li> <li>Good shelter with well ventilation<br/>and bedding materials</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to heat wave</li> <li>reduce upto 20% of the ration</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Avoid movement of animal</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Analysis of the present experience and remodeling of housing structure.</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> </ul>  |

|                                   | <ul> <li>Construction of shelters in wind shed areas.</li> <li>Increase the concentrate feed amount and reduce the roughage diet.</li> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Sprinkling of water during the extreme heat to the animal</li> <li>Breeding should be done in morning hours.</li> </ul>  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Health and disease<br>management  | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to flood and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |
| Goat/Sheep                        |  | •   | •  |
| Shelter/environment<br>management | <ul> <li>Advance early warning system through Agromet advisories for preparedness to combat the situation.</li> <li>Good shelter with well ventilation and bedding materials</li> <li>Construction of shelters in wind shed areas.</li> <li>Increase the concentrate feed amount and reduce the roughage diet.</li> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to heat wave</li> <li>reduce upto 20% of the ration</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Avoid movement of animal</li> <li>Sprinkling of water during the extreme heat to the animal</li> <li>Breeding should be done in morning hours.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Analysis of the present experience and remodeling of housing structure.</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> </ul>  |
| Health and disease management     | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and mineral to improve general body health.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> </ul>   |

| Pig                               | <ul> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow<br/>the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts<br/>from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication<br/>and transportation facilities in every<br/>dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul>  |   | <ul> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or<br/>central Govt. regarding the loss of animal<br/>due to flood and remedies to be taken<br/>accordingly for future.</li> </ul>   |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Shelter/environment<br>management | through Agromet advisories for<br>preparedness to combat the<br>situation.   | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to heat wave</li> <li>reduce upto 20% of the ration</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Avoid movement of animal</li> <li>Sprinkling of water during the extreme heat to the animal</li> <li>Breeding should be done in morning hours.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Analysis of the present experience and remodeling of housing structure.</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> </ul>  |
| Health and disease<br>management  | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to flood and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |
| Cold wave                         |  |   |  |
| Cattle                            | _  |   |  |
| Shelter/environment<br>management | <ul> <li>Good shelter with well ventilation<br/>and bedding materials</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to cold wave</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Analysis of the present experience and<br/>remodeling of housing structure.</li> </ul>  |

|                                   | <ul> <li>Construction of shelters in wind shed areas.</li> <li>Feed balance ration to withstand the cold wave prior to occurrence.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>provide extra bedding materials</li> <li>feed extra ration along with mineral and vitamin supplements to withstand cold wave</li> </ul>   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Health and disease<br>management  | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>selective culling of animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to cold wave and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul>               |
| Mithun                            |  |  |  |
| Shelter/environment<br>management | <ul> <li>Good shelter with well ventilation<br/>and bedding materials</li> <li>Construction of shelters in wind<br/>shed areas.</li> <li>Feed balance ration to withstand the<br/>cold wave prior to occurrence.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to cold wave</li> <li>provide extra bedding materials</li> <li>feed extra ration along with mineral and vitamin supplements to withstand cold wave</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Analysis of the present experience and<br/>remodeling of housing structure.</li> </ul>  |
| Health and disease<br>management  | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>1. Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>2. Supplementary feeding of vitamin and mineral to improve general body health.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>1. Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>2. Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>3. Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>4.selective culling of animal</li> <li>5. Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to cold wave and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |
| Pig                               |  |  |  |

| Shelter/environment<br>management | <ul> <li>Good shelter with well ventilation<br/>and bedding materials</li> <li>Construction of shelters in wind<br/>shed areas.</li> <li>Feed balance ration to withstand the<br/>cold wave prior to occurrence.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to cold wave</li> <li>provide extra bedding materials</li> <li>feed extra ration along with mineral and vitamin supplements to withstand cold wave</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Analysis of the present experience and<br/>remodeling of housing structure.</li> </ul>  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Health and disease<br>management  | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>Selective culling of animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to cold wave and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |
| Goat/Sheep                        |  |  |  |
| Shelter/environment<br>management | <ul> <li>Good shelter with well ventilation<br/>and bedding materials</li> <li>Construction of shelters in wind<br/>shed areas.</li> <li>Feed balance ration to withstand the<br/>cold wave prior to occurrence.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to cold wave</li> <li>provide extra bedding materials</li> <li>feed extra ration along with mineral and vitamin supplements to withstand cold wave</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Analysis of the present experience and<br/>remodeling of housing structure.</li> </ul>  |
| Health and disease<br>management  | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>Selective culling of animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to cold wave and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |

|            | dispensary / clinic for consultations.   |  |   |
|------------|--|--|---|
| Snowfall   | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>selective culling of animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to cold wave and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul>  |
| Earthquake | NA   | NA   | NA  |
| Landslides | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available communication and transportation facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and<br/>symptomatically prompt treatment<br/>accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and<br/>mineral to improve general body health.</li> <li>immediate rescue operation</li> <li>Shifting of livestock to safe areas.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>selective culling of animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to landslides and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |

<sup>s</sup> based on forewarning wherever available

## 2.5.2 Poultry

|                              |                  |                               |  | Convergence/linkages with ongoing programs, if any |
|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
|                              | Before the event | During the event              | After the event                                |  |
| Drought                      |                  |                               |  |  |
| Shortage of feed ingredients | poultry feed     | • Use of feeds from the local | • Availing subsidiary schemes from line deptt. | Schemes from Line<br>Deptt./RKVY/ATMA              |

|                                  | <ul> <li>Installation of feed mixing<br/>plant</li> </ul>  | Don'ts from experts.   |   |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Drinking water                   | <ul> <li>harvesting structures.</li> <li>Harvesting rain water &amp; water<br/>from natural source</li> <li>Developing watershed areas.</li> </ul>     | <ul> <li>Provision of potable water</li> <li>Use of stored water from water<br/>harvesting structure.</li> <li>Fetching water from watershed<br/>areas and natural stream/river.</li> <li>Avail subsidy water supply<br/>through tankers from sate or<br/>central Govt.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Submitting a memorandum to sate or central Govt. regarding amount of water shortfall during drought and action to be initiate accordingly.</li> <li>Construction of permanent water harvesting structure with a planning to fulfill the water requirement during drought.</li> </ul> |  |
| Health and disease<br>management | <ul> <li>vaccination against viral disease.</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> </ul>                     | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and mineral to reduce heat stress</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> </ul>     | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health<br/>camp and symptomatically<br/>prompt treatment accordingly.</li> </ul>  |  |
| Floods                           |  |  |   |  |
| Shortage of feed<br>ingredients  | <ul> <li>poultry feed</li> <li>Procurement of feed ingredients in bulk and store in raise floor.</li> <li>Installation of feed mixing plant</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Use of feeds from the local resources</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Availing insurance for the crop<br/>loss.</li> <li>Availing subsidiary schemes<br/>from line deptt.</li> </ul>   |  |
| Drinking water                   | <ul> <li>Storage of safe drinking water<br/>in community tanks / water<br/>harvesting structures which is</li> </ul>                                   | <ul><li>Chlorination of the drinking water and use of sand filter</li><li>Supply of fresh drinking water</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>Cleaning of water storage tanks</li> <li>Relief for damaged tanks and community pipe line for</li> </ul>   |  |

| Health and disease<br>management  | <ul> <li>not prone to seepage of flood water.</li> <li>Installation of large sized sand filters with charcoal.</li> <li>Tying up with PHED Deptt. of neighboring district to supply water at needy time.</li> <li>Creating awareness amongst public how to conserve water and judiciously use in flood situation.</li> <li>Regular deworming and vaccination against viral disease.</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary medicines, vitamin and mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and identifying key man in each village to combat the situation if arise.</li> <li>Providing available communication facilities in every dispensary / clinic for consultations.</li> <li>Proper ventilation system of Housing to reduce heat stress.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>from nearby district.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of vitamin and mineral to reduce heat stress</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to follow the instruction of Do &amp; Don'ts from experts.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>reconstruction.</li> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>selective culling of bird</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to sate or central Govt. regarding the loss of poultry due to Drought and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |    |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|----|
| Cyclone                           |   |   |  |    |
| Shortage of feed ingredients      |   | NA  | NA   | NA |
| Drinking water                    | NA  | NA  | NA   | NA |
| Health and disease management     | NA  | NA  | NA   | NA |
| Heat wave                         |   |   |  |    |
| Shelter/environment<br>management | • Advance early warning system<br>through Agromet advisories<br>for preparedness to combat the<br>situation.  | <ul> <li>Confine the animal in protected<br/>shelter</li> <li>prevent them direct expose to<br/>heat wave</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Analysis of the present<br/>experience and remodeling of<br/>housing structure.</li> </ul>  |    |

|                                   | <ul><li>ventilation and bedding materials</li><li>Construction of shelters in wind shed areas.</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>reduce upto 20% of the ration</li> <li>provide nutretical</li> <li>Adlib provision of potable water</li> <li>Avoid movement of animal</li> <li>Misting of water during the extreme heat to the animal</li> </ul>                                   | <ul> <li>provide nutretical</li> </ul>   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Health and disease<br>management  | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm<br/>load</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary<br/>medicines, vitamin and<br/>mineral supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and<br/>identifying key man in each<br/>village to combat the situation<br/>if arise.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to<br/>follow the instruction of Do &amp;<br/>Don'ts from experts.</li> <li>Providing available<br/>communication and<br/>transportation facilities in<br/>every dispensary / clinic for<br/>consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health<br/>camp and symptomatically<br/>prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of<br/>vitamin and mineral to improve<br/>general body health.</li> <li>selective culling of injured<br/>animal</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing animals.</li> <li>selective culling of injured animal</li> <li>Mass awareness cum Health camp and symptomatically prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and surrounding areas.</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to state or central Govt. regarding the loss of animal due to flood and remedies to be taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> |  |
| Cold wave                         |  |   |  |  |
| Shelter/environment<br>management | <ul> <li>Good shelter with well ventilation and bedding materials</li> <li>Construction of shelters in wind shed areas.</li> <li>Feed balance ration to withstand the cold wave prior to occurrence.</li> </ul>  | <ul><li> prove extra light to keep them warm</li><li> prevent them direct expose to cold wave</li></ul>   | Analysis of the present experience<br>and remodeling of housing<br>structure.  |  |

|                    |  | • Regular radio/TV telecast to                |  |    |
|--------------------|--|---|--|----|
|                    |  | follow the instruction of Do &                |  |    |
|                    |  | Don'ts from experts.                          |  |    |
| Health and disease | Ensure livestock insurance                   | • Mass awareness cum Health                   | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health</li> </ul>    |    |
| management         | • Deworming to reduce worm                   | camp and symptomatically                      | camp and symptomatically                         |    |
|                    | load and vaccination to protect              | prompt treatment accordingly.                 | prompt treatment accordingly.                    |    |
|                    | viral disease                                |   | Immediate attention to the ailing                |    |
|                    | • Stocking of veterinary                     | vitamin and mineral to improve                | animals.   |    |
|                    | medicines, vitamin and mineral               | general body health.                          | <ul> <li>Sanitization of the shed and</li> </ul> |    |
|                    | supplements.                                 | Regular radio/TV telecast to                  | surrounding areas.                               |    |
|                    | • Training of paravets and                   | follow the instruction of Do &                | <ul> <li>selective culling of animal</li> </ul>  |    |
|                    | identifying key man in each                  | Don'ts from experts.                          | • Submitting a memorandum to                     |    |
|                    | village to combat the situation              |   | state or central Govt. regarding                 |    |
|                    | if arise.                                    |   | the loss of animal due to cold                   |    |
|                    | <ul> <li>Providing available</li> </ul>      |   | wave and remedies to be taken                    |    |
|                    | communication and                            |   | accordingly for future.                          |    |
|                    | transportation facilities in                 |   |  |    |
|                    | every dispensary / clinic for                |   |  |    |
|                    | consultations.                               |   |  |    |
| Snowfall           | <ul> <li>Deworming to reduce worm</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health</li> </ul>    |    |
|                    | load and vaccination to protect              | camp and symptomatically                      | camp and symptomatically                         |    |
|                    | against viral disease                        | prompt treatment accordingly.                 | prompt treatment accordingly.                    |    |
|                    | Stocking of veterinary                       | <ul> <li>Supplementary feeding of</li> </ul>  | Immediate attention to the ailing                |    |
|                    | medicines, vitamin and mineral               | vitamin and mineral to improve                | animals.   |    |
|                    | supplements.                                 | general body health.                          | <ul> <li>Sanitization of the shed and</li> </ul> |    |
|                    | Training of paravets and                     | Regular radio/TV telecast to                  | surrounding areas.                               |    |
|                    | identifying key man in each                  | follow the instruction of Do &                | <ul> <li>selective culling of animal</li> </ul>  | NA |
|                    | village to combat the situation              | Don'ts from experts                           | <ul> <li>Submitting a memorandum to</li> </ul>   |    |
|                    | if arise.                                    |   | state or central Govt. regarding                 |    |
|                    | Providing available                          |   | the loss of animal due to snow                   |    |
|                    | communication and                            |   | fall and remedies to be taken                    |    |
|                    | transportation facilities in                 |   | accordingly for future.                          |    |
|                    | every dispensary / clinic for                |   |  |    |
|                    | consultations.                               |   |  |    |

| Earthquake,<br>Landslides etc | <ul> <li>Ensure livestock insurance</li> <li>Deworming to reduce worm<br/>load and vaccination to protect<br/>against viral disease</li> <li>Stocking of veterinary<br/>medicines, vitamin and mineral<br/>supplements.</li> <li>Training of paravets and<br/>identifying key man in each<br/>village to combat the situation<br/>if arise.</li> <li>Providing available<br/>communication and<br/>transportation facilities in<br/>every dispensary / clinic for<br/>consultations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health<br/>camp and symptomatically<br/>prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Supplementary feeding of<br/>vitamin and mineral to improve<br/>general body health.</li> <li>immediate rescue operation</li> <li>Shifting of livestock to safe<br/>areas.</li> <li>Regular radio/TV telecast to<br/>follow the instruction of Do &amp;<br/>Don'ts from experts</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mass awareness cum Health<br/>camp and symptomatically<br/>prompt treatment accordingly.</li> <li>Immediate attention to the ailing<br/>animals.</li> <li>Sanitization of the shed and<br/>surrounding areas.</li> <li>selective culling of animal</li> <li>Submitting a memorandum to<br/>state or central Govt. regarding<br/>the loss of animal due to<br/>landslides and remedies to be<br/>taken accordingly for future.</li> </ul> | NA |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|----|
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|----|