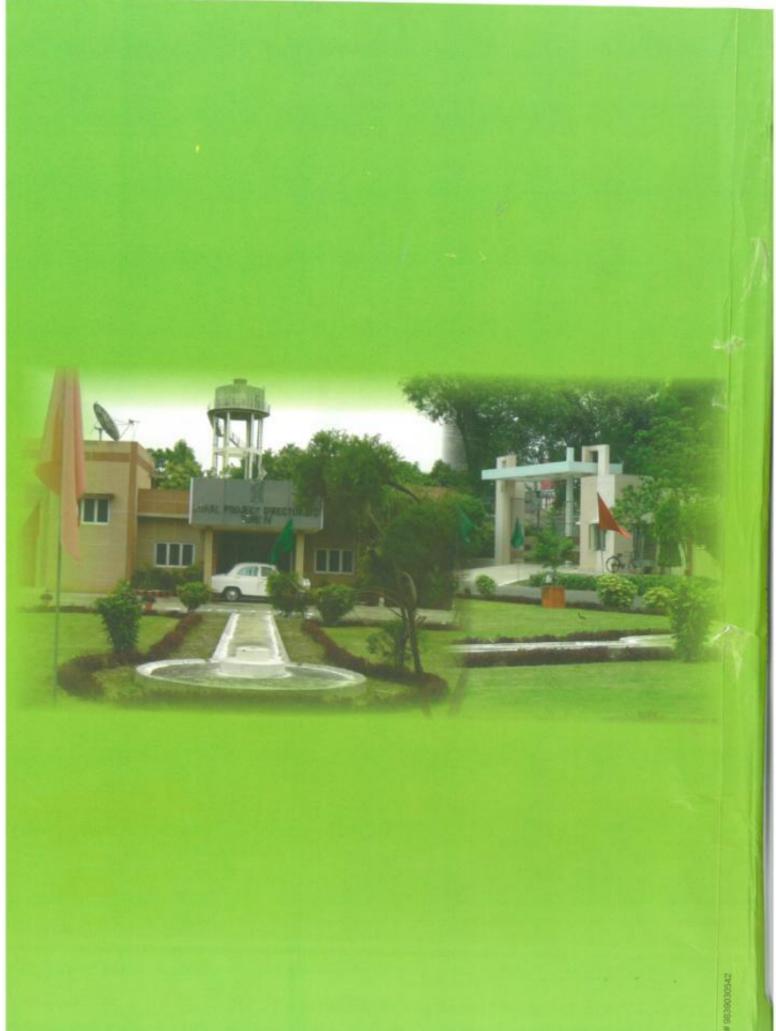


# ANNUAL REPORT 2014-15





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# Chapter-1

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

# Training Programmes

Total of 8184 courses were organized involving 175722 farmers, farm women, rural youths and extension functionaries. In all, 16968 rural youths, 13986 extension functionaries and 144768 farmers/farm women participated in training programmes conducted by KVKs.

#### Frontline Demonstrations

A total of 17078 frontline demonstrations were organized related to crops (10651), horticulture (1683), fishery units (20), livestock (3662), other enterprises (489), farm implements (301) and nutritional gardening (282).

#### Technology Assessment & Refinement

KVKs conducted problem based on farm trials in 13 major thematic areas. 280 technologies were tested involving 2149 farmers. In Uttar Pradesh, 224 farm technologies were assessed covering 1804 farmers, whereas 56 technologies were assessed in Uttarakhand with participation of 345 farmers. Integrated Nutrient Management (41), varietal evaluation (54), Integrated Pest Management (34), Integrated Crop Management (34), Integrated Disease Management (43), weed management (11), Resource Conservation Technology (27), farm machinery (3), post harvest technology (4), drudgery reduction (5) and integrated farming system, etc. related OFTs were taken up for assessment. 57 technologies related to livestock management were also assessed by KVKs. The livestock related thematic technologies like disease management (10), feed and fodder management (7), nutritional management (13), evaluation of breeds (8) and production & management (13) were taken up. Thematic areas like house hold food security (2), nutritional gardening (4) were addressed. In assessment of enterprise related technologies, kitchen gardening, small farm implements as an economic activity & nutritional support were considered.

#### **Extension Programmes**

A large number of extension activities were organized by KVKs of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand. The major activities like advisory service (15792), diagnostic visits (4758), field days (627), group discussions (638), kisan gosthies (1827), film shows (419), self help groups (361), kisan mela (251), exhibitions (525), scientist visit (15334), plant/animal health camps (810), farm science clubs (214), ex-trainees meet (212), farmers' seminars (1218), method demonstrations (626), celebrations of important days (176), special days celebration (89),

exposure visits (144) and other activities (10518) with the participation of 1011816 farmers and 34623 extension personnel were performed. 34851 number of other extension activities viz use of electronic media, extension literature, newspaper coverage, popular articles, animal health camp, radio & TV talks were performed by KVKs. Kisan Mobile advisory services were given by 67 KVKs with 257172 SMSs to 47966 farmers. Voice messages (7222) were delivered to all registered farmers in agropedia. By sending text and voice messages by mobile has enabled the KVKs to reach the unreached farmers in distant and remotely located areas.

#### Seed Production

KVKs of both states produced 19394.73 q seed valued at Rs. 322.23 lakh. The major share was of cereals (13760.41 q) followed by commercial crops (4500.63 q), pulses (490.67 q), oilseeds (337.92 q), vegetables (34.50q), fodder (10.72q) and spices (259.88 q).

#### Planting Material Production

KVKs of both states produced 11205772 planting materials including vegetable seedlings (11067892), fruit saplings (41697) & ornamental (63754), forestry (23128), medicinal & aromatic plants (301), etc.

# Bio-Products

The KVKs of Uttar Pradesh produced 70926.45 kg of bioproducts whereas the KVKs of Uttrakhand produced 244.65 kg of bio-products. It included vermicompost (46435 kg), NADEP compost (20727.5 kg), FYM (82.15 kg). Besides, KVKs also produced 650 kg bio pesticides.

# Livestock & Fingerling Production

KVKs of Uttar Pradesh also produced 102 goat kids (Barbari), 1841 Broiler, 36 piglets (Large White Yorkshire), fingerlings 41.32 lakh. Whereas, in Uttarakhand very meagre production of broilers(222), calves (2) and cows(3), was reported.

# **HRD** Activities

Four workshops (Annual & Mid term) with the participation of 81 KVKs, One day interaction meeting on Sodicity problems (20 participants), Orientation course on IPM in important crops with special reference to U.P. & Uttarakhand (40 participants), One day interaction workshop on 'Postal Agricultural Extension System' (18 participants), III Phase training of NAARM for PCs of

KVKs (6 participants), Training Programme on PPVFRA for farmers (50 participants) were some of the HRD activities conducted during this period. Besides this ICAR foundation day, Road Safety week and National Science day also organized by ZPD. Linkage and coordination with different line departments, research institutions and SAUs was strengthened. The Directorates of Extension of four SAUs organized 49 training programmes involving 70 KVKs.

# **Publications & Awards**

By ZPD - 17 research papers, 1 book, 4 lead papers, one information folder, 11 popular articles, 4 technical reports.

By KVKs - Four books, 75 Technical bulletins, 190 research papers, 34 seminar papers, 20 training manuals, 310 technical reports, 29 popular articles, 23 extension literature and 42 news paper coverage were published by KVKs of both states.

Awards: (i) Fellow, Indian Society of Pulses Research and Development (2014) by Indian Institute of Pulses Research, Kanpur (ii) Best Community Mobilizer Award (2015) in VII National Seminar of the Society for Community Mobilization for Sustainable Development on "Sustainable Rural Livelihood: Technological and Institutional Perspectives", held on SKAUST of Jammu, January 8-10, 2015. (iii) Best paper Presentation Award (2014) on the paper titled "Impact of IARI-post office linkage extension model: An innovative extension approach to reach the unreached" in National Extension Education Congress 2014 held from 8-11 November, 2014 at ICAR Research Complex, Umiam, Meghalaya. (iv) KVK Muzaffarnagar awarded Best Zonal KVK Award 2014 of SVPUAT, Meerut under ICAR-ZPD, Kanpur. (v) Dr .V.K.Vidyarthi Memorial Award in 2014-15 by Society of Extension Education (SEE) in the year 2015 (vi) Bharat Jyoti Award 2014, given by Hon'ble Sh. Dr Bhishma Narain Singh, Former Governor of Tamil Nadu & Assam by India International Friendship Society, New Delhi

# Chapter-2

# MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS

Indian Council of Agricultural Research established Zonal Coordination Unit at Kanpur in 1979 to monitor transfer of technology projects. The Zonal Coordination Unit was upgraded as Zonal Project Directorate in March, 2009. Presently, this Zonal Project Directorate, Zone IV, Kanpur is engaged in planning, monitoring, reviewing and supporting ICAR initiated technology dissemination projects mainly Krishi Vigyan Kendras in Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand.

The major functions of the Zonal Project Directorate are: planning, monitoring and reviewing of KVK activities in the zone; to identify, prioritize and implement various activities related to technology integration and dissemination; coordinating with SAUs, ICAR institutes/organizations, line departments and voluntary organizations in the zone for implementation of KVK mandated activities; and facilitating financial and infrastructural support to KVKs for effective functioning.

#### 2.1 KVK and its Mandate

In Zone-IV, 81 KVKs have been established by the ICAR, out of which 68 KVKs are in Uttar Pradesh and 13 in Uttarakhand.

The mandate of KVK is 'assessment, refinement and demonstration of technology/products'. The activities of KVK include: on-farm testing to identify the location specificity of agricultural technologies under various farming systems; organizing frontline demonstrations to establish its production potential on the farmers' fields; conduct training of farmers to update their knowledge and skills in modern agricultural technologies; and training of extension personnel to orient them in the frontier areas of technology development; to work as resource and knowledge centre of agricultural technology for supporting initiatives of public, private and voluntary sectors for improving the agricultural economy of the district. In order to create awareness about improved technologies, a large number of extension activities are being taken up; and to support various activities, the seeds and planting materials are also produced by the KVKs and made available to the farmers.

#### KVK under different host organizations in Uttar Pradesh and Uttarkhand

	Uttar P	radesh a	ind	Uttarkhand	
S. No.	Name of the KVK	Year of establish	S. No.	Name of the KVK	Year of establish
	NDUA&T, Faizz	ment			ment
1	Bahraich	1983	10	Sonbhadra	2004
2	Ballia	1989	11	Azamgarh	2004
3	Basti	1984	12	Barabanki	2004
4	Mau	1989	13	Balrampur	2005
5	Varanasi	1989	14	Chandauli	2005
6	Siddharthnagar	1992	15	Jaunpur	2005
7	Faizabad	2004	16	Sant Kabir Nagar	2009
8	Gorakhpur	2004	17	Ambedkar Nagar	2010
9	Maharajganj	2004			
	CSAUA&T, Kar	npur		13 25	
18	Jhansi	1984	27	Firozabad	2004
19	Raebareli	1984	28	Hamirpur	2005
20	Fatehpur	1989	29	Lakhimpur Kheri	2005
21	Aligarh	1992	30	Farrukhabad	2005
22	Kannauj	2004	31	Jalaun	2005
23	Etawah	2004	32	Lalitpur	2005
24	Mainpuri	2004	33	Hardoi	2005
25	Kanpur Dehat	2004	34	Banda	2007
26	Mahoba	2004	35	Mahamaya Nagar	r2009
	SVPUA&T, Me	erut		- VSQ   -   -	
36	Bijnor	1992	43	Muzaffarnagar	1994
37	Rampur	1992	44	Pilibhit	1998
38	Badaun	1992	45	Baghpat	2004
39	Saharanpur	1992	46	Moradabad	2005
40	Ghaziabad	1992	47	Gautam Budha Nagar	2005
41	Sahajahanpur	1994	48	Bulandshahar	2004
42	Meerut	1994			



	U.P. Pt. Deen Dr					
	Vishwa Vidyali Mathura	aya E	Val	n Go	Anusandhan	Sanstha
49	Mathura	1984	4			
	Kamla Nehru N			Trus	t Sultannar	
50	Sultanpur	1976		OR R. SHARE	i Summy	
	RBS College, A	P728		_	-	
_	Etah	1992	,	52	Agra	2002
	BHU, Varanasi	177.		52	Ogia	218/2
53	Mirzapur	1984		-		-
-0.00		5 200			Canda	
5.1	Deendayal Rese Gonda	100000	_	100000	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	1000
24		1989		20	Chitrakoot	1992
	SHIAS&T, Alla	LY NE				
50	Allahabad	1992				
	Raja Avadesh S		_	noria	Society, Prat	atgarh
57	Pratapgarh	1999		W.		
	Kunwar Ram	Bux		Sing	h Education	al Societ
50	Lucknow	1000				
	Unnao	1999				
	Indian Veterina			reh la	istitute, Barei	lly
59	Bareilly	1985				
	Indian Institute	I Date Land	_	cane	Research, Luc	know
	Lucknow	1994				
100	Post Graduate (	14.40	-	azip	ur	
	Gazipur	2002				
	Indian Institute	of Ve	geta	bles	Research, Var	anasi
62	Kushinagar	2005		63	St. Ravidas Na	1gar2008
64	Deoria	2009	):			
	Manay Vikas Ev	am S	eva	Sans	than, Lucknov	W
65	Sitapur-I	2005				
	Dr. Bhimrao An	sbedk	ar V	Welfa	re Society, All	ababad
	Kaushambi	2006				
	Sarpanch Sama	j. Nev	v De	idle		
-	Auraiya	2007	_			
	Ranvir Ranar	ijay	De	gree	College As	sociation
	Sultanpur	GO ABO			DELIVER OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
58	Sitapur-II	2011				
	GBPUA&T, Par	itnagi	ar.	1911	TO SERVICE	
	Champawat	1994	_	74	Nainital	2004
	Almora	2004		75	Pithouragarh	2004
71	Chamoli	2004		76	Dehradun	2004
	Haridwar	2004			Udham Sing	1 2 2 3
					Nagar	2004
73	Rudraprayag	2004			- ragain	2004
	VPKAS, Almori				-	
		2004		70	Danharhuss	2007
_	Loffort/Courts	二1万万·		13	Bagheshwar	2007
78	Uttarkashi		No. of Contract of	THE PERSON	- CTENTOS LACIS DE	the same district to the same of
78	UUHF, Pauri (T)	ransfe		d fro	m GBPUAT, F	antnagar
78 80				d fro	m GBPUAT, F	antnagar

# 2.2 Agro-climatic Zones

Uttar Pradesh is divided into 9 agro climatic zones (South Western Semi Arid, Bhabhar and Tarai, Western Plain, Mid Western Plain, Central Plain, Bundelkhand, North Eastern Plain, Eastern Plain and Vindhyan Zone) whereas Uttarakhand represents the hill agriculture and is classified as hill zone though Dehradun, Haridwar, U.S. Nagar and part of Nainital are characterized as Bhabhar and Tarai Zone,



# 2.3 Achievement at a glance

Training Programmes	Courses	Partic	ipants
Farmers & farm women	6464	144	768
Rural youths	893	169	68
Extension functionaries	692	139	86
Total	8049	175	722
Frontline demonstrations			
	Demon.	Area (ha)	Units/ Animals
Pulses	2471	650.61	
Oilseeds	1827	502.01	-
Cereals	3553	1041.6	2
Millets	302	50.5	
Hybrids	1278	246.37	
Fodder	600	60.85	-
Spices	32	18.68	
Commercial	588	236.33	-
Vegetables	1623	156.01	-
Fruits	60	13,98	-
Total	12334	2976.94	
Fishery	20	10.86	5005
Livestock	3662	21.7	6750
Other Enterprises	489	32	375
Farm Implements	301	4898.58	200
Kitchen Gardening	282	-	264
Grand Total	17088	7940.08	12394

	Technology	Trials
Crops	403	3424
Livestock	68	912
Various enterprises	6	109
Total	477	4445
Extension Programmes		
	Programmes	Participants
Extension activities	54539	1083406
Other extension activities	34851	
Total	89390	1083406
	Text messages	Beneficiaries
Mobile advisory services	257172	47966
Seed & Planting Materia	l Production	
	Quintal/No.	Value Rs
Seed (q)	19394.73	32222715
Planting material (No.)	11268463	1898899
Bio-Products (q)	71171.1	559010
Livestock strains (No.)	4136809	1600970
Soil, Water & Plant Anal	ysis	
	Samples	Beneficiaries
44 KVKs	25062	17515
Publications	by KVKs: 973	by ZPD: 3
HRD	by DEEs	by ZPD
No. of programmes	49	10
No. of participants	87	405

# 2.4 National Initiatives on Climate Resilient Agriculture(NICRA)

Zonal Project Directorate, Zone-IV, Kanpur is involved in coordinating the project in UP (11) & Uttrakhand (2). Two more districts from Uttar Pradesh are also involved on soidic soil vulnerability. At district level, the selected KVK is responsible for implementing the project at village level through farmer's participatory approach. Under this programme, the interventions were focused only to address climate related constraints and to general agriculture development.

# Modules intervention:

In order to address the climatic vulnerabilities of the selected villages, different interventions were planned under the four modules. However, the specific interventions under each module for a particular village was need based and decided based on climatic vulnerability and resource situation of that village. The six intervention modules planned are as given below:

#### Module-I: Natural Resource

This module consists of interventions related to in-situ moisture conservation, biomass mulching, residue incorporation instead of burning, brown and green manuring, water harvesting and recycling for supplemental irrigation, improved drainage in flood prone areas, conservation tillage where appropriate, artificial ground water recharge and water saving irrigation methods were intervened A total number of 3588 farmers were benefitted with an area of 792.36 ha covered during the period under report.

# Module-II: Crop Production

This module consists of introducing drought/temperature tolerant varieties, advancement of planting dates of *Rabi* crops in area with terminal heat stress, water saving paddy cultivation methods, frost management in horticulture, community nurseries in multiple dates for delayed monsoon, farm machinery custom hiring centers for timely completion of farm operations, location specific intercropping systems with high sustainable yield index. A total number of 7422 farmers were benefitted covering an area of 1745.63 ha during the period under report.

# Module-III: Livestock and Fisheries

Use of community lands for fodder production during droughts/floods, augmentation of fodder production through improved planting material, improved fodder/feed storage methods, fodder enrichment, prophylaxis, improved shelters for reducing heat stress in livestock, management of fish ponds/tanks during water scarcity and excess water and promotion of livestock as such as a climate change adaptation strategy. A total of 5344 farmers benefitted along with 7687 animals.

#### Module-IV: Institutional Interventions

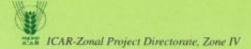
This module consists of institutional interventions either by strengthening the existing ones or initiating new ones relating to community seed bank, fodder bank, commodity groups, custom hiring centre, collective marketing group, introduction of weather index based insurance and climate literacy through a village weather station will be part of this module. A total number of 2721 farmers were covered with an area of 660.22 ha.

#### Module-V: Capacity Building (HRD)

Capacity building refers to strengthening the skills, competencies and abilities of people and communities in developing societies so they can overcome the causes of their exclusion and suffering. Under HRD, 262 training programme were conducted by involving 8250 farmers were benefitted.

#### Module-VI: Extension Activities

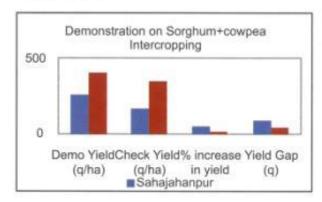
Extension activities provide a link between the scientist and the community. Extension has always been an integral part of Krishi Vigyan Kendra. KVK is continuously working with the aim of technology dissemination and community welfare through its various curricular/co-curricular /extra curricular works. Using different techniques such as Kishan gosthi, Field day, Exposure visits, interactive and participatory programmes, group working & group discussion etc. 783 extension activities conducted under this module by benefiting 10383 farmers.



S. No.	District	Village	Insti- tution	Soil Type	Annual rainfall (mm)	Climatic Vulnera- bility
1	Bahraich	Baundi	SAU	Sandy loam	900	Flood
2	Gorakhpur	Jhangha	SAU	sandy loam /loam	1211	Flood
3	Mahrajganj	Gopala	SAU	Clay Loam, Loamy	870	Flood
4	Gonda	Soauli Mohammadpur	NGONGO	sandy loam /loam	1431	Flood
5	Jhansi	Gandhinagar	SAU	Rakar, Padwa Black	885	Drought and Heat wave
6	Kushinagar	Amwakhas	ICAR	Sandy loam	1282	Flood
7	Sonbhadra	Bisrekhi	SAU	Black/Clay loam/ Red		
				laterite	1035	Drought heat wave
8	Baghpat	Shikhera	SAU	Loam to Sandy	750	Ground water depletion
9	Muzaffarnagar	Sahdabbar	SAU	Sandy loam to Clay	760	Ground water depletion
10	Chitrakoot	Titihara	NGO	Silty clay	543	Drought and Heat wave
11	Hamirpur	Mankikhurd	SAU	Kabar, Maar, Paduwa	864	Drought and Heat wave
State:	: Uttarakhand					
12	Uttarkashi	Dunda	ICAR	Sandy loam	2500	Cold wave, flood, hail storm
13	Tehrigarhwal	Dabri & Kalaith	SAU	Brown black	1230	Cold wave, hail storm

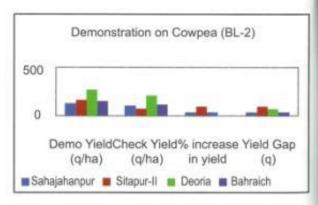
# 2.5 National Initiative on Fodder Technology Demonstrations (NIFTD)

Uttar Pradesh: District Shahjahanpur and SRD Nagar laidout demonstrations on Sorghum (PC-6) + Lobia (BL-2) in an area of 2.0 ha covering 28 farmers. The demonstrated cultivar resulted green fodder yield of 332 q/ha which was 27% higher as compared to local check (261q/ha). MP Chari demonstrated at district Shahjahanpur and Deoria in an area of 4.0 ha covering 18 farmers. The demonstration resulted green fodder yield of 466 q/ha which was 16.5% higher as compared to local check (400q/ha)



District Shahjahanpur laidout demonstrations on maize (J-1006) in an area of 1.0 ha on 5 farmers' field. The demonstration resulted green fodder yield of 235 q/ha which was 42% higher as compared to local check (165q/ha). Maize (African tall) was demonstrated for fodder purpose at district Sitapur-II on in an area of 0.72 ha covering 08 farmers. Green fodder yield recorded 460 q/ha which was 48% higher as compared to local check. This variety is palatable, fast growing and soft in nature which is liked by the animals.

Cowpea (BL-2) demonstrated at district Shahjahanpur, Sitapur-II, Bahraich and Deoria in an area of 4.98 ha



covering 32 farmers. The demonstration resulted green fodder yield of 287 q/ha which is 9% higher as compared to local check (264q/ha) (Fig. 2). Cowpea supply green fodder for longer period and improves soil health.

Uttarakhand: Districts Bageshwar, Haridwar and Uttarakashi laidout demonstrations in an area of 2.2 ha of 63 farmers' field on maize (African tall) resulted average green fodder yield 362.33 q/ha.

It is envisaged based on the results obtained in the sorghum+cowpea intercropping system which provided 20% higher green fodder yield and average yield gap of 71 q/ha over check. MP Chari resulted 46.0 tone green fodder, cowpea (BL-2) given 9% higher green fodder and average yield gap of 97 q/ha over check. Maize (J-1006) resulted 42% higher yield whereas the maize (African tall) resulted 48% higher yield as compared to their local checks. Similarly, maize (African tall) resulted yield of 36.2 tones green fodder in Uttarakhand. Hence, green fodder improved varieties have potential to enhance the yield advantages in all the crops demonstrated during kharif season. There are lot of options for fodder crops to be grown during kharif season to meet out the fodder demand under rainfed conditions of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand.

#### 2.6 Research Achievements of in-house projects.

# Impact Analysis of Crop/enterprise Diversification and Integration (CDI) (PI: Dr. S. K. Dubey)

This project was implemented in district Champawat (Uttarakhand) and in four districts namely Aligarh, Mainpuri, Fatehpur, and Kannauj (Uttar Pradesh). Technological/crop components like sole or intercropping (crop, vegetables, flowers, etc); Bajra, Groundnut, Maize, Moongbean and other related crop (potato) cultivation and their spread have been included for impact. Data was collected through focussed group discussion from four villages of Kannauj district and three villages of Fatehpur districts on the aspects of existing diversified cropping systems, their technology application process therein and the relative economics. Survey was conducted in villages Digsara, Basirpur mar, Pokhra and Bhavanipur under Jalalabad block of Kannauj districts to analyze the crop diversification systems.

The major cropping system documented included Potato-Ground nut/Maize; Paddy-Potatao-Maize; Paddy-wheat-Green Manuring; Groundnut/Maize-potato-Maize; Maize-Mustard, Maize and Green Manuring-Early potato-wheat/seed potato. It was observed that summer groundnut was fast replacing the summer maize on account of more water requirement in summer maize (6-7 irrigation) than groundnut (3-4 irrigation) eventhough farmer was gettingg more yield (Rs 60-70 q/ha) and Rs 55-60 th./ha as net return than later (37-40 q/ha and Rs 65-70 th./ha as net return). Summer groundnut was felt more sustainable than summer maize as the ground water level is depleting very fast in the area (average declining rate of water is 2 ft is every year).

Wheat crop is getting marginalized among small land holders. Major cropping systems followed by such farmers were fallow/dhaincha-potato-maize; maizepotato-maize and maize-early potato-wheat (very less area). Diversification with mixed cropping of miner vegetables like coriander and kharif onion was also analyzed in the district. Flower cultivation based crop diversification was documented in the study area. In the district of Kannauj, it was found that flowers like rose, bela (jasmine) and mehndi (Hena) were cultivated by large majority of the farmers' to address the industrial requirements in the district for making edible products of roses as well perfumes. Popular rose varieties being cultivated were chinia, goraiya and noorjahan and their preferences among the farmers were found in that order. Potato-rose was found as most frequently utilized cropping pattern as the fertilizer requirements in rose were being met from the residual nutrients of potato. The economics of rose cultivation and the related major issues were also identified.

# Production and Marketing Systems of off-season vegetable Cultivation and export-led Fruit Production (PI: Dr. S. K. Dubey)

Major pulse growing districts namely Jalaun in Uttar Pradesh and two villages of the districts were surveyed. The Technological/crop components of vegetable pea both pod and seed production and fieldpea as well as other crops were analyzed. Total production, consumption and marketable surplus, marketed surplus, on-farm produce wastage, mode of disposal, marketing channels utilized, marketing cost, price fixation mechanism, constraints experienced by the related partners, gross and net profitability, use of marketing innovations, etc have been identified research variables for the study. Interview schedule and checklist were devised. Survey was conducted in the villages of Louna and Chhani Khas of Jalaun district of Bundelkhand region of Uttar Pradesh to analyze the system of vegetable pea both for pod production as well as seed production.

The evolution of vegetable pea was traced back in early nineties when farmers started to search for the alternatives of lentil as the productivity of lentil started declining due to wilt incidence. The profitability from zero input lentil production thus was started adversely affecting. In the suitable black soil of the district, pulses like chickpea and lentil were giving the average yield of 20-25 q/ha up to early ninties. However, under the mono cropping pulses production system, the incidence of wilt started increasing and thus reducing the productivity.

Arkil was the first vegetable pea variety which was introduced in the district. Now, Azad Pea 3 and JS10 has become the prominent vegetable pea variety in the area. Moreover, with the increase of irrigation facility (tube well) in Jalaun district, the aleternate cropping system of vegetable pea - wheat is fastly replacing the traditional kharif fallow-pulses or Til - Pulses or urdbean - Pulses. In the study, farmers' practice of vegetable pea cultivation vegetable pea seed production, economics in both the condition, marketing system, seed processing system, opportunity and future threats have been analyzed.

Chapter-3

# TRAINING OF FARMERS AND EXTENSION PERSONNEL

KVKs organized 8184 training courses with the participation of 175722 farmers, farm women, rural youths and extension functionaries. The farmers and farm women were represented in a proportion of 77.27% and

22.74%, respectively. In all 144768 farmers and farm women and 16968 rural youths were provided skill training in different enterprises. Similarly, 13986 extension personnel were also trained in different areas.

Table 3.1: Physical achievement of training programmes

		Uttar P	radesh			Uttari	khand			Grand	I Total	
Clientele	С	M	F	Total	C	M	F	Total	C	M	F	Total
Farmers & Farm Women	5772	101947	24982	126929	827	8450	9389	17839	6599	110397	34371	144768
Rural Youths	831	12250	3478	15728	62	633	607	1240	893	12883	4085	16968
Extension Functionaries	649	11162	2203	13365	43	431	190	621	692	11593	2393	13986
Total	7252	125359	30663	156022	932	9514	10186	19700	8184	134873	40849	175722

C: Courses, M: Male, F: Female

#### 3.1Farmers and Farm Women

Total of 6599 courses were conducted by KVKs of the zone with the participation of 144768 farmers and farm women. The share of Uttar Pradesh was 79.80% and remaining 20.20% was from Uttarakhand. Maximum courses (1345) and participants (28848) were related to crop production. The other areas of trainings were

horticulture (1135 courses and 24904 participants); livestock production management (897 courses and 20590 participants); women empowerment (787 courses and 16131 participants); and soil health and fertility management (653 courses and 13726 participants).

Table 3.2: Training of farmers and farm women

		Uttar P	radesh			Uttara	khand					
Area of training	C	M	F	T	C	M	F	T	C	M	F	T
Crop Production	1231	24425	2044	26469	114	1290	1089	2379	1345	25715	3133	28848
Horticulture	1000	19373	2415	21788	135	1514	1602	3116	1135	20887	4017	24904
Soil Health & Fertility												
Management	576	10781	1162	11943	77	1077	706	1783	653	11858	1868	13726
Livestock Production	788	15435	2843	18278	109	1443	869	2312	897	16878	3712	20590
& Management												
Home Science/	671	885	12902	13787	116	247	2097	2344	787	1132	14999	16131
Women empowerment												
Agril. Engineering	229	4727	314	5041	8	134	1	135	237	4861	315	5176
Plant Protection	683	15070	1709	16779	157	1806	1663	3469	840	16876	3372	20248
Fisheries	81	1791	97	1888	14	235	40	275	95	2026	137	2163
Production of Input at site	118	2278	267	2545	1	12	13	25	119	2290	280	2570
Capacity Building &	280	4902	1023	5925	51	354	750	1104	331	5256	1773	7029
Group Dynamics												
Agro forestry	115	2280	206	2486	45	338	559	897	160	2618	765	3383
Total	5772	101947	24982	126929	827	8450	9389	17839	6599	110397	34371	144768

C: Courses, M: Male, F: Female, T: Total



# 3.1.1Crop Production

With respect to crop production, 1231 training courses were organized in Uttar Pradesh with the participation of 26469 farmers and farm women. In case of Uttarakhand, 114 such courses with the participation of 2379 were organized. Overall, 1345 courses involving 28848 farmers and farm women were organized. Integrated crop management related 197 courses were organized in which 4409 farmers and farm women participated; followed by 210 courses on weed management, 138 on resource conservation technologies 134 courses on seed production and with the participation of 4648, 2833 and 2896 farmers and farm women respectively. The other important areas like cropping systems, crop diversification, integrated farming, integrated nutrient management, nursery management, production of organic inputs, etc. were also taken up. The ratio of male female participation in crop production related training programmes was 8.20:1.

Table 3.3: Training programmes related to crop production

Area of training	Uttar I	Pradesh	Uttar	akhand	Gran	d Total
Area of training	C	T	C	T	C	T
Weed Management Resource Conservation	180	4045	30	603	210	4648
Technologies	131	2680	7	153	138	2833
Cropping Systems	104	2359	21	431	125	2790
Crop Diversification	70	1412	1	20	71	1432
Integrated Farming	79	1492	1	20	80	1512
Micro irrigation/ irrigation	48	954		-	48	954
Seed production	123	2641	11	255	134	2896
Nursery management Integrated Crop Management	49 182	1062 4091	15	318	49 197	1062 4409
Soil & water conservation	55	1235	1	20	56	1255
Integrated nutrient Management	101	2229	8	176	109	2405
Production of						
organic inputs	58	1219	4	80	62	1299
Others 51	1050	15	303	66	1353	
Total	1231	26469	114	2379	1345	28848

C: Courses, T: Trainees

#### 3.1.2 Horticulture

Training on production technologies of vegetables, fruits, ornamental plants, plantation crops, tuber crops, spices and medicinal plants were organized. 558 courses on vegetables involving 12268 and 323 courses on fruit with the participation of 7276 were held. Similarly, in case of



Training on pomegranate: KVK Dehradun



Training on floral arrangement: KVK Dehradun

ornamental plants, organization of 71 courses with participation of 1464 persons was ensured. In the area of plantation crops, tuber crops, spices, medicinal & other crops 15, 54, 54 and 60 courses were organized with participation of 312, 1106, 1146 and 1332 farmers and farm women. Overall, male-female representation was 5.19:1 in horticulture related courses.

Table 3.4: Training on horticulture including sponsored

Area of training	Uttar	Pradesh	Uttar	akhand	Gran	d Total
Area or training	C	T	C	T	C	T
A) Vegetable Crops Production of low volume and high value crops	134	2925	15	328	149	3253
Off-season vegetables	50	1035	19	387	69	1422
Nursery raising	100	2199	21	524	121	2723
Exotic vegetables	17	318	1	20	18	338
Export potential vegetables	21	444	-	-	21	444
Grading and standardization	31	690	4	103	35	793
Protective cultivation	65	1463	17	487	82	1950
Others 48	1007	15	338	63	1345	
Total (A)	466	10081	92	2187	558	12268



B) Fruits						
Training and Pruning	37	755	9	201	46	956
Layout and				1000	1000	200
Management of						
Orchards	69	1472	6	124	75	1596
Cultivation of Fruit	47	1094	1	20	48	1114
Management of		2.02.1				
young plants/orchards	38	782	6	170	44	952
Rejuvenation of		,		10.000		1000
old orchards	45	1116	5	100	50	1216
Export potential fruits		127			6	127
Micro irrigation	(1)(2)	10000				0.000
systems of orchards	17	370	14		17	370
Plant propagation		-				-
techniques	23	633	3	61	26	694
Others 7	171	4	80	11	251	0,54
Total (B)	289	6520	34	756	323	7276
C) Ornamental Plant	770000	0020	-	7.50	240	1210
Nursery Management		718			36	718
Management of	50	110	50	-	30	110
potted plants	9	205			9	205
	9	203	3	- 3	9	205
Export potential	10	26				25
of ornamental plants	1	25			1	25
Propagation						
techniques of		162	2	40	10	202
Ornamental Plants	8	162	2	40	10	202
Others	12	254	3	60	15	314
Total (C)	66	1364	5	100	71	1464
D) Plantation crops						
Production and						
Management				-23	1000	
technology	10	213	1	20	11	233
Processing and	- 2					
value addition	3	55	-	20	3	55
Others	1	24			1	24
Total (D)	14	292	1	20	15	312
E) Tuber crops						
Production and						
Management	0000	1000				1700010
technology	48	968	-		48	968
Processing and						
value addition	6	138	-	*	6	138
Others	-					
Total (E)	54	1106			54	1106
F) Spices						
Production &						
Management						
Management	46	982	3	53	49	1035
Management technology	46	982	3	53	49	1035
Management technology Processing and	46	982 91	3	53	49	1035
			3	53		

G) Medicinal and Ar	-	C & Million				
Nursery management	14	424		*	14	424
Production and						
management						
technology	37	726			37	726
Post harvest						
technology						
and value						
addition	8	162	-		8	162
Others 1	20			1	20	
Total (G)	60	1332			60	1332
Grand Total (A-G)	1000	21788	135	3116	1135	24904

# 3.1.3 Soil Health and Fertility Management

Total of 653 courses were attended by 13726 participants. The courses in the area of soil fertility management (104), integrated nutrient management (135), micro nutrient management (38), production & use of organic inputs (91), balanced use of fertilizer (38), management of problem soils (31), etc. were organized with the objectives to create awareness, knowledge and skill among farmers to address various issues.



Training on Rain water harvesting techniology: KVK Champawat



Training on Bio-product: KVK Chandauli



Table 3.5: Training on soil health and fertility management

Areas of training	Uttar	Pradesh	Uttar	rakhand	Gran	d Total
Areas or training	C	T	c	T	C	Т
Soil fertility	98	2167	6	120	104	2287
management						
Integrated water	25	516	1	20	26	536
management						
Integrated nutrient	116	2617	19	383	135	3000
management						
Production and use	73	1435	18	364	91	1799
of organic inputs						
Management of	30	610	1	19	31	629
problematic soils						
Micro nutrient	30	589	8	171	38	760
deficiency in crops						
Nutrient use	35	696	1	20	36	716
efficiency						
Balance use of	29	591	9	188	38	779
fertilizer						
Soil & water testing	108	2126	13	476	121	2602
others	32	596	1	22	33	618
Total	576	11943	77	1783	653	13726

# 3.1.4 Livestock Production Management

All together 897 courses were organized with the participation of 20590 participants. The courses related to dairy management (164) were organized with the participation of 4265 cattle owners. Disease management (192) was second preferred programme attended by 4642 participants. Feed and fodder management, animal nutrition, poultry, quality animal products, etc were other priority areas. Male-female ratio of 4.54:1 was as certained in livestock related training courses.



Training on Poultry: KVK Ambedkar Nagar



On campus Training on poultry: KVK Dehradun

Table 3.6: Training on livestock production and management

	Uttar	Pradesh	Uttarakhand		<b>Grand Total</b>	
Areas of training	C	T	C	T	C	T
Dairy management	141	3777	23	488	164	4265
Poultry management	76	1637	13	243	89	1880
Piggery management	52	1042	6	134	58	1176
Rabbit management	5	99	-		5	99
Animal nutrition management	156	3248	8	176	164	3424
Disease management Feed & fodder	173	4247	19	395	192	4642
technologies Production of quality	116	2622	25	555	141	3177
animal products	37	888	4	76	41	964
Others	32	718	11	245	43	963
Total	788	18278	109	2312	897	20590

C: Courses, T: Trainces

### 3.1.5 Women Empowerment

A range of courses (787) related to women empowerment were organized with the participation of 16131 farm women. Value addition courses (141) were attended by highest number of farm women (2932), followed by courses on kitchen gardening & nutritional security (78) attended by 1748 participants, women and child care (73) attended by 1545 farm women, etc. The farm women also showed interest in courses like storage losses, women & child care, rural craft, developing high nutrient efficient diet, drudgery reduction, diet related courses, etc. were also conducted.



Training on tailering: KVK Kaushambi



Training on value addition: KVK Meerut

Table 3.7: Training on Home Science/Women Empowerment

A man of training	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Total	
Area of training	C	Т	C	Т	C	T
Household food security by kitchen gardening Design and development of	65	1484	13	264	78	1748
low/minimum cost diet Development of	47	942	4	91	51	1033
high nutrient	32	597	5	100	37	697
efficiency diet Minimization of nutrient loss	32	397	. 5	100	31	302.5
in processing	38	723	1	20	39	743
Processing & cooking Gender	45	852	5	84	50	936
mainstreaming through SHGs Storage loss	41	834	5	76	46	910
minimization	-	956	6	125	55	1081
techniques	49	2046	45	886	141	2932
Value addition	96	2040	42	000	141	2752
Women empowerment Location specific	50	1090	6	122	56	1212
drudgery reduction						
technologies	48	943	8	184	56	1127
Rural crafts Women and	30	603	6	112	36	715
child care	67	1418	6	127	73	1545
Others	63	1299	6	153	69	1452
Total	671	13787	116	2344	787	16131

# 3.1.6 Agricultural Engineering

Total of 237 courses in various aspects related to farm machinery, implements and its maintenance, post harvest and value addition were organized by KVKs, benefiting 5176 farmers and farm women. Maximum courses on Farm machinery & its maintenance (77) were organized benefiting 1722 persons. Newer areas like installation and maintenance of micro irrigation system, use of plastics, small tools, etc. were also taken up in training programmes.

Table 3.8: Training on agricultural engineering

	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Total	
Area of training	c	T	C	T	C	T
Farm machinery & its maintenance	73	1660	4	62	77	1722
Installation and maintenance of						
micro irrigation						
systems	34	802	3	51	37	853
Use of plastics in						
farming practices	6	128			6	128
Production of small						
tools & implements	9	184			9	184
Repair and						
maintenance of farm						
machinery and						105
implements	50	1058			50	105
Small scale						
processing &		222			10	271
value addition	12	274	-	*	12	27
Post harvest		1223			100	-0
technology	26	592	-	-	26	593
Others	19	343	1	22	20	365
Total	229	5041	8	135	237	517

C: Courses, T: Trainees

# 3.1.7 Plant Protection

Under Plant Protection total 840 courses were organized with the participation of 20248 persons. The highlights of these programmes and others each courses were on IDM (255), IPM (322), bio control of pests and diseases (129), production of bio control pests & agents (48).

Table 3.9: Training on plant protection

Area of training	Uttar I	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		<b>Grand Total</b>	
Area or training	С	Т	C	T	c	T	
Integrated pest management	225	7303	97	2044	322	9347	
Integrated disease management	216	4512	39	869	255	5381	
Bio-control of pests and diseases	120	2538	9	188	129	2726	
Production of bio control agents & bio pesticides	46	1017	2	35	48	1052	
Others 76	1409	10	333	86	1742		
Total	683	16779	157	3469	840	20248	

#### 3.1.8 Fish Production

The courses on integrated fish farming (19) and composite fish culture (39) were mainly organized with the participation of 596 and 812 persons. Overall 95 courses attracted participation of 2163 persons.

Table 3.10: Training on fish production

A non-of-tendedon	Uttar I	Pradesh	Uttarakhand		<b>Grand Total</b>	
Area of training	C	T	С	T	c	T
Integrated fish						
farming	16	525	3	71	19	596
Carp breeding and						
hatchery						
management	2	30	.=	53	2	30
Carp fry and						
fingerling rearing	12	197		*	12	197
Composite fish						
culture	37	771	2	41	39	812
Hatchery						
management and						
culture of freshwater						
prawn	2	30		*	2	30
Fish processing and						
value addition	8	220		*	8	220
Others	4	115	9	163	13	278
Total	81	1888	14	275	95	2163

C: Courses, T: Trainees

# 3.1.9 Production of inputs at site

Total 119 courses on this theme attracted participation of 2570 persons were organized. Seed production, vermi composting and organic manures attracted maximum participation.



Training on Bee keeping: KVK Allahabad



Training on vermi compost for rural women: KVK Muzaffarnagar

Table 3.11: Training on production of input at the site

Area of training	Uttar I	radesh	Uttar	akhand	Grand Total		
Area or training	С	T	C	Т	c	T	
Seed Production	43	881	-	-4	43	881	
Planting material							
production	20	432	0	-	20	432	
Bio-agents							
production	3	65	-	-	3	65	
Bio-pesticides							
production	2	50	-	-	2	50	
Bio-fertilizer							
production	7	156		-	7	156	
Vermi-compost							
production	23	520	1	25	24	545	
Organic manures							
production	7	149	-	-	.7	149	
Production of fry							
and fingerlings	1	35		-	1	35	
Production of							
Bee-colonies and							
wax sheets	1	10			1	10	
Production of							
livestock feed							
and fodder	5	111	-		5	111	
Production of Fish							
feed	1	22	-		-1	22	
Mushroom							
production	2	49	-		2	49	
Apiculture	1	9			1	9	
Others 2	56		-	2	56		
Total	118	2545	1	25	119	2576	

C: Courses, T: Trainees



# 3.1.10 Capacity Building and Group Dynamics

331 courses were organized benefiting 7029 persons. The topics covered in the programmes included leadership development, group dynamics, SHGs, entrepreneurship development, WTO & IPR, etc.

Table 3.12: Training on capacity building and group dynamics

	Uttar	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		<b>Grand Total</b>	
Area of training	C	T	C	T	C	T	
Leadership							
development	49	937	3	67	52	1004	
Group dynamics	56	1197	23	471	79	1668	
Formation and							
management of							
SHGs	64	1584	7	150	71	1734	
Mobilization of							
social capital	18	370	2	43	20	413	
Entrepreneurial							
development of							
farmers/youths	46	965	8	202	54	1167	
WTO and IPR							
issues	8	147	-	-	8	147	
Others	39	725	8	171	47	896	
Total	280	5925	51	1104	331	7029	

C: Courses, T: Trainees

# 3.1.11 Agro-forestry

In this area, 160 courses were organized benefiting 3383 farmers. The topics covered in the programmes included production technology, nursery management, integrated farming systems, etc.

Table 3.13: Training on agro-forestry

	Uttar	Pradesh	Uttarakhand		<b>Grand Total</b>	
Area of training	c	T	C	T	C	Т
Production						
technologies	39	816	23	431	62	1247
Nursery						
management	32	719	6	137	38	856
Integrated						
farming systems	24	541	12	244	36	785
Others 20	410	4	85	24	495	
Total	115	2486	45	897	160	3383

C: Courses, T: Trainees

#### 3.2 Training of Rural Youths

Total of 893 courses involving 16968 persons were conducted. The ratio of male - female participation was 3.30:1 in the zone. In case of Uttar Pradesh, it was 3.52:1 and for Uttarakhand it was 1.04:1. The highest participation was attracted towards the programmes like seed production (1980), nursery management of horticultural crops (1309), vermiculture (732), mushroom production (938) and organic inputs production (921). Other courses viz protected cultivation, commercial fruit production, planting material production, bee keeping, value addition, rural crafts, dairying, poultry, etc were preferred by the youth. Similarly, livestock and fisheries, crop production and management and post harvest management related programmes were also organized.



Training on Honey processing: KVK Muzaffarnagar



Table 3.14: Training on rural youths

A man of touteless	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Tota	
Area of training	c	т	C	т	С	Т
Nursery Managemen			- 70		III) ONLIN	-
of Horticulture crops	61	1276	1	33	62	1309
Training and pruning						
of orchards	41	682	2	43	43	725
Protected cultivation						
of vegetable crops	38	830	5	175	43	1005
Commercial fruit						
production	32	536	1	22	33	558
Integrated farming	27	631	1	20	28	651
Seed production	90	1881	6	99	96	1980
Production of						
organic inputs	47	921	-	-	47	921
Planting material						
production	14	237	1	10	15	247
Vermi-culture	35	708	2	24	37	732
Mushroom						
Production	41	848	5	90	46	938
Bee-keeping	31	608	3	53	34	661
Sericulture	9	145			9	145
Repair and					-	
maintenance of farm						
machinery and						
implements	28	537	1	27	29	564
Value addition	42	744	3	60	45	804
Small scale	1115	1000	- 12	00	440	004
processing	12	171	1	20	13	191
Post Harvest	-				4.00	171
Technology	15	286		120	15	286
Tailoring & Stitching	17	316			17	316
Stitching	17	316			17	316
Rural Crafts	35	551	8	141	43	692
Production of quality	20	201	0	1.41	40	072
animal products	11	241			11	241
Dairying	54	943	1	20	55	963
Sheep and goat	Det.	343		20	23	903
rearing	34	725	1	20	35	745
Quail farming	2	20		20	200	20
	4	71			2 4	71
Piggery Rabbit farming	3		7		3	
	34	35	7	122		35
Poultry production	7.0	694		122	41	816
Ornamental fisheries	19	217		-	19	217
Composite fish	2	101				101
culture	6	101	-		6	101
Freshwater prawn culture	1	16			1	1.5
CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		15			1	15
Shrimp farming	10	10	-		10	10
Pearl culture	10	130	-	-	10	130
Cold water fisheries	7	95	-	-	7	95
Fish harvest and pro-	79	0.0		200		
cessing technology	7	95	1	20	8	115
Fry and fingerling	-	10			-	100
rearing	1	10	-	200	1	10
Other	22	418	12	241	34	659

# 3.3 Training of extension personnel

692 courses involving 13986 extension personnel were organized in the zone, male- female ratio was 4.84:1. Major areas in which extension personnel were trained were productivity enhancement in field crops (1834), integrated pest management (1289), INM (976), production of organic inputs (755), livestock feed & fodder (569), women & child care (493) etc.



Training on Dairy processing: KVK Bareilly



Training on dhingri mushoom: KVK Champawat

Table 3.15: Training for extension personnel

Area of training	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Total	
	C	Т	C	T	C	T
Productivity						
enhancement in field						
crops	69	1731	8	103	77	1834
Integrated Pest						
Management	52	1184	7	105	59	1289
Integrated Nutrient						
management	41	926	4	50	45	976
Rejuvenation of old						
orchards	26	537	1	10	27	547
Protected cultivation						
technology	34	816	3	25	37	841
Production and use						
of organic inputs	32	740	1	15	33	755
Care & maintenance						
of farm machinery						
& implements	16	316	4	2	16	316
maintenance of farm						
machinery &						
implements	16	316	-		16	316
Gender						
mainstreaming						

TOTAL	649	13365	43	621	692	13986
Security	209	3650	8	150	217	3800
Household food	21	380			21	380
fodder production	21	512	5	57	26	569
Livestock feed and					26	240
farm animals	30	660	1	17	31	677
Management in						
for ICT application	9	175	2	- 2	9	175
Capacity building						
farmers	3	32		-	3	32
networking among						
Information						
farmers organization	24	448	-	-	24	448
Group Dynamics and						
efficient diet designing	g 16	335	2	36	18	371
Low cost and nutrient						
Child care	24	440	3	53	27	493
Women and						
SHGs 17	383			17	383	
Management of						
Formation and						
through SHGs	5	100	-0		5	100

Chapter-4

# FRONTLINE DEMONSTRATIONS

Frontline demonstration is an important activity of KVKs. It shows the production potential of improved technologies to the farmers. KVKs played important role to showcase and promote the latest varieties and other technologies related to cereals, oilseeds, pulses, vegetables, fruits, etc. to enhance the production and productivity. A total of 17078 frontline demonstrations

were organized out of which on crops (10651), horticulture 1673, fishery (20), livestock (3662) and other enterprises (489), farm implements (301). Farm implement component was addressed covering 4898.58 ha area and 10.86 ha, 21.7 ha in case of fishery and livestock respectively. In case of kitchen gardening (282) total of 264 units were also demonstrated.

Table 4.1: FLD at a glance

	1	Uttar Pradesh		1	Uttarakhand			Total	
Enterprise	Demo	Area (ha)	Units	Demo	Area (ha)	Units	Demo	Area (ha)	Units
Pulses	2147	619.51		324	31.1		2471	650.61	
Oilseeds	1444	475.25		383	26.76		1827	502.01	
Cereals	2703	973.78		850	67.82	92	3553	1041.6	-
Millets	102	36.75		200	13.75	37	302	50.5	-
Hybrids	900	226.42		378	19.95	-	1278	246.37	
Fodder	535	57.35		65	3.5	0.0	600	60.85	12
Spices	17	3.08		15	15.6	100	32	18.68	
Commercial	486	153.75	100	102	82.58	174	588	236.33	
Total (Crops)	8334	2545.89		2317	261.06		10651	2806.95	
Vegetables	833	127.9	-	780	28.11	-	1613	156.01	-
Fruits	40	11.98		20	2	-	60	13.98	
Total (Hort)	873	139.88	(*)	800	30.11	150	1673	169.99	
Fishery	10	10.86	-	10		5005	20	10.86	5005
Livestock	3527	21.7		135		6750	3662	21.7	6750
Other Enterprises	359		375	130	32	-	489	32	375
Farm Implements	301	4898.58	120		3		301	4898.58	-
Kitchen garden	177		257	105	-	7	282		264
Grand Total	13581	7616.91	632	3497	323.17	11762	17078	7940.08	12394

State: Uttar Pradesh

# 4.2 FLD on Pulses and Oilseeds

Technology demonstrations on pulses were organized on an area of 619.51 ha involving 2147 farmers and on oilseeds in an area of 475.25 ha involving 1444 farmers. The crop wise and thematic area wise information is exhibited in following tables.



#### FLD on Pulses

Table 3.15: Performance of FLDs on Pulses

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase
Pigeonpea	ICM	80	16.60	15.88	12.24	29.74
(38)	IDM	35	16.00	14.44	9.04	59.73
	INM	109	30.00	12.38	9.45	31.01
	IPM	52	35.66	13.88	14.2	-2.25
	RCT	60	18.80	13.28	11.68	13.7
	Varietal	304	57.52	14.89	12.04	23.67
	Total	640	204.58	14.13	11.44	23.51
Blackgran	n ICM	99	37.4	9.56	6.6	44.85
(20)	INM	38	11	5.12	4.43	15.58
	IPM	15	3	5.09	4.53	12.36
	IWM	15	3.25	10.5	8.55	22.81
	Varietal	140	49.2	10.86	8.14	33.42
	Total	307	103.85	8.23	6.45	27.53
Greengran	n ICM	15	3	15.1	11.6	30.17
(12)	INM	40	11	4.1	3.58	14.53
	IPM	10	2	7.8	6.85	13.87
	IWM	13	2	8.32	7.15	16.36
	Varietal	105	29.75	8.55	6.99	22.32
	Total	183	47.75	8.77	7.23	21.30
Chickpea	ICM	130	27.2	7.57	5	51.4
(26)	INM	40	12	23.55	21.59	9.08
	IPM	38	8	10.7	9.02	18.63
	IWM	26	9	7.95	6.53	21.75
	Varietal	233	51.6	9.85	8.02	22.82
	Total	467	107.8	11.92	10.03	18.84
Fieldpea (10)	Varietal	138	30.65	14.29	11.6	23.19
	Total	138	30.65	14.29	11.6	23.19
Lentil	ICM	114	30.24	10.69	6.28	70.22
(22)	INM	53	21	10.57	8.13	30.01
	IDM	8	1.6	10.3	8.7	18.39
	RCT	20	2.5	13	9.2	41.3
	Varietal	217	69.54	10.02	7.65	30.98
	Total	412	124.88	10.92	7.99	36.59
Gran	d Total	2147	619.51		1 7	-

Pigeonpea: The thirty eight KVKs conducted 640 demonstrations on pigeonpea crop that exhibited yield realization of 14.13 q/ha which was 23.51% higher than local check with net return of Rs. 44437/ha. Three KVKs attained more than 19 q/ha of yield and 6 KVKs reported yield of more than 15 q/ha in all the components. Highest

yield was obtained under integrated crop management by variety NA 2 (20.3 q/ha). In varietal evaluation Bahar variety (19.49 q/ha) out performed Pusa 991 (18.10 q/ha). Similarly, performance of component demonstrations was found considerably better under integrated disease management (19.75 q/ha) followed by integrated pest management (17.65 q/ha).



FLD on Blackgram: KVK Lalitpur

Blackgram: Twenty KVKs laid out 307 demonstrations that exhibited yield levels of 8.23 q/ha against 6.45 q/ha in local checks. A net return of Rs. 21398/ha was realized in demonstrations which was about Rs. 6000 higher over local check. PU-31 variety yielded highest (18.75 q/ha) with full package. Performance of different component demonstrations was found satisfactory like HYV (IPU-94-1)+IWM (14.10 q/ha) in Shahjahanpur district.

Greengram: Greengram was demonstrated by 12 KVKs. This crop is mainly grown as summer crop with average yield of 8.77q/ha in demonstrations against 7.23 q/ha in local check with the increase is 21.30 percent. A net return of Rs. 29463/ha was obtained from demonstrations. The highest yield was obtained under ICM (15.10 q/ha) with Pant Moong 5, @ 15kg/ha + Seed treatment + line sowing (45x15cm) in Sitapur district. In varietal evaluation highest yield was observed by variety PDM 139 (10.30q/ha) in district Kaushambi followed by Pant moong-5 (9.87 q/ha) in district Etah.

Chickpea: Twenty six KVKs conducted 467 demonstrations on chickpea by covering an area of 107.8 ha, exhibited yield of 11.92 q/ha against 10.03 q/ha of local check showing an increase of 18.8% higher than local check with net return of Rs. 18616/ha. 6 KVKs realized more than 20.0 q/ha. The highest yield of 18.10 q/ha was recorded in Pusa 372 +Rhizobium+Bentonite+



Sulphur+ Quinalphos under ICM at Shahjahnpur followed by var Avrodhi +S.T. with Rhizobium and PSB (15.92 q/ ha) at Rae bareilly.

Field pea: Ten KVKs conducted demonstrations in an area of 30.65 ha. On an average 14.29 q/ha yield of field pea was recorded in demonstrations, which was 23.19% higher over local check. Net return of Rs. 16569/ha was reported. Highest yield (18.75 q/ha) was recorded under by KVK Mainpuri for variety KPMR 522.

Lentil: Twenty two districts laid out 412 demonstrations by covering an area of 12.88 ha with lentil crop, exhibited 10.92 q/ha of productivity in demonstrations which was 36.59% higher than local check (7.99 q/ha). A net return of Rs. 25233 q/ha was realized in demonstrations. The variety Pusa Masur 5 with B + sulphur and carbendazim under ICM gave highest yield of 23 q/ha at Sahjahanpur. Under varietal evaluation the highest yield was obtained by L 4594 (17.80 q/ha) followed by HUL-57 (17 q/ha) in Sitapur district.

Table 3.12: Performance of FLDs on Oilseeds

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase
Groundnut	(11)ICM	40	16	12.55	6.99	79.54
	INM	32	8	28.3	24.34	16.27
	IPM	34	8	20.07	17.21	16.62
	IDM	10	2	28.75	24.45	17.59
	IWM	20	4	22.75	20.12	13.07
	Varietal	40	9	17.45	14.63	19.28
	Total	176	47	21.65	17.96	20.54
Sesamum	ICM	81	44	6.2	4.24	46.23
(32)	INM	129	42	5.07	3.49	45.27
	IPM	30	12	3.9	3	30
	IDM	8	2	4.04	2	102
	Varietal	291	89.35	6.63	3.48	90.52
	Total	539	209.35	5.17	3.24	59.41
Mustard	ICM	184	68.8	22.76	11.46	98.6
(44)	IDM	20	5.6	9.8	7.27	34.8
	INM	112	42	19.6	13.06	50.08
	IPM	24	8	13.53	11.37	19
	IWM	9	2	12	10.5	14.29
	Varietal	380	112.5	13.61	10.07	35.15
	Total	729	228.9	15.22	10.62	43.26
Gra	nd Total	1444	475.25	*	-	100

Groundnut: 176 demonstrations were organized on groundnut (summer & kharif season) with productivity level of 21.65 q/ha which was 20.54% higher over local practice. The net return of Rs.37332 was realized in demonstrations while it was Rs. 26858 in local check. A total of six component demonstrations were conducted. The highest yield of 28.3 q/ha was obtained in INM component (NPK S Zn + PSB 15:45:20:25:25+ 2kg/ha) followed by 20.07 q/ha in IPM (Beauveria bassiana @ 5kg/ha).



FLD on Sesamum (Pragati): KVK Lucknow

Sesamum: The demonstrations on sesamum were laid out at 539 farmers' fields on 209.35 ha area. On an average 5.17 q/ha of yield was recorded in demonstrations, which was 59.41 % higher over local check (3.24 q/ha). A net return of Rs. 19284 /ha was realized in demonstrations. The highest yield of 11.8 q/ha was recorded in INM (Seed + DAP + Forate-10G+PP+Seed Treatment).



FLD on Mustard(Pusa Mahak): KVK Deoria

Mustard: The demonstrations on mustard were laid out at 729 farmers' fields at 228.90 ha area. On an average 15.22 q/ha of yield was recorded in demonstrations, which was 43.26% higher over local check (10.62 q/ha). A net return of Rs. 24300/ha was realized in demonstrations. The highest yield of 26.5 q/ha was recorded in INM in district Saharanpur followed by improved variety Maya +Sulphur @ 25.00kg/ ha + ICM (20.45 q/ha) in Mainpuri. In varietal evaluation component the highest yield was observed in Sradha MRR 8012 (18.40 q/ha) at Kaushambi followed by Pusa Sarson 28 (18.37 q/ha) in Pilibhit district.



Table 4.4:	Performance of	of FI Ds on	Cereals ar	d Millets

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	ncrease
Cereal Cro	ps					
Paddy	ICM	45	16.8	55.32	41.99	31.75
36	IDM	30	12	45.14	38.04	18.66
	INM	95	31	46.9	39.78	17.9
	IPM	156	61.2	49.27	40.12	22.81
	IWM	66	23.4	51.61	42.82	20.53
	RCT	28	11.25	46.97	43.28	8.53
	Varietal	161	55.2	47.93	39.23	22.18
	Total	581	210.85	49.02	40.75	20.29
Scented	ICM	39	10.4	46.08	32.3	42.66
Rice (13)	IDM	16	10	41.9	28	49.64
	IWM	10	4	44.56	37.14	19.98
	Varietal	193	50.92	40.59	29.59	37.17
	Total	258	75.32	43.28	31.75	36.29
Wheat	INM	130	37.6	36.21	29.86	21.27
	IPM	16	8	36.18	28.05	28.98
	IWM	90	35.4	37.53	29.32	28
	RCT	36	13	39.07	35.73	9.35
	Varietal	389	143.34	37.06	29.93	23,82
	Total	669	242.34	37.21	30.58	21.69
Wheat	ICM	96	29.4	39.11	27.39	42.79
Timely	INM	32	12.8	34.7	30.3	14.52
Sown (24)	IDM	280	174.25	40.53	33.37	21.46
	RCT	49	12	25.45	22.05	15.42
	Varietal	280	72.12	31.12	25.8	20.62
	Total	737	300.57	34.182	27.78	23.04
Wheat	IPM	20	8	50.4	44.2	14.03
Late Sown	IWM	40	16	33.4	25.5	30.98
	INM	5	2	32.62	24.2	34,79
	Varietal		27.88	32.84	27.83	18
	Total	175	53.8	37.32	30.43	22.62
Barley (10	0.00000	8	2	29.9	24	24.58
marie) (10	Varietal		49.8	28.63	22.04	
	Total	136	51.8	29,27	23.02	
Maize (10		82	16.5	49.36		
(Market 10)	IPM	10	2	35.12		
	ICM	7	2.4	43.82		
	Varieta		18.2	32.2		
	Total	147	39.1	40.13		
Test	al Cerea		973.78		4	-
		2103	275170		10-11	150
Millet Cre	The same	50	10.5	17.55	13.46	30.39
Jowar (3)			19.5			
Bajra (3)	Varieta		17.25		15.03	120.3
4,410	Total	102	36.75			
Tota	al (Millet	102	36.75			



FLD on Paddy (NDR-118): KVK Gonda

Paddy: The demonstrations on seven thematic areas were conducted at 581 farmers' fields on 210.85 ha area. The average yield of 49.02 q/ha was achieved in demonstrations, which was 20.29 % higher over local check (40.75 q/ha). Net return of Rs. 43996/ha was realized in demonstrations. The highest yield of 79.55 q/ha was recorded in INM component with application of zinc at KVK Moradabad followed by Lucknow (74.55 q/ha) in IPM and IWM (Nominigold) in district Kannauj

161 demonstrations laid out in an area of 55.20 ha or varieties. The average yield of varieties was obtained 47.93 q/ha which was 22.18 % higher over local check (39.23 q/ha) with economic gain of Rs. 35727/ha. The highest yield was obtained by Kaushambi (82 q/ha) followed by Moradabad (52 q/ha).

Similarly, the demonstrations on scented rice in four thematic areas were organized at 258 farmers' fields on 75.32 ha area. On an average 43.28 q/ha of yield war gained, which was 36.29 % higher over local check (31.78 q/ha).

Wheat: The wheat demonstrations on different thematicareas were conducted at 669 farmers' fields covering at area of 242.34 ha. On an average 37.21 q/ha of yield was recorded in demonstrations, which was 21.69% higher over local check (30.58 q/ha). A net return of Rs. 26594hi was realized in demonstrations. The highest yield of 62.9 q/ha was recorded when water soluble fertilizer was applied under IPNM in district Saharanpur followed hunder varietal evaluation in variety WH 1105 (54.80 q/ha and HD 2932 (51.39 q/ha) in Saharanpur and Etah district respectively.

In case of timely and late sown wheat, yield of 34.1 and 37.32 q/ha was realized, showing an increase of 23.04 ard 22.65%, respectively over local check. Net returns of Ri 16786 and Rs. 32877 per ha were realized from timely and late sown demonstrations.

Barley: Ten KVKs laid out barley demonstrations at 136 farmers' fields covering an area of 51.80 ha. On an average 29.27 q/ha of yield was obtained over local check (23.02 q/ha) which was 27.15% higher over local check. A net return of Rs. 20313/ha was obtained in demonstrations. The highest yield of 41.13 q/ha was recorded by variety Jawahar Barley 1 followed by Narendra 2 (32.51 q/ha) in Agra.



FLD on Maize: KVK Kushingar

Maize: The demonstrations on maize were laid out on INM, IPM, ICM and varieties at 147 farmers' fields at 39.10 ha area. Maize is being grown in all the three crop seasons. The average yield of 40.13 q/ha was achieved in demonstrations, which was 21.77 % higher over local check. A net return of Rs. 36682 /ha was realized in demonstrations. The highest yield of 57.20 q/ha was recorded in INM component at Badaun followed by under weed management at Farrukhabad which was 48.38 q/ ha.

# Millets:

Bajra: The demonstrations on varietal evaluation of bajra were laid out at 52 farmers' fields on 17.25 ha area. On an average 33.12 q/ha of yield was recorded in demonstrations, which was 120% higher over local check (15.03 q/ha). A net return of Rs. 16711/ha was realized in demonstrations.

Jowar: The jowar demonstrations were conducted at 50 farmers' fields on 19.50 ha area. On an average 17.55 q/ha of yield was recorded in demonstrations, which was 30.39 % higher over local check (13.46 q/ha). Net income of Rs. 8563/ha was reported by farmers. The highest yield of 25.3 q/ha was noted with cultivar Super boss in district Auraiya followed by variety CSV 15 (20.15 q/ha) in Hardoi. Jowar being fodder crop has again value for livestock. Value addition may be created in the villages for enhancing their family income.

#### FLD on Vegetables

A total of 843 demonstrations on 127.90 ha were laid out on vegetables covering important crops in all the three crop seasons.

Table 4.5: FLD on Vegetables

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase
Bottlego-	ICM	5	1	395	278	42.09
urd (5)	IPM	10	2	298.6	189.5	57.57
	Varietal	18	2.4	283.33	224.71	26.09
	Total	33	5.4	325.64	230.74	41.13
Bittergo-	IPM	6	2	130.72	107.34	21.78
urd	ICM	19	1.5	214	262	-18.32
	Varietal	12	2	128.5	95	35.26
	Total	37	5.5	157.74	154.78	1.91
Pointed-	IPM	10	4	115	82.6	39.23
gourd(1)						
	Total	10	4	115	82.6	39.23
Tomato	IDM	5	2	349.95	334.25	4.7
(17)	INM	15	2.4	274	339	-19.17
	IPM	10	3	535.17	507.68	5.41
	ICM	9	1.6	409.5	306.3	33.69
	RCT	6	1	301.9	249.4	21.05
	Varietal	72	13.04	325.75	258.07	26.23
	Total	117	23.04	366.04	332.45	10.11
Frenchbear	Varietal	10	0.8	92.5	77.8	18.89
(1)	IPM	40	8	110	83.5	31.74
	Total	50	8.8	101.25	80.65	25.54
Chilli(8)	IPM	5	1	171.4	76.19	124.96
	ICM	5	1	125	82	52.44
	IDM	15	5	210	158.5	32.49
	Varietal	14	3	103	76.17	35.22
	Total	29	10	152.35	98.22	55.12
Brinjal (4)	INM	5	1	122.5	108	13.43
	IPM	10	3	292.78	256.88	13.98
	Varietal	20	2.8	276.88	197.7	40.05
	Total	35	6.8	230.72	187.53	23.03
Vegetable	ICM	10	2	75.6	60.3	25.37
pea(19)	Varietal	170	17.84	113.81	91.88	23.87
	Total	180	19.84	94.7	76.09	24.46

Gri	and Total	833	127.9		-	
	Total	77	10.05	325.64	230.74	41.13
	Varietal	36	2.8	238.17	209.55	13.66
(8)	INM	31	6	229.33	194.1	18.15
Cauliflowe	т ІСМ	10	1.25	51.1	42	21.67
	Total	16	3.2	353.83	278.17	27.2
Cabbage(3	) Varietal	16	3.2	353.83	278.17	27.2
	Total	8	2	225.8	177.8	27
Radish(1)	Varietal	8	2	225.8	177.8	27
	Total	168	18.15	189.44	165.08	14.76
	Varietal	133	10.95	208.86	185.43	12.64
	IDM	16	3.2	193.02	166.1	16.21
Onion (16)	INM	19	4	166.43	143.7	15.82
	Total	73	11.13	125.53	95.29	31.73
	Varietal	39	5.4	124.49	93.32	33.4
	IPM	16	4	108.23	89.75	20.59
	INM	8	0.73	143.9	112.6	27.8
Okra(14)	ICM	10	1	125.5	85.5	46.78

Bottle gourd: The demonstrations were conducted at 33 farmers' fields at 5.4 ha area. Average yield 325.64 q/ha was recorded in demonstrations, which was 41.13 % higher over local check (230.74 q/ha). A net profit of Rs. 187983 / ha was attained by farmers. The highest yield of 345 q/ha was recorded for Pusa Naveen variety in district Saharanpur followed by Azad Harit (320 q/ha) in Badaun.



FLD on low cost pheromone trap in Bottlegourd: KVK Sitapur-I

Bitter gourd: The demonstrations yielded 157.74 q/ha against 154.78 q/ha in local check showing an increase of only 1.91% and net return of Rs. 144971/ha in demonstrations over local check. The lower yield advantage may be due to prevalence of hybrid varieties of private companies in the area.

Pointed gourd: KVK Meerut conducted 10 demonstrations on 4 ha area. Demonstrated field exhibited yield of 115 q/ha against local check (82.60 q/ha) showing an increase of 39.23% in demonstrations. The net return of Rs. 118010/ha was reported.

Tomato: 117 demonstrations by 17 KVKs exhibited 366.04 q/ha of yield against local check (332.45 q/ha) showing an increase of 10.11 % higher. The net return of Rs. 241332 /ha was reported. The highest yield of 670.35 q/ha was recorded in district Lucknow under IPM (Imidachloprid @ 0.750 l/ha + Metarizium @ 5.0 kg/ha) followed by variety NS 585 (560 q/ha) at Rae bareilly and Arka Rakshak (427.43 q/ha) at Kannauj district.

Frenchbean: KVK, Bulandshahr and Bijnour laid out 50 demonstrations on 8.8 ha area with IPM and varietal aspects. The average yield was observed 101.25 q/ha showing an increase of 25,54% over local check (80.65 q/ha) and net return of Rs. 92992/ha.

Chilli: 8 KVKs laid out twenty nine demonstrations on five different components with average yield 152.35 q/ha showing an increase of 55.12% over local check (98.22 q/ha) and net return of Rs. 148362/ha.

Brinjal: Thirty five demonstrations were carried out an area of 6.8 ha by four KVKs on INM, IPM and varietal interventions showed yield potential of 230.12 q/ha against 187.53 q/ha in checks, showing an increase of 23.03 % and net profit of Rs. 222093/ha whereas, variety+IPM resulted yield of 585.85 q/ha at district Lucknow followed by 348.75 q/ha at district Jalaun.

Vegetable Pea: A total of 180 demonstrations laid out by 19 KVKs with two interventions namely ICM and Varietal evaluation on 19.84 ha area. The average yield was observed 94.70 q/ha against 76.09 q/ha in local check with an increase of 24.46% and net return of Rs. 75886/ha. The highest yield was obtained by the variety Pusa Pragati (110 q/ha) at Meerut followed by Azad P 3 (94.50 q/ ha) and VL 7 (88.3 q/ha) at Faizabad and Lucknow, respectively.

Okra: The fourteen KVKs conducted demonstrations on 15.30 ha are with involvement of 73 farmer's field exhibited average yield of 125.53 q/ha against 95.29 q/ha in local check with an increase of 31.73% and net return of Rs. 71114/ha. Five KVKs attained the yield more than 100 q/ha on different interventions whereas, 163 q/ha yield obtained under by hybrid variety Deepika at district Mahoba followed by Kuber (140.0 q/ha) at district Rae bareily and 125 q/ha in ICM at district Meerut when grown as intercrop with sugarcane.

Onion: The onion demonstrations on different thematic areas were conducted at 168 farmers' fields covering 18.15 ha area by 10 KVKs. The average yield was obtained under demonstration was 189.44 q/ha against local check yield of 165.08 q/ha showing an increase of 14.76% and net return of Rs. 194782/ha. The highest yield 247.2 q/ha was obtained with varity Agri found dark red at district Auraiya followed by 222.56 q/ha with Agri found dark red + sulphur in district Kannauj.

Radish: KVK, Rampur conducted eight demonstrations in an area of 2 ha with yield level of 225.8 q/ha against check yield of 177.0 q/ha showing an increase of 27% and net return of Rs. 30000/ha.

Cabbage: Three KVKs conducted demonstrations at 16 farmer's fields in an area of 3.2 ha on varietal ealuation with yield level of 353.83 q/ha against check yield of 278.17 q/ha showing an increase of 27.20% and net return of Rs. 165400/ha. The highest yield 610 q/ha was recorded with variety Primero in district Firozabad followed by 267.5 q/ha with Prateek in district Jalaun.

Cauliflower: A total of 77 demonstrations were conducted in an area of 10.05 ha by eight KVKs on integrated crop management, integrated nutrient management and varietal evaluation with yield level of 325.64 q/ha against local check yield of 230.74 q/ha showing an increase of 41.13% and net return of Rs. 114144/ha. Highest yield of 251.52 q/ha was recorded with cultivar Sabour Agrim in district Kannauj followed by 248 q/ha with variety Agaheni in Jalaun and 238 q/ ha with early quari + INM in district Kannauj.

#### 4.6 FLD on Fruits

Table 4. 6: Physical achievement of FLD on Fruits

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase
Mango (2)	IPM	15	5	170	120	41.67
Guava (2)	IPM	25	6.98	346.25	240	44.27
	Total	40	11.98	258.13	180	42.97

Demonstrations on mango and guava were conducted on 40 farmer's field on an 11.98 ha area by four KVKs. The average yield in mango demonstrations was 170 q/ha which was 41.67 % higher than local check yield (120.0 q/ha) with net return of Rs. 207500/ ha while in guava the average yield was obtained by 346. 25 q/ ha which was 44.27 higher than local check. The net return from guava was Rs.268220/ha.

#### 4.7 FLD on Spices

In Uttar Pradesh, total 17 demonstrations were conducted on spices in an area of 3.08 ha area.

Table 4.7: FLD on Spices

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	Increase
Garlic (1)	Varietal	8	0.08	74.85	53.7	39.39
	IPM	5	2	58.55	53.7	9.03
Tota	l (Garlic)	13	2.08	66.7	53.7	24.21
Turmeric (1)	ICM	4	1	336.6	232	45.09
Total Spic	e Crops	17	3.08	13		5.83

Garlie: KVK, Mainpuri conducted demonstration at 13 farmers' fields in an area of 2.08 ha resulted yield of 66.70 q/ha against 53.70 q/ha in local check showing an increase of 24.21%. The net return was Rs. 112580/ha.

Turmeric: KVK Kaushambi conducted demonstration at 4 farmers' fields in one ha area under guava orchard resulted yield of 336.60 q/ha against 232 q/ha in local check showing an increase of 45.09%. The net return was Rs. 363700/ha with benefit cost ratio of 2.9.

# 4.8 FLD on Commercial crops

Sugarcane: The eight KVKs conducted demonstration at 129 farmers' fields in an area of 50.4 ha resulted yield of 725.02 q/ha against 599.94 q/ha in local check showing an increase of 20.85%. The net return was Rs. 146600/ha. The highest yield of 850q/ha obtained by variety CoS 07250 in district Muzaffarnagar followed by 825q/ha with IPM components in district Meerut Nagar and 810 q/ha at Muzaffarnagar.

Potato: A total of 249 demonstrations laid out by 14 KVKs with four interventions namely ICM, INM, IPM and IDM on 82.9 ha area. The average yield of 324.86 q/ha with an increase of 16.48 % over local check (269.39 q/ha) was obtained. The net return of Rs. 172421 per ha was realized by the farmers.

Table 4.8: FLD on Commercial crops

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase
Sugarcane	ICM	20	10	714.03	6077.93	17.45
(8)	INM	45	16	635.8	478.58	32.85
	IPM	60	24	700.25	563.25	24.32
	Varietal	4	0.4	850	750	13.33
	Total	129	50.4	725.02	599.94	20.85
Potato (14	ICM	6	2	371.6	325.7	14.09
	INM	51	11.4	316.75	284.27	11.43
	IPM	20	5	297.68	252.67	17.81
	IDM	172	64.3	313.4	255.67	22.58
	Total	249	82.9	324.86	279.58	16.48
Flower (6	)					
Bela	INM	14	0.8	52.98	49.23	7.62
Gladiolus	INM	19	2	17749	9 16250	0 9.23
	IDM	30	7.4	18580	0 16250	0 14.3
Total		49	9.4	181649	.5 16250	0 11.75
Marigolo	1 Variet	al 45	10.25	178.0	6 143.2	4 24.3
GT (Con	mercial	486	153.7	5 -		10

Bela: KVK, Kannauj conducted demonstration at 14 farmers' fields in an area of 0.80 ha area with INM intervention resulted of 52.98 q/ha yield against 53.70 q/ha in local check showing an increase of 7.62%. The net return was Rs. 306665/ha.



FLD on Glaidolus(Frindship):KVK Barabanki



FLD on marigold: KVK Baharaich

# 4.9 FLD on Fodder

Agriculture without livestock is not complete therefore, the feed and fodder requirement is very much essential for nutritional security to the livestock. Therefore, different fodder crops demonstrations advocated at the farmers' fields to feed the animal population in the rural areas as concentrate roughages and green fodder for maintained their good health and enhanced the milk, meat and wool production.

Sorghum: Three KVKs conducted demonstration at 40 farmers' fields in an area of 7.6 ha resulted yield of 478.45 q/ha against 375.97 q/ha in local check showing an increase of 26.6%. The net return was Rs. 41120/ha with benefit cost ratio of 2.84. The highest yield of 663.0 q/ha obtained under variety in district Unnaofollowed by 607.34 q/ha in district Lucknow



FLD on cowpea (Kashi Kanchan)



Cowpea: KVK, Kanpur Dehat and Pratapgarh conducted 9 demonstrations at 0.65ha and resulted yield of 140 q/ha against 130 q/ha in local check showing an increase of 7.69%. The net return was Rs. 13412/ha with benefit cost ratio of 2.06.

Pearl millet: KVK, Sitapur-2 laid out five demonstrations on 3 ha area. The average yield was obtained by 190 q/ha over local check (158.80 q/ha) which was 19.65 % higher.

Sudan Grass: 40 demonstrations were laid out by KVK, Lucknow and Fatehpur in an area of 5.0 ha. The average yield was 246.5 q/ ha which was 20.24 % higher than local check (205 q/ha).



FLD on Berseem: KVK Fatehpur (U.P.)

Berseem: The seventeen KVKs conducted 207 demonstrations on 23.5 ha area with an average yield of 541.90 q/ha against 452.60 q/ha in local check. The yield gain was 10.15% higher over local check. A net return of Rs, 40708/ha was obtained under demonstrations. The highest yield (810q/ha) was obtained in district Sitapur with variety BL 10 followed by Unnao (793 q/ha).

Oat: A total of 219 demonstrations were laid out by 13 KVKs in an area of 16.6 ha with an average yield of 428.14 q/ha against 359.13 q/ha in local check. The yield gain was 20.38% higher over local check.

A net return ranges from Rs. 15100 to 669132/ha with different varieties and locations was obtained under demonstrations. The highest yield (812 q/ha) was obtained in district Agra with variety Ball green followed by 518q/ha with variety JHO-822 in districts Pratapgarh.

Nutrified Fodder: Demonstrations on nutrified fodder was conducted by KVK Saharanpur on one ha area with 15 demonstrations. The yield was 480 q/ha which was 43.28% higher over farmer's practice.

Table 4.9: Physical achievement of FLD on fodder crops

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase
Sorghum	Varietal	6	0.6	165	133	24.06
(3)						
	Fodder producti	10 ion	2.0	663	531	24.86
	ICM	24	5.0	607.34	463.92	30.91
	Total	40	7.6	478.45	375.97	26.61
Cowpea	Varietal	9	0.65	140	130	7.69
(1)						
	Total	9	0.65	140	130	7.69
Pearl millet		5	3.0	190	158.8	19.65
(1)	Fodder product	ion				
	Total	5	3.0	190	158.8	19.65
Sudan (2)	ICM	10	2.0	251	209	20.1
	Fodder producti	30 ion	3.0	242	201	20.4
	Total	40	5.0	246.5	205	20.24
Berseem (17)	Fodder product	151 ion	18.1	588.79	455.8	29.18
	Varietal	56	5.4	495.01	449.4	10.15
	Total	207	23.5	541.9	452.6	19.67
Oat (13)	Fodder product	158 ion	12.6	458.17	409	12.02
	Varietal	61	4.0	398.1	309.25	28.73
	Total	219	16.6	428.14	359.13	20.38
Nutrifeed I	Fodder production	15	1.0	480	335	43.28
	G. Total	535	57.35			

#### 4.10 FLDs on livestock and fishery

Demonstrations on different interventions on livestock were carried out. 3527 demonstrations were laid out on enhancing milk yield, disease management, nutritional management & Diary, etc. 15 KVKs conducted 327 demonstrations on cattle, 16 KVKs on Buffalo with 353 demonstrations, 1 KVK on poultry with 5 demonstrations, 8 KVKs on Sheep & Goat with 1218 demonstration, 7 KVKs on vaccination with 1559 demonstrations, 10 demonstrations were conducted as composite fish culture & 55 as milk production



Tale 4.10 FLD conducted on livestock

Category/No. of KVKs	No. of Farmers	No. of Unites/Area
Cattle (15)	327	10.84
Buffalo (16)	353	758
Poultry (1)	5	5
Sheep & Goat (8)	1218	12
Vaccination (7)	1559	2037
Composite fish culture (2)	10	10.86
Milk production (3)	55	65
Total	3527	2877/21.70

# 4.10 FLD on Hybrid crops

Hybrid Oilseed: Four KVKs laid out 127 demonstrations on hybrid mustard on 54.40 ha area. The average yield of mustard (15.41 q/ha) was recorded over local check (12.08 q/ha) and percent increase was 27.57 over local check. The highest yield was 17 q/ ha was obtained at Mathura in variety RH 749 followed by 16.5 q/ha with variety NRCHB 101 at district Etah. The net return was Rs. 27905/ha.

Hybrid Cereals: The thirty KVKs laid out demonstrations on paddy, maize and bajra hybrid varieties at 545 farmers' fields in an area of 132.20 ha. The demonstration yield of paddy (61.50 q/ha), maize (90.98 q/ha) and bajra (37.88 q/ha) was recorded. The percentage yield increase was 28.53, 19.90 and 21.92% respectively over local check



FLD on cauliflower: KVK Ghaziabad



FLD on Chilli: KVK Baharaich

Hybrid Vegetables: The thirty three KVKs conducted 223 demonstrations on important hybrid vegetable crops in 26.02 ha area. Among the vegetables, brinjal registered yield q/ha (294.80), cabbage (369.73), okra (152.40), cauliflower (235.30), chilli (221.37), tomato (367.59), bitter gourd (128.50), Bottle gourd (323.33), Sponge gourd (373.00) French bean (102.00) and pumpkin (261.00). The percentage yield increase was 7.05, 27.44, 45.38, 32.75, 127.82, 30.43, 35.26, 25.87, 49.20, 33.51 and 46.63 respectively over local check.

Table 4.11: FLD on Hybrid crops

Crop/ No. of KVKs	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	Increase
Oilseed					
Mustard (4)	127	54.4	15.41	12.08	27.57
Total (Oilseed)	127	54.4	15.41	12.08	27.57
Cereal crop					
Paddy (19)	304	70.55	61.5	47.85	28.53
Maize (4)	159	33.25	90.98	75.88	19.9
Bajra (7)	82	28.4	37.88	31.07	21.92
Total (Cereal)	545	132.2		-	
Vegetable					
Brinjal (3)	25	4.8	294.8	274.01	7.05
Cabbage (3)	22	3.5	369.73	290.13	27.44
Okra(2)	15	1.74	152.4	104.83	45.38
Cauliflower (3)	15	2.6	235.3	177.25	32.75
Chilli (3)	19	4	221.37	97.17	127.82
Tomato (11)	78	14.18	367.59	281.84	30.43
Bitter gourd (1)	12	2	128.5	95	35.26
Bottle gourd (4)	21	3.75	323.33	256.87	25.87
Sponge gourd (1)	8	0.75	373	250	49.2
French bean (1)	5	0.5	102	76.4	33.51
Pumpkin(1)	3	1	261	178	46.63
Total Veg. Crops	223	38.82	*	1.5	
Fodder					
Makkhan Grass (1)	5	1	-	-	-
Total (Hybrid)	900	226.42	13	1/2-1	-



# 4.12 FLD on Other Enterprises

Five KVKs demonstrated mushroom production (button, oyster and dhingri) at 50 farmers fields covering 150 units and total production was 295.5kg in Uttar Pradesh; whereas 9 KVKs demonstrated value addition covering 189 farmers in 225 units. Bio compost at 120 farmers' fields covering with the production of 4 q/unit

Table 4.12: Physical achievement of FLD on other enterprises

Name of the	Uttar Pradesh					
implement/ No. of KVKs	No. of Farmer	Area (ha)	No. of units			
Button Mushroom	1	10	10			
Oyster Mushroom	4	40	140			
Value Addition	9	189	225			
Bio Compost	4	120	120			
Total	18	359	495			

# 4.13 FLD on farm implements & machinery

Twenty two KVKs demonstrated implements (Potato Planter, Rotavator, Power spray, ZT Machine, bed planter, Deep ploughing, Groundnut decorticator, Naveen Sickle, Reeper and Binder, Subsoiler, and maize sheller) covering an area of 211.86 ha by involving 277 farmers in Uttar Pradesh. 4586.72 kg maize and 100 kg groundnut were taken out from maize sheller and groundnut decorticator by involving 24 farmers in 3 KVKs.



Implementation of SRI at farmers field: KVK Azamgarh



FLD on Paddy Drum seeder: KVK Gonda

Table 4.13: Physical achievement of FLD on Farm implements & machinery

Name of the implement/	Uttar Pi	radesh	
No. of KVKs	No. of Farmer	Area (ha)	
Potato Planter (1)	5	2	
Rotavator (2)	13	5	
Power spray	15	6	
ZT Machine (7)	63	24.76	
Bed planter	10	4	
Deep ploughing	20	10	
Groundnut decorticator	6	5.6	
Groundnut stripper	10	0	
Naveen Sickle (1)	110	110	
Reeper and Binder (1)	5	1	
Subsoiler(1)	5	2.5	
Maize sheller	15	41	
Total	277	211.86	
Maize Sheller (2)	19	4586.72	
Groundnut Decorticator (1)	5	100	
Total	24	4686.72	
Grand Total	301	4898.58	

# 4.14 FLD on Kitchen Gardening

A total 177 demonstrations in 257 sq meter area at 9 districts in farmers fields were organized with production of 143.02 q/ha.



Table 4.14: FLD on Kitchen Gardening

Name of the	No. of	No. of	Area	Yield	(q/ha)	% change
technology demonstrated	KVKs	Farmer	(sq m)	Demon.	Check	in yield
Growing of some leafy vegetable	1	20	20	88	40	120
Nutrition Food Security	5	67	67	88.75	26	241.35
Layout of kitchen garden and improved variety	3	90	170	252.33	158	59.7
Total	9	177	257		-	

State: Uttarakhand

# 4.15 FLD on Pulses

Pigeonpea: Two KVKs organized demonstrations on pigeonpea variety VL Arhar-1. The variety gave the 12.76/ha yield which was 166.39% higher over local checks were (4.79 q/ha). The net return was observed Rs. 33620/ha with cost benefit ratio of 2.97.

Blackgram: An average yield of 8.62 q/ha was reported in demonstrations against 5.38 q/ha in local checks. The net return was Rs. 17193/ha with cost benefit ratio of 1.95.

Lentil: The four KVKs conducted 109 demonstration on varietal evaluation in 6.3 ha area. The variety VLM 126 gave highest yield (7.9 q/ha) over local check (6.5 q/ha) followed by VLM 103 (6.9 q/ha) over local check with net return of Rs. 18136/ha.

Horsegram and Black Soybean: The demonstrations on horsegram (7.84 q/ha) and black soybean (10.11 q/ha) indicated significant gains. The yield advantage of 40.48 percent in horse gram and 57.72 % in Black soybean was observed.

Table 4.15: FLD on Pulses

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield
Pigeonpea (5)	Varietal	39	3	12.76	4.79	166.39
	Total	39	3	12.76	4.79	166.39
Blackgram (3)	ICM	25	5	8.62	5.38	60.22
	Total	25	5	8.62	5.38	60.22
Lentil(2)	Varietal	109	6.3	7.4	6.16	20.03

	Total	109	6.3	7.4	6.16	20.03
Horsegram	Varietal	43	1.5	9.19	8.2	12.07
(3)						
	1CM	15	3	8.19	5.83	40.48
	Total	58	4.5			
Black Soyabean (2)	ICM	15	3	10.11	6.41	57.72
	Total	15	3	10.11	6.41	57.72
G.T	L(Pulses)	246	21.8	-		1770

#### 4.16 FLD on Oilseeds

Mustard: Four KVKs conducted 66demonstrations on 9.66 ha area with average yield of 17.64 q/ha which was 57.22% higher over local check (11.45 q/ha).

Toria: KVK Champawat conducted 22 demonstration on variety VL 3. The highest yield of 9.5 q/ha was observed which was 24.18% higher over local checks. The net return was Rs. 11950/ ha with cost benefit ratio of 2.33.

Soybean: Nine KVKs laid out demonstrations on various interventions like ICM, INM, weed management and varietal evaluation. The average yield was 16.85 q/ha which was 30.88 % higher over farmer's practice (13.04 q/ha). The INM + variety PS 1347 resulted yield of 20.83 q/ha followed by varietal VLS 47 (16.63 q/ha)

Table 4.16: Thematic area wise physical achievement of FLD on oilseeds

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield
Mustard	ICM	40	6	16.5	10.22	61.45
(4)	Varietal	6	2	19.8	12	65
	IPM	20	1.66	16.63	11.45	45.2
	Total	66	9.66	17.64	11.22	57.22
Toria	Varietal	22	0.5	9.5	7.65	24,18
	Total	22	0.5	9.5	7.65	24,18
Soybean	INM	14	1	20.78	17.37	19.63
(9)	Varietal	101	3.6	15.26	11.5	32.7
	ICM	92	7	15.3	11.27	35.76
	IWM	25	0.5	16.06	12	33.83
	Total	232	12.1	16.85	13.04	30.48
G	rand Total	320	22.46	•3		



# 4.17 FLD on Cereals and Millets

Paddy: 338 demonstrations were laid out in an area of 29.26 ha. Average yield in demonstrations varied between 27.06 to 55.66 q/ha under different thematic areas showing an increase of 13.75 to 56.90 % with average productivity of 38.66 q/ha. The yield gain obtained was 26.54%.



FLD on wheat: KVK Dehradun

Wheat: Nine KVKs conducted 429 demonstrations on 34.70 ha area on timely and late sown wheat with varietal and ICM interventions. An average yield of 28.75 q/ha was reported showing an increase of 32.99% over local check.

Maize: Three KVKs conducted 32 demonstrations on variety Vivek maize 1 which yielded 22.0 q/ha against 16.5 q/ha in local check with increase of 33.33% higher.

Millets: Three KVKs conducted demonstrations on millets varieties obtained average yield of 15.64 q/ha. The barnyard millet resulted yield of 14.55 q/ha and 2 KVKs organized finger millet demonstrations with yield of 16.74 q/ha. The yield advantage was ranges between 43 to 70 % over local checks. 106 demonstrations on barnyard millet showed yield levels of 14.55 q/ha against 9.15 q/ha of local checks showing increase of 61.38%.

Table 4.17: Thematic area wise physical achievement of FLD on Cereals & Millets

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield
Paddy (12)	ICM	100	11	35.57	28.23	26
	INM	17	5	55.66	45.45	22.39
	IPM	20	1.66	43.25	35.15	23.04
	IWM	68	2.6	27.06	23.1	17.14
	Varietal	108	8	43.18	27.52	56.9
	IDM	25	1	27.3	24	13.75

	Total	338	29.26	38.66	30.58	26.54
Wheat (9)	ICM	189	19.6	23.8	19	25.26
	Varietal	240	15.1	33.65	24.2	39.05
	Total	429	34.7	28.75	21.6	32.99
Maize(3)	Varietal	32	1	22	16.5	33.33
	Total	32	1:	22	16.5	33.33
Total (Cer	eals)	799	65.36		-5	
Millets						
Barnyard	Varietal	100	6	11.6	6.8	70.59
Millet (3)	ICM	6	0.75	17.5	11.5	52.17
	Total	106	6.75	14.55	9.15	61.38
Finger	Varietal	60	5	13.97	9.72	43.72
millet(2)	ICM	34	2	19.5	12.5	56
	Total	94	7	16.74	11.11	49,86
Total (Mill	let)	200	13.75	15.64	10.13	55.62

# 4.18 FLD on Vegetables

A total of 651 demonstrations were carried out in vegetable crops namely on 26.29 ha area. Higher yield gains ranging between 6.90 to 67.78% was obtained in different thematic areas.

The average yield levels tomato (242.53 q/ha), frenchbean (78.91q/ha), capsicum (119.30 q/ha), chilli (138 q/ha), brinjal (465 q/ha), vegetable pea (65.22 q/ha), okra (79.66 q/ha), spinach (161.36 q/ha) and amaranthus (12.67 q/ha) were reported in demonstrations.

Table 4.18: Thematic area wise physical achievement of FLD on Vegetables

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield
Tomato (5)	Varietal	51	2.2	242.531	170.7	42.08
	Total	51	2.2	242.531	170.7	42.08
Frenchbe-	Varietal	45	1.59	87.82	69.33	26.67
an (6)	ICM	15	1	70	40	75
	Total	60	2.59	78.91	54.67	50.84
Capsicum	Varietal	105	1.1	119.3	90.67	31.58
(6)						
	Total	105	1.1	119.3	90.67	31.58
Chilli (1)	Varietal	64	0.7	138	91	51.65
Brinjal(1)	Varietal	10	0.2	465	308	50.97
Vegetable	ICM	90	3	50.5	37	36.49
pea (10)	IDM	15	1	49.06	37.53	30.72

C	rand Total	651	26.29			
	Total	38	0.2	151	90	67.78
Kale(1)	ICM	38	0.2	151	90	67.78
	Total	88	9.7	12.67	9.05	40.04
	IPM	20	0.7	13.6	9.5	43.16
us	ICM	32	5	10.5	7.5	40
Amranth-	Varietal	36	4	13.9	10.15	36.95
	Total	41	0.6	161.36	122	32,55
(1)	Varietal	16	0.5	142.71	124	15.09
Total Spinach	Varietal	25	0.1	180	120	50
Okra(1)	Varietal	10	0.2	79.66	74.52	6.9
	Total	184	8.8	65.22	49.47	33.04
	Varietal	61	4	97.33	77.354	25.82
	1PM	18	0.8	64	46	39.13

# 4.19 FLD on Fruits

The demonstrations on ICM in Mango (10) showed yield of 218.50 q/ha in demonstrations over 123.7 q/ha in local check, a difference of 76.54%.

Table 4.19: FLD on Fruits

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield
Mango	ICM	10	1	218.5	123.77	76.54
- 17000 CHESCO	Total	10	1	218.5	123.77	76.54

# 4.20 FLD on Commercial crop

Demonstrations were laid out on IWM and IPM in sugarcane and potato, respectively on 4.58 ha area. Sugarcane demonstrations yielded 762 q/ha over local check (630 q/ha) which was 21 % higher over it. While Potato yield potential of 190.88 q/ha showed percentage gain of 45.47% over local check. Potato demonstrations were laid in hill areas. The net profit of Rs. 62850 per ha from potato were realized

Table 4.20: FLD on Commercial crop

Crop/No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield
Sugarcane (8)	IWC	5	2	762	630	21
Potato (14	IPM	77	2.58	190.88	128.55	45.47
Gra	nd Total	82	2.58			

# 4.21 FLD on Fodder

Five KVKs conducted 25 demonstrations on different Barseem crops in an area of 2 ha. The average yield was 316.4 (q/ha) was obtained which was 37.20 % higher over local check (279.20 q/ha)

Crop/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	Increase in yield
Berseem- F(5)	ICM	25	2	316.4	279.2	37.2
Total		25	2	316.4	279.2	37.2





FLD on Berseem (Vardhan) and Gahat: KVK Almora

# 4.22 FLD on livestock

A total of 60 demonstrations were laid out on enhancing milk yield, disease management, nutrition management to Dairy in cattle and buffalo etc., 75 demonstrations were conducted on poultry farming and 10 demonstrations were conducted as composite fish culture.

Table 4.22: FLD on livestock

Category/ No. of KVKs	Thematic Area	No. of Farmers	Units
Cattle (5)	Milk Production	10	25
Carrie (3)	Nutrition management	30	30
	Total (Cattle)	40	55
Buffalo	Nutrition management	20	40
Poultry (6)	Poultry farming	10	500
Pounty (0)	Breed	65	1150
	Total (Poutry)	75	1650
Fishery (2)	Composite Fish Culture	10	5005
Pisitery (2)	GT (Livestock)	145	6750

# 4.23 FLD on Hybrid crops

Hybrid Oilseed: One KVK laid out demonstrations on mustard hybrid at 10 farmers' fields in an area of 2.00 ha. The demonstration yield was 20.40 q/ha which was 45.71% higher over local check (14.0 q/ha).

Hybrid Cereals: Four KVKs conducted demonstrations on paddy and maize hybrids in 34 farmer's field in an area of 8 ha. The paddy demonstration yield (92.40 q/ha) and maize yield (48.60 q/ha) was observed in demonstrated fields. Percentage yield increase of 84.06 and 133.65 % higher over local check.

Hybrid Vegetables: Demonstrations were conducted by 5 KVKs at 334 farmers' fields in an area of 9.95 ha on cabbage, capsicum, tomato & summer squash, brinjal, okra and cauliflower.Cauliflower resulted 491.34 q/ha yield followed by tomat resulted 478.86 q/ ha. The percentage yield increase was 26.76 and 54.19 q/ha over local check.

Table 4.23: FLD on Hybrid crops

Crop/ No. of KVKs	No. of Farmers	Area (ha)	Demo Yield (q/ha)	Check Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield
Oilseed					
Mustard (1)	10	2	20.4	14	45.71
Cereal crop					
Paddy (3)	30	6	92.4	50.2	84.06
Maize (1)	4	2	48.6	20.8	133.65
Total (Cereal)	34	8			
Vegetable					
Cabbage (2)	25	1.3	379.66	301.44	25.95
Chilli (1)	10	0.5	80.6	64.26	25.43
Tomato (2)	119	2.15	478.86	310.57	54.19
Summer Squash (1)	47	1	270	177.5	52.11
Brinjal (3)	113	3	361.11	281.95	28.08
Okra(2)	10	1	204.06	146.32	39.46
Cauliflower(2)	10	1	491.34	387.62	26.76
Total (Veg)	334	9.95			
GT (Hybrid)	368	17.95	-	. 31	17.

# 4.24 FLD on Other Enterprises

Four KVKs demonstrated mushroom trench opener and maize sheller at 20 farmers fields covering 15.0 ha area while two KVKs conducted low tunnel poly house demonstrations with involvement of 10 farmers on 10 ha area for raising disease free nursery of vegetable crops.

Table 4.24: FLD on Other Enterprises

Name of the implement/	Uttar Pradesh			
No. of KVKs	No. of Farmer	Area (ha)		
Trench opener (2)	10	5		
Maize seller (2)	10	10		
Low tunnel poly house (2)	10	10		
Total	30	25		

# 4.25 FLD on Kitchen Gardening:

105 demonstrations laid out at 105 farmers field for nutritional gardens for adequate availability of fresh vegetables for the nutritional security of the family.

Table 4.25: FLD on Kitchen Gardening

Category/ No. of KVKs	KVK	Demon.	Area	Units
Poly tunnel	1	5	5.0	5
Nutritional Garden	3	100	2.0	2
Total	4	105	7.0	7



## TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT AND REFINEMENT

## 5.1 Crop Related Technology Assessment

KVKs of Zone IV, conducted on farm trials in 13 major thematic areas. In both the states (Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand) of this zone, 280 technologies were tested with involvement of 2149 farmers. The KVKs of Uttar Pradesh assessed 224 technologies with active participation of 1804 farmers while KVKs of Uttarakhand assessed 56 technologies with involvement of 345 farmers. Cereals, pulses, oilseeds, vegetables, fruits, cash crops, etc. were assessed under different thematic areas namely Integrated nutrient management (41), integrated pest management (34), integrated disease management (43), integrated crop management (34), weed management (11), varietal evaluation (54), resource conservation technologies (27), drudgery reduction (5), farm machinery (3), integrated farming system (6) and post harvest management (4) etc.



Control of Pod borer in Pigeon pea :KVK Baharaich



OFT on paddy: KVK Mainpuri

Table 5.1: Crop related technologies assessed by KVK

Thematic	Utt	tar P	rades	h U	ttaral	khand	G	rand	Tota
Area	C	1	T	C	T	TR	C	7	T
Integrated Nutrient Managemen	17	36	254	5	5	37	22	41	29
Varietal evaluation	24	35	515	16	19	89	40	54	604
IPM	21	29	196	5	5	22	26	34	
ICM	15	30	196	4	4	41	19	34	
IDM	14	30	243	10	13	98	24	43	341
Weed Management	9	9	91	2	2	7	11	11	98
RCT	8	24	97	3	3	15	11	27	112
Farm Machinary	3	3	9	à			3	3	9
Integrated Farming System	3	6	21				3	6	21
Small Scale Income Generation	2	8	43	-			2	8	43
Post Harvest/ Value Addition	4	4	58				4	4	58
Drudgery									
reduction	3	4	23	1	1	5	4	5	28
Storage									
Technique	2	3	45	1	1	5	3	4	50
Others	3	3	13	3	3	26	6	6	39
Total	128	224	1804	50	56	345	178	280	2149

C: No. of crops; T: No. of Technologies; TR: No. of Trials



OFT on Fish: KVK Allahabad

#### 5.2 Assessment of Livestock Technologies

A total of 57 technologies were assessed under livestock management by KVKs of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand with active participation of 690 beneficiaries. The technologies related to different thematic areas like disease management (10), evaluation of breeds (8), feed and fodder management (7), nutritional management (13), production and management (13) and others (6) were assessed,

Table 5.2 : Assessment of livestock technologies

Thematic Area	Enterprises		ttar desh		tara and	Grand Total	
Thematic Area		T	TR	T	TR	T	TR
Disease management	Cattle, Buffalo, Goat, Sheep, Poultry	10	239			10	239
Evaluation of breeds	Goat, Sheep, Poultry	3	31	5	117	8	148
Feed and fodder management	Cattle Paddy straw Berseem Fodder	6	31	1	36	7	67
Nutrition management	Cattle, Buffalo, Goat, Sheep, Poultry, Fisheries	12	116	1	10	13	126
Production and management	Cattle, Buffalo, Goat, Sheep, fish, poultry Poultry	10	50	3	8	13	58
Others	Feeding of probiotics Fisheries Poultry	6	52	*		6	52
E BOOK	Total	47	519	10	171	57	690

T: No. of Technologies; TR: No. of Trials

#### 5.3 Assessment of Technologies related to Enterprises

Thematic areas like household food security (2) and nutritional garden (4) were taken up for assessment. 109 beneficiaries were involved in different enterprises. Kitchen gardening, house hold security, vermi culture, etc. were considered as an economic activity and to support nutritional security of the farmers.



Variatal evaluation of Tomato: KVK Kannauj



Stem Borer Treatment in Mango at Farmer's Field: KVK Budaun

Table 5.3 : Assessment of livestock technologies

Thematic Area	Enterprises	Uttar Pradesh		Uttura khand		Grand Total	
		T	TR	T	TR	T	TR
Nutritional garden	Kitchen garden	2	33	2	16	4	49
House hold food security	Iron rich diet, growing seasonal fruits & vegetables	2	60	-		2	60
	Total	4	93	2	16	6	109

T: No. of Technologies; TR: No. of Trials



Tomato crop infected with bacterial wilt: KVK Dehradun



Infestation of shoot and fruit borer: KVK Dehradun

### 5.4 Refinement of Technologies

KVKs took initiatives for refinement of technologies related to crop and livestock components in different agroclimatic situations. 123 technologies were addressed for refinement under different thematic areas like integrated pest management (20), integrated nutrients management (21), integrated crop management (10), integrated disease management and weed management (14) each, varietal evaluation (32), resource conservation technology (4), etc. Under livestock component, 11 technologies were tested including feed and fodder management (1), nutritional management (2), production management (1), disease management (4) and Breed Evaluation (3) etc. 222 trials were conducted covering thematic areas like Disease management, livestock management and nutrition management, etc

Table 5.4: Refinement of crop related technologies

Thematic	Utt	ar Pr	adesh	Ut	tarak	hand	G	rand	Total
Area	C	T	TR	C	T	TR	C	T	TR
INM	12	14	94	5	7	45	17	21	139
Varietal									
Evaluation	13	15	114	16	17	511	29	32	625
IPM	12	13	42	7	7	50	19	20	92
ICM	8	8	45	2	2	14	10	10	59
IDM	6	9	46	4	5	49	10	14	95
Weed									
Management	11	11	61	2	3	86	13	14	147
RCT	3	3	20	1	1	15	4	4	35
Farm									
Machinary	1	1	4				1	1	9
Integrated									
Farming									
System	2	2	9	1	1	5	3	3	14
Post Harvest/									
Value									
Addition	1	1	10	0	0	0	1	1	10
Drudgery									
reduction				1	1	15	1	1	15
Storage									
Technique	2	2	35	0	0	0	2	2	35
Total	71	79	480	39	44	795	110	123	1275

C: No. of crops; T: No. of Technologies; TR: No. of Trials

Table 5.5 : Livestock related technologies Refinement by KVKs

Thematic Area	Enterprises		Uttar Pradesh		Uttara khand		rand
		T	TR	T	TR	T	TR
Disease Management	Cattle, Buffalo, Calves	4	86	-		4	86
Evaluation of Breed	Goat, Sheep, Poultry			3	60	3	60
Feed and Fodder management	Buffalo	1	45			1	45
Nutrition Management	Cow and buffalo	2	22	*:		2	22
Production Management	Calves	1	9			1	9
Total		8	162	3	60	11	222

T: No. of Technologies; TR: No. of Trials

## 5.5 Results of selected On Farm Trials

State: Uttar Pradesh

### INTEGRATED NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT

## Integrated Nutrient management in garlic

Garlic is a cash crop of district Farrukhabad. The soil pHis high due to salinity problem. Farmers do not use sulphur or gypsum for bulbous crop. KVK Farrukhabad conducted on farm trial to know the efficacy of sulphur and gypsum on quality and productivity of garlic crop in saline soils. The results revealed that application of 200 kg/ha gypsum (T3) giving highest i.e. 71.88 q ha-1 yield and showing highest BCR i.e. 1.83 followed by T2 (30 kg S 90%) giving the yield of 65.63 q ha-1 and showing the BCR 1.66. But non availability of Gypsum, hindered this practice thus not becoming more popular. Use of sulphur (30 kg ha-1) is socially accepted due to availability and relatively high return.

Technology Option	かる日本	Yield qt/ha	Incre- ass Yield	Gross Cost (Ru/ha)	Return	Return Ra (Ra/hai a
Ti: Farmer's Practice						
(Compost 25-30 ton,						
N:P:K 100:50:50 and						
ZnSO425kg ha-1)	5	56.25		78125	112500	34375 1.4
T2: Standard dose						
+30 kg S ha-1		63.63	13.12	79175	131260	52085 1.6
Ts: Standard dose						
+ 200 kg Gypsum						
ha-1		71.88	27.78	78325	143760	65435 1.8



#### Nutrient management in mustard crop

KVK, Jalaun conducted on-farm trial on nutrient management practice in mustard productivity. The application of @ NPKS 120:60:60:40 kg/ha was found better and enhanced 18.18 % yield over local practice.

#### Nutrient management in mustard crop

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Plant populati on/m²	No. of siliqua/ plant	No. of branches/plant	Yield (q/ha)	Increase in Yield (%)	B:C Ratio
Tr: (Farmers Practice)		25	350	30	5.5	-	1.3
80 Kg DAP/ha							
Tz: NPK ( 120:60:60 ) kg/ha		21	390	33	6	9.09	1.5
T :: NPKS (120:60:60:40) kg/ha	3	15	416	40	6.5	18.18	1.6

#### Assessment of foliar application of nitrogenous fertilizers in wheat

KVK, Kaushambi in Uttar Pradesh conducted on-farm trial to find out appropriate fertilizers application practice to enhance the wheat production, fertilizers use efficiency and reduce cost of cultivation. The results evidently showed comparative status of different methods of fertilizer application. T2 the treatment (Foliar spray of nitrogenous fertilizer –Urea @24% at 25 & 35 Spray and 45 DAS broadcasting) gave highest yield and net income of Rs 14810 over Farmers' practice of Rs. 11425. It also reduced fertilizer doses and thereby the cost of cultivation.

#### Nutrient management in mustard crop

Technology Option	No. of trials	Yield (q/ha)	Gross cost (Rs/lui)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T <sub>1</sub> : Farmers Practice ( Broadcasting method)		24.5	24100	35525	11425	1.5
T <sub>2</sub> : Foliar spray of nitrogenous fertilizers-urea @ 2% at 25 and 35 DAS + 45 DAS Broadcasting	4	25.8	22600	37410	14810	1.65
T1: Foliar spray of nitrogenous fertilizers-slow release urea @ 1.5% at 25 and 35 DAS+45						
DAS broadcasting		25.6	22500	37120	14620	1.64

#### Assessment of water soluble fertilizer for increasing productivity of wheat

KVK, Balrampur conducted on-farm trial to assess the use of water soluble fertilizers for increasing productivity of wheat. The result indicated that the 3 spray of N:P:K (18:18:18) gave maximum yield (20.5 qt/ha) in (T3) followed by T2 (18.9 q/ha) and T1 (15.7 q/ha). The

maximum number of tillers was found in T3(4). The farmers were much convinced with T3 (3 Spray of N:P:K 18:18) due to maximum net profit of Rs 10750 & B:C Ratio (1.0) over farmers' practice.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	No. of Tillers	Grain yield per plant (g)	No of effective tillers	Yield (q/ha)	Net Profit (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
Ti: Farmers practice Nitrogen &							
phosphorous @ 140 & 40 kg/ha		3	5	315	15.7	7040	0.72
T2: Farmers practice+3 spray of							
urea phosphate @ 1%	5	3	7	370	18.9	10365	0.99
Ts: Three spray of N:P:K							
(18:18:18)		4	8	378	20.5	10750	1.0



#### Effect of Potash on bolting of Rabi onion

KVK Sultanpur conducted on farm trial to know the efficacy of potash on bolting of onion crop. Application of potash as basal dose and foliar spray with NPK (18:18:18) @ 5 kg/ha were assessed. Bolting of Onion in rabi crop affect the quality of onion as well as storage durability. The application of 100kg MOP as basal dose gave higher yield of 173 q/ha, whereas spray of NPK @ 5 kg/ha along with farmers' practice gave maximum yield 196 q/ha. Net return of Rs. 176280 per ha was realized by the farmers under T3 with 3.99 benefit-cost ratio.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Yield (thu)	Affected Plant (%)	Increase in Yield	Net Returns (Rs/ha)	B:C Ration
T1:FP-						
DAP@						
110 kg/ha						
and Urea						
80 kg/ha	12	12.8	6.6	-	94950	2.61
T2:FP+						
100 Kg						
MOP/ha		17.3	1.1	35.15	147230	3.43
Tx:FP						
+ Spray of						
NPK						
(18:18:18)						
@5kg/ha		19.6	1.3	53.125	176280	3.99

#### Response of micro nutrients on the yield of citrus

KVK, Mirzapur in Uttar Pradesh conducted on-farm trial to assess appropriate nutrient management practice to enhance the citrus productivity and profits from its cultivation. The assessed practice of application of Zinc, copper and boron (@50g+25g+15g, respectively/plant) mixed with 5kg FYM as basal application was found to be best with 40.39 % increase in yield.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Yield (t/ha)	Increase in Yield (%)	B:C Ration
T:: No application of micronutrient (Farmers Practice) T2: Application of zinc @ 50g/plant	4	5.67	-	1.63
as basal application		7.32	29.1	1.74

Ts: Application of zinc and copper (@50g+25g, respectively/plant) mixed with 5kg FYM/plant as			
basal application T4: Application of zinc, copper and boron (@50g+25g	7,48	31.92	1.76
+15g, respectively /plant) mixed with 5kg FYM/plant as basal application	7.96	40.32	1.8

#### Assessment of micro nutrient on Mango

KVK Hastinapur (Meerut) conducted on farm trial on Impact assessment of micro nutrient of Mango at the farmer's field in the vicinity of Hastinapur area. On the basis of yield performance and B: C ratio, application of NPK, zinc, boron and CuSo4 @ 1000,750,750, 250,250 and 150 g/tree (T3) provide higher yield in field condition was judged as the best one and recommended to farming community to adopt.

Technology Option	No. of Tri als	Yield	Incre- ase Yield	Cost Cultiva- tion (Rs/ha)	Gross Income (Rs/hu)	Net Return (Rs/lia)	B:C Rati
T1: Imbalance use of							
fertilizers	3	77.7		20200	194250	174050	9,61
T2: Use of NPK							
1000,750 &750 g/tree		107.5	38.35	24200	268750	247550	113
T3: T2+zinc, boron							
& CuSo4 @ 250,250							
& 150 g/tree		126	63.06	27500	315000	287500	113

#### VARIETAL EVALUATION

#### Assessment of wheat varieties in sodic soil

Hardoi district has dominance in sodic soil. Farmers grawheat on these soils but due to non-adoption of suital varieties, the productivity of wheat is low. KVK Hard coducted on farm trial to assess wheat varieties suitable sodic land. Wheat variety KRL 213 recorded 30.19 which was 22.22% higher as compared to local close (PBW 343). The net economic gain of Rs. 20335 per was obtained by the farmers. KRL 210 was also for suitable to grow in sodic lands with 20.44 q/ha yields net gain of Rs, 19675 per ha.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Grain Yield (q/ha)	Increase in yield in %	Gross Cost (Rs./ha)	Gross Return (Rs./ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
Ti Farmers Practice (PBW 343)		24.7		23500	37050	13550	1.41
T2: KRL 210	5	29.75	20.44	24950	44625	19675	1.78
T): KRL 213		30.19	22.22	24950	45285	20335	1.81

#### Performance Late sown wheat varieties

Kannauj district is major potato growing area. The farmers of the district also grow wheat crop after harvesting of the early potato crop in December and January. They grow the variety Halna after harvesting of the potato crop which gave low yield and have shattering problem. The results revealed that the variety Golden Halna gave highest yield

39.65 q/ha with net return of Rs. 22028 and cost benefit ratio is 1.70 over farmers' practice. The variety Unnat Halna was also found suitable for growing in late sown condition during December and January with 38.55 q/ ha and net gain of Rs. 20543 as to farmer's practice.

Technology Option		Spike Length (cm)	Number of grains/spkie	Yield (q/ha)	Gross Cost (Rs./ha)	Gross Return (Rs./ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
Tc:FP(Halna)	15	7.7	36.9	36.12	30800	48762	17962	1.58
T2: Unnat Halna		7.8	38.1	38.55	31500	52043	20543	1.65
T): Golden Halna		8.1	39.4	39.65	31500	53528	22028	1.70

#### Suitable hybrid varieties of tomato for summer season

KVK Kannauj assessed the performance of hybrid variety of tomato for productivity and profatibility in summer season. The results revealed that the tomato variety Himsona gave highest yield 451.86 q/ha with net return of

Rs. 409536 and cost benefit ratio is 6.8 over farmer's practice. The variety Namdhari-2535 was also found suitable to grow with 415.76 q/ ha yield and net gain of Rs. 298956 in comparison to farmer's practice

Technology Option	No. of Trials	No. of fruit per plant	Fruit per plant (kg)	Fruit weight (g)	Days to first picking	Yield (q/ha)	Gross Cost (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
Ti: Kuber geeta		43.8	2.23	46.4	60	345.66	69044	217936	4.2
T2: Himsona	15	64.8	4.3	65.2	68	451.86	71044	409536	6.8
Ts: Namdhari 2535		57.4	3.42	56.4	73.6	415.76	71044	298956	5.2

#### Assessment of papaya varieties

KVK Kanpur Dehat coducted on farm trial to assess papaya varieties suitable for higher yield and quality.

The highest yield was obtained in Red Lady variety i.e.

375q/ ha and net return of Rs. 319500/ ha which was much higher than farmers practice. The fruits of the varieties were elongated shape and very attractive fruit colour.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Grain Yield (q/ha)	Increase in yield in %	Gross Cost (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs./ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
Ti: Farmer Practice (Gol)		27	255	71000	255000	184000	3.59
T2: Pusa delicious	4	33	310	83500	310000	226500	3.71
T): Surya		39	330	89700	330000	240300	3.67
T4: Red Lady		44	375	93000	412500	319500	4.43

#### Evaluation of paddy varieties for reclaimed sodic soil

Rice is a major Kharif crop of district Mainpuri. There is dominance of sodic soil in the district. Farmers had reclaimed the sodic soil and they grow rice on this soil but due to non-adoption of suitable variety the productivity of rice is low. KVK Mainpuri conducted on-farm trial to evaluate the variety suitable for rice in reclaimed sodic soil to enhance the productivity of rice. Cultivar CSR-43 recorded 18.49 percent higher yield of rice in comparison to cultivar Usar Dhan-1. This variety is suitable for rice in reclaimed sodic soil to enhance the productivity of rice

No. of Trials	Yield (qt/ha)	Increase in yield (%)	Net Returns (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
5	36.5	-	15105	1.56
	41.8	14.52	22310	1.8
	43.25	18.49	24050	1.86
	Trials	Trials (qt/ha) 5 36.5 41.8	No. of Yield in yield (%)  5 36.5 - 41.8 14.52	No. of Yield in Returns yield (%) (Rs/ha)  5 36.5 - 15105 41.8 14.52 22310

## Assessment of high yielding and wilt resistant varieties.

Chickpea is major pulse crop of district Allahabad. However the high incidence of wilt causes heavy losses to the crop. Disease prone varieties are the major remedies for this problem. The variety JAKI 9218 gave highest yield 8.26 q/ha and enhanced the yield of chickpea 63.24% over farmer's practice and no wilt problem. The net profit of Rs. 24450/ha was obtained by the farmer in comparision to local check.

Technology Option	20. 日本日	Yield qt/ha	Vield Incre- use (%)	Cost of Cultiv- ation (Rs/ha)	Gruns Return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Ra/ha)	B;C Rati-
Ti: Radhey (FP)		5.06	(+)	10320	22770	12450	1.79
Tz: JAKI-9218	5	8.26	63.24	12720	37170	24450	2.9
Tx: GNG-1581		6.4	26.48	12720	26880	14160	2.11

### Performance of Scented paddy cultivar Kala Namak.

KVK Basti conducted OFT in tarai region to find out suitable paddy cultivar Kala Namak Local, Kala Namak 101& Kala Namak 102 and 103 in Tarai region. Kala Namak cultivar 101 yielded 40.2 q/ha which was 43.46 % higher than farmer's practice. Net return of Rs. 72090 per ha was realized with Kala Namak 101. It may be promoted in the area to increase the profatibility of farmers.

Technology Option	No. of Tri als	Vield qu'ha	Cost of Cultiv- ation (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	Increase in Yield	B-C Resi
T: Kala Namak							
Local (FP)		28.02	40225	84060	43835	2	2.08
T: Kala Namak							
101	12	40.2	48510	120600	72090	43.46	2,48
T: Kala Namak							
102		38.5	47215	115500	68285	37.4	2.44
T- Kala Namak							
103		37.8	46370	113400	67030	34.9	2.44

#### Assessment of HYV of pointed gourd in river bed

Pointed gourd is a high remunerative cucurbitaceous crop grows on river beds in district Basti. But the productivity of this crop is low due to traditional varieties and lack of technical knowledge. KVK Basti conducted an on fam trial for the performance of newly released varieties to get higher income. The variety Narendra Parwal 307 gave highest yield 74 q/ha with net return of Rs. 88800/ha and Narendra Parwal 260 gave 70 q/ ha yield with net return of Rs. 105000/ha. Due to round shape and big size of fruin the market rate is high so farmers like this variety. The variety Narendra Parwal 260 is highly remunerative and may be used for replacement of traditional varieties of pointed gourd in the district.

Technology Option	No. of Tri als	Yield qt/ha	Cost of Cultiv- ation (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/hn)	Increase in Yield	B.C Rati
T: Farmer							
Practice (F.P.)	15	60	40500	80600	40100	-	19
T2: Narendra							
Parwal 260		70	45800	105000	59200	16.66	23
Ti : Narendra							
Parwal 307		74	45600	88800	43200	23.33	摄

#### Varietal evaluation of aromatic rice

Rice is a major *kharif* crop of district Kushinagar. Due use of local varieties the farming community could not phigh profit. On farm trial was conducted to evaluation suitable scented rice variety. Pusa Sugandha 5 grahighest yield (45.35 q/ha) and net return of Rs.390 followed by Pusa Sugandha 6 over farmers practice. To variety Pusa Sugandh 5 was found best suited under conditions and favorite of the farmers due to short duration and high yielder (45.35 q/ha).

Technology option	Plant height (cm)	No. of tillers/ m <sup>2</sup>	Yield q/ha	No. of hills/m <sup>2</sup>	No. of plant/ hill	Ear length (cm)	Matur -ity (days)	yield (q/ha)	Gross Cost (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha	B:C Ratio
T <sub>1</sub> : BPT 5204	101.05	201.05	25.05	24.45	7.85	9.25	155	30.26	28725	8850	1.31
T <sub>2</sub> : Pusa Sugandha 5	110.75	257.50	45.35	26.45	10.25	11.35	122	44.35	28725	39300	2.37
T <sub>3</sub> : Pusa Sugandha 6	104.35	245.45	40.75	25.15	9.75	10.45	140	42.25	28725	32400	2.13
T <sub>4</sub> : Kala Namak 3	197.25	222.54	30.05	26.25	8.75	12.50	180	65.75	28725	19355	1.67

#### Varietal Evaluation of basmati rice

KVK Muzaffarnagar conducted on farm trial for the performance of scented and basmati rice which is getting popularity in the district for its high return. But due to use of local varieties the farming community could not get the high profit. Pusa Punjab Basmati gave highest yield (51q/ha) and net return of Rs.95600 followed by Vallabh 22, which gave 46.33 q/ha yield and net return of Rs. 81590 to the farmers. In comparison to local variety PB1 the variety Pusa 1509 gave 17.24% and Vallabh-22 gave 6.50% additional yield. Both varieties were resistant to insect and pest.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Yield (q/ha)	in	Net In- come (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T <sub>1</sub> : Farmers practice					
practice					
Pusa Basmati 1	3	43.5	-	68860	2.11:1
T <sub>2</sub> : Pusa Panjab					
Basmati 1509		51	17.24	95600	2.66:1
T <sub>3</sub> : Vallabh 22		46.33	6.5	81590	2.42:1

#### Varietal Evaluation of gladiolus for high return

Production potential of gladiolus varies with the variety grown. Therefore, on farm trial was conducted by KVK Meerut to evaluate the various varieties of gladiolus under field condition. Data revealed that Pusa Kiran was adjudged as better performer in terms of yield. This variety gave highest spikes 134000 with net return of Rs. 192500 and cost benefit ratio was found 2.35 over farmers' practice. The length of the spike is also larger than the other varieties tested with it. As per BC ratio and net return, Pusa Kiran was found to have maximum yield and other economic parameters in comparison to Sancerre and Pusa Chandini.

Technology option	No. of trials	No. of spikes/ plant	No. of flowers/ spike	Length of spike (cm)	Spike Yield (No./ha)	Percent increase	Cost of Cultivation (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Returns (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T <sub>1</sub> :Sancerre (FP)	03	1.00	10.15	46.80	100810		128200	252025	123825	1.96
T <sub>2</sub> : Pusa Kiran		1.14	13.50	56.72	134000	32.92	142500	335000	192500	2.35
T <sub>3</sub> : Pusa Chandini		1.12	13.20	55.81	122000	21.01	142500	305000	162500	2.14

#### Evaluation of mentha variety

Mentha is an aromatic and medicinal crop and grown for its oil. Because of short duration and high remuneration it is getting popularity in the farming community. But due to growing of low mentha oil containing varieties, farmers are not getting benefit from this crop. KVK, Rampur in U.P. conducted on-farm trial to find out suitable variety to enhance the mentha productivity in the district. The result indicated that cultivar Sim Saryu1 gave highest mentha oil yield of 119.20 kg/hectare which was 32% higher than the old variety Shivalik growing in the district. The net return of Rs. 53300/ ha was obtained by the farmer in comparision to Shivalik which gave only Rs. 33000/ ha. The Koshi variety was also found superior over farmer's practice in terms of oil and net reurn.



Technology Option	No. of Trials	Mentha Oil Yield (kg/ha)	Increase in Yield (%)	Net Return (Rs/hn)
T <sub>1</sub> : Shivalik (FP)	05	90	-	33000
T2: Koshi		108.2	20	45000
Ts: SimSaru I		119.2	32	53300

#### Assessment of tuberose varieties

In the cultivation of tuberose, selection of variety is always having been the utmost importance. Keeping this in view, a trial was conducted on varietal evaluation of tuberose at farmer's field to find out the yield potential of different varieties. Based on the observations, the variety Vaibhav was adjudged as better performer in terms of yield. This

variety gave highest spikes 120000 with net return of Rs. 154800 and cost benefit ratio of 2.81 over farmers practice. The length of the spike is also larger than the other varieties tested with it. As per BC ratio and net return, Suhasini was also found better performer over farmers practice.

Technology Option	No. of trials	No. of spikes/ clumps	No. of flowers/ spike	Length of spike (cm)	Spike Yield (No./ha)	Percent increase	Cost of Cultivation (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Returns (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T <sub>1</sub> : Pearl double (FP)	03	1.50	19.76	61.18	85230	-	67500	170460	102960	1.92
T <sub>2</sub> : Vaibhav		2.10	32.20	67.46	120000	40.79	85200	240000	154800	2.81
T <sub>3</sub> : Suhasini		1.85	30,24	64.21	113000	32.58	85200	226000	140800	2.65

#### INTEGRATED CROP MANAGEMENT

## Ridge sowing and staking enhance tomato production

Tomato is grown in all the seasons of the district Aligarh and gave high profit to the farming community. Majority of vegetable growers of district are cultivating tomato crop. But the farmers could not get the high benefit from this crop due to low production and poor fruit quality. The quality of fruit is depending on the planting techniques. The farmers are adopting the flat bed method of planting.

KVK Aligarh and Lalitpur conducted on-farm trial to assess ridge and staking method in tomato production. Ridge planting and staking method in tomato production increased tomato yield gave highest yield 335 q/ha which was 48 % higher as compared to Flat bed planting method. Planting tomato on ridge without staking is also found better over farmers practice

Technology Option	No. of trials	Poor quality fruit %	Yield (q/ha)	Increase inYield (%)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T <sub>1</sub> : Flat planting of tomato	9	12	225		72500	1.81
(Farmers practice)						
T <sub>2</sub> : Ridge Planting		7	310	37	107000	2.22
T <sub>3</sub> : Planting on ridges and staking of the crop		2.5	335	48	115500	2.31

#### Performance of intercropping of turmeric and elephant foot yam in mango orchard

KVK Sitapur-1 conducted on farm trial to assess the performance of intercropping of turmeric and elephant foot yam in mango orchard during, 2014 in Mishni village. The trials comprised T1 Farmer's practice (Mango orchard sole crop), T2 Mango orchard (15-20 years old orchard) + Elephant foot yam, T3 Mango orchard (15-20 years old orchard) + Turmeric, T4 Mango orchard (30-35 years old orchard)+ Elephant foot yam and T5 Mango orchard (30-35 years old orchard)+ Turmeric were conducted by adopting improved package and practices of cultivation on 2nd week of April, 2014 in 3 Mango orchards. The performance of intercrop is given below which is slef-explanatory.

Technology Option	ある古古書	Incre- ase Vield	Greek Cost (Ra/ba)	Gross Return (Richa)	Net Return (Rulia)	B.C Rati-
T <sub>1</sub> : Farmers Practices	Т					
(Mango orchard						
sole crop)	3				4	
T2: Mango orchard						
(15-20 years old orchard)						
+ Elephant foot yarn	3	345	115492	405375	289883	3.5
T <sub>3</sub> : Mango orchard						
(15-20 years old orchard)						
+Turmeric	3	173	39758	155700	115942	3.91
T <sub>4</sub> : Mango orchard						
(30-35 years old orchard)						
+ Elephant foot yam	3	211	115492	247925	132433	2.14
T <sub>5</sub> : Mango orchard						
(30-35 years old orchard)						
+ Turmeric	3	120	39758	108000	68242	2.71

#### Evaluation of 14 days old seedlings of paddy under SRI technology

SRI techniques of rice establishment improve the yield potential of paddy cultivars in eastern plain zone. KVK Faizabad conducted on-farm trials and FLDs on SRI technology and area is increasing in the district under this technique. But the transplantation of 8-10 days old seedlings was quite reluctant to farmers to adopt the practice. Therefore, an on-farm trial was conducted to refine the age of seedling to 14 days old under this technology. The transplanting of 14 days old seedling increases the yield as compared to Farmer's practice ie. Transplanted rice upto 37.5% but did not surpass with the recommended practice of SRI technology (ie. transplanting of 10 days old seedlings). However, in terms of monetary gain the recommended practice has only Rs. 3150/- more net return as compared to refined practice (ie. transplanting of 14 days old seedlings).

Technology Option	No. of Tri als	Yield (57hu)	Increase in Vield (%)	Gress Cost (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ba)	Net Return (Ruha)	B:C Rati-
T1: Transplanted rice (Farmer's practice)	3	4.8	-	28500	60000	31500	2.1
T <sub>2</sub> : SRI tech with 10 days old seedling transplantation (recommended practice)		6.9	43.75	31120	86250	55130	2.77
Ts: SRI tech with 14 days old seedling transplantation (refined practice)		6.6	37.5	30520	82500	51980	2.7

## Intercropping of mustard in lentil under rainfed condition

KVK, Mirzapur in Uttar Pradesh conducted on-farm trial to assess effect of intercropping on net return in lentil under rainfed conditions. The intercrop system of sowing of lentil with mustard in the row ratio of 6:1 had realized a net return of Rs. 0.311 lakh/ha as compared to the farmers' practice with net returns of Rs. 0.234 lakh/ha (62.17% increase in net return per ha).

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Mentha Oil Yield (kg/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)
T <sub>1</sub> :Sole Cultivation of			22.407
lentil (Farmers' Practice)  T2: Intercropping of lentil (Malviya  Vishwanath) +mustard (Pusa Jaikisan) in  4:1 row ratio	4	10.34 14.40 (Lentil 10.40 and mustard 4.0)	23407 29996
Ts: Intercropping of lentil (Malviya Vishwanath) + mustard (Pusa Jaikisan) in 6:1 row ratio		14.28 (Lentil 11.4 and mustard 3.14)	31125

#### Assessment of different intercrop with sugarcane

KVK Ghaziabad conducted on-farm trial to refine the effect of different intercropping systems on net return in sugarcane. The intercrop systems of planting of sugarcane as paired row at 90 cm spacing and growing okra and cucumber between two pairs had realized a net return of Rs. 2.3 and 2.09 lakh/ha with cucumber and okra respectively as compared to the recommended practice with net returns of Rs. 1.27 lakh/ha

Technology	No.	Yield	(q./ha)	Net Returns (Rs. in	B:C Ratio
Option	of Trials	Sugarcatic	latercrop	Lakhhai	Piatrio
Tr: Sole planting of sugarcane 75 cm row spacing	4	750	1	1.27	3.1
T <sub>2</sub> : Intercropping of okra with 90 cm paired row spacing		737.5	180	2.09	4.2
T): Intercropping of cucumber with 90 cm paired row spacing		762.5	150	2.3	4.5

#### Soil application of pachlobutrazel in dusheri orchard

KVK Saharanpur conducted OFT to assess the effect of pachlobutrazol to control of irregular bearing in mango cv dusheri. Treatment compared i.e. T1- Farmer's practice (No treatment), T2- Soil application of pachlobutrazol (3.2 ml/m canopy) and T3- Soil application of pachlobutrazol (1.6 ml/m canopy). Application of pachlobutrazol was applid on 23.09.2013 on identified 5 plants of each treatment at 3 locations. Recommended cultural practices were carried out during the season. In off season soil application of pachlobutrazol (3.2 ml/m canopy) had recorded 38.46% yield followed by 26.15% in Soil application of pachlobutrazol (1.6 ml/m canopy). As compared with on season height net return Rs. 1.65 lakhs was achieved in Soil application of pachlobutrazol (3.2 ml/m canopy).

Technology Option	多世芸者	Yield (ton /ha)	S Yield achieved	Total cost	Net (In Luka)	R.C. Rati-
T:1 No treatment (Farme	13					
Practice)	1	8	77	45000	1.01	2.24
T:23.2 ml/meter canopy						
diameter						
(Pachlobutrazol)		13	38.46	51000	1.65	3.23
T:3 1.6 ml/meter canopy						
diameter						
(Pachlobutrazol)		11.4	26.15	48000	1.38	2.87

#### INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

## Management of termite and white grub in summer groundnut

Groundnut is an important oilseed crop of district Farrukhabad. However, there is high incidence of termite and white grub in groundnut resulting losses in yield. KVK, Farrukhabad conducted an on-farm trial to refine the control measure. The refined technology of one application of Steinernema seemae @10 kg/ha in soil before sowing gives better results over control of termite and white grub, followed by two application of Steinernema carpocapciae 10 x 109 ha-1.

Technology Option	No. of Tri uls	Yield (q/ha)	(%) Increase Yield	Grees Cost (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	8:C Ruti- o
T1: No use of Bio -pesticides (Farmer's Practice)	5	30	*	16750	51000	34250	3
T2: Usc of Steinernema seemae @ 10 kg/ha	5	35.25	25	17025	59925	42900	3.5
T3: Use of Steinernema carpocapciae 10 x 109 ha-1		33.45	17	17000	56865	39865	3.3

## Assessment of suitable control measures for fruit and shoot borer of okra.

Okra is a high remunerative vegetable crop. The attack of fruit and shoot borer badly affect the yield and profitability of this crop. KVK Kanpur Dehat conducted on farm trial to assees best possible measure to manage this insect. Application of two spray of Imidacloprid @.0.3 ml/l water was found most effective in managing the fruit and shoot borer of okra which gave net return of Rs. 88800/ ha over farmers practice. Allthough T3 was most effective, while T2 was proved economical and eco-friendly.

Technology Option	No. of Tri als	No. of Larvasi m/17 days after opon	Yield (q/ba)	Gross Cost (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Ruha)	B:C Rati- n
T1: Farmer Practice (use cypermethrin at heavy infestation)	3	4	107	36900	117700	80800	3.18
T2:NSKE @5% after infestation	3	5	104	33800	114400	80600	3.38
T3: Imidacloprid @.0.3 ml/lit water 2 spray after infestation		3	112	34400	123200	88800	3.58



#### Management of early shoot borer in sugarcane

Sugarcane is one of the most important crop of Lakhimpur kheri. Heavy infestation of early shoot borer during second fortnight of April to first fortnight of May lead to loss in yield. KVK, Lakhimpur kheri conducted an on farm trial to assess the insecticide and trichoard against early shoot borer. The technology application of coragen @ 375 ml/ha reduced infestation from 28% to 9.6% and yield was increased by 17.68%.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Incide- nce %	Yield (q/ha)	% Incre- ase in yield
T1: Farmers Practices (chloropyriphos+ cypermethrin @ 2.01/ha)	3	28	752	_
T2: Use of trichocard @ 5 cards/ha		14.5	823	9.44
T3: Spray of coragen @375ml/ha.		9.6	885	17.68

#### Management of Leaf curl virus in chilli

KVK Chitrakoot conducted OFT to assess the synthetic insecticide and bio pesticide to control the CLCV disease in chilli. The result revealed that spray of Imidachloprid one ml/3 lit of water at one month interval get higher production in relation to bio pesticide and control. The farmers are advised that they can use Imidacloprid @ 1.0 ml/3 lit water to control CLCV.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Plant height (cm)	No. of branches/ plant	Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield	Gross Cost (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1: Farmers practice		27.8	24	46		60000	87600	27600	1.45
T2: Neem oil	4	38.6	30	51	10.87	64300	116700	52400	1.82
T3: Imidachloprid one ml/31 water		43.4	30	58	26.09	65300	142700	77400	2.19

#### Control of early shoot borer in sugar cane

Krishi vigyan Kendra, Siddharthnagar conducted on farm trial to find out appropriate technology to reduce the infestation of early shoot borer in sugar cane. Use of trichocard and chlorantranlliprole reduced the early shoot borer incidence from 47 to 8 % and increased the millable cane by 33.3 percent. Assessed technology increased the S.Cane yield by 25.14 percent.



Technology Option	No. of Trials	% Infested plant	No. of millable cane/set	Yield (q/ha)	% Increase	Gross Cost (Rs/ha)	Gross Return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1 : Farmer's practice (Spray of diamethoate @2.5 ml/lit)		47	9	521	-	69000	119830	50830	1.74
T2: Use of trichocard	5	8	12	652	25.14	76000	149960	73960	1.97
(Corcyra eggs parasites + chlorantranlliprole @ 500ml./ha									

## Biological management of borers in sugarcane

Sugarcane is an important commercial crop of District Kushinagar. However, there is high incidence of borer infestation and subsequent indiscriminate and injudicious use of pesticides due to lack of awareness resulting in high yield losses. KVK, Kushinagar conducted on-farm trial to assess the eco-friendly control measures. The assessed technology of using trichocards for borer management i.e. 2 card/ acre or 50000 eggs/ha reduced the percentage of pest infestation from 8.6, 14.2 and 10.3 to 4.7, 4.4, and 3.9 respectively for top borer, inter node borer and stalk borer. Yield increased by 37.72 per cent over farmers practice.

of Tria- ls	Insects	Incidence of borer infestation in %	(q/ha)	Increase in yield
10	Internode		721.25	
	Stalk borer Top borer Internode borer	5.3 5.7	864.37	19.8
	Top bore	e 4.7	989.58	37.2
	Tria- ls	Tria- ls  10 Top borer Internode borer Stalk bore Top borer Internode borer Stalk bore Top bore	Tria- Internode borer 14.2 Stalk borer 10.3 Top borer 5.3 Internode borer 5.7 Stalk borer 4.8  Top borer 4.7 Internode	Tria- In Top borer 8.6 721.25 Internode borer 14.2 Stalk borer 10.3 Top borer 5.3 864.37 Internode borer 5.7 Stalk borer 4.8  Top borer 4.7 989.58 Internode borer 4.4

# White Grub & Top borer Management in Sugarcane through Bio-pesticide

Sugarcane is one of the main commercial crops of distt. Muzaffarnagar. Due to Sugarcane-Wheat-Sugarcane crop rotation, there is high incidence of white grub and top borer insects resulting in yield loss. KVK Muzzafarnagar conducted on farm trial to find out suitable managemaent practice to minimize top borer and white grub in sugarcane. The result indicated that application of Beauveria bassiana @ 2.5kg/ha + Metarhizzium anisoplie 2.5 kg/ha + chloropyriphos 20EC@ 3.5 lit/ha before sowing and Trichocards (20 cards/ha) during June & July was most effective in controlling white grub and top borer incidence which resulted in maximum yield of

758.0 q/ha. 26.12 % increase in yield over farmers practice was observed. Application of chemical and bio pesticide together was more effective in controlling white grub in comparison to chemical alone and top borer management by trichocards is very economical and ecofriendly.

No. of Tria- ls		Yield (q/ha)	% Increase in yield	B:C Ratio
1	White grub-26%	560	+	2.95
	Top borer-18%			
	White			
	grub-6%	758	26.12	4
	Topborer			
	5%			
	White			
	grub-11%	640	14.28	3.38
	of Tria- ls 1	of of White Tria- Grub (%) & Is Top horder  White grub-26%  Top borer-18% White grub-6% Topborer 5%	of of White Tria- Grub (%) & Is Top border  White grub-26% 560  Top borer-18% White grub-6% 758 Topborer 5%	of of White Tria-Grub (%) & Increase In Jephorder  White grub-26% 560  Top borer-18% White grub-6% 758 26.12 Topborer 5%

## INTEGRATED DISEASE MANAGEMENT

## Assessment of fungicides for scab disease of potato

Potato is a major crop of district Kannauj. Potatoes are affected with several diseases which reduced the yield as well as quality of tuber. The scab disease has great importance which badly affects the quality of tubers. KVK, Kannauj conducted on farm experiments to assess the fungicides against scab disease of potato. Seed treatment with Monceren (Pencycuran) @ 1.0 I/ha was found very effective and enhanced the yield of potato by 7.8% and provided net return of Rs. 105452/ha. Infected tubers were reduced from 25.45% to 9.24%. Application of Mirador (Azoxysprobil 23 SC) @ 10 ml/ ha was also found effective by reducing the disease up to 10.05% over farmers practice. These interventions may be further taken in the district under FLDs.



Technology Option	No. of Trials	Germination n % at 10 DAS	Infected tubers (%)	Yield (q/ha)	Gross Cost (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1: Farmers Practices (No seed treatment)	15	18.25	25.45	318.45	99240	75908	1.8
T2: Seed treatment with							
Mirador (Azoxysprobil-23 SC) @ 100 ml /ha		24.75	10.05	338.23 -6.20%	100800 (1560)	102138	2
T3: Seed treatment through Monceren (Pencycuran) @ 1.0 lit/ha		27.25	9.24	343.42	100600	105452	2
@ 1.0 lit/ha		27.25	9.24	343.42 (7.8%)	100600 (1360)	10545	2

#### Management of root rot and powdery mildew in vegetable pea

Vegetable pea in an important vegetable crop of Lucknow district. Root rot and powdery mildew are important diseases which severely affects the crop. Generally farmers do not use any control measures for its management. So, the evaluation of efficacy of different fungicides in vegetable pea for overcoming the problems. KVK conducted on farm trail for management of root rot

and powdery mildew in vegetable pea. Result showed that treatment T2 Seed treatment (Carboxin @ 3 gm/kg. seed) and spray of Carathen (1.0 ml/l) showed root rot 1%, powdery mildew 2% followed by T3 Seed treatment (Trichoderma viridae @ 5 gm/kg seed) and spray of wetable sulfur@3.0 gm/l (root rot 1.5%, powdery mildew 3%).

No. of	% Incidence		Yield	Gross Cost	Gross	Net	B:C
Trials	Root Rot	Powdery Mildew	(q/ha)	(Rs/ha)	(Rs/ha)	(Rs/ha)	Ratio
	15	20.45	54.35	2446	108700	76254	2.35
5	í	2	76.55	32750	153100	120350	3.67
	1.5	3	75.85	2650	151700	119050	3.65
	Trials	Trials Root Rot  15  5 1	Trials Root Rot Powdery Mildew  15 20.45  5 1 2	Trials   Root Rot   Powdery   Mildew     (q/ha)	Trials   Root Rot   Powdery   Mildew   (q/ha)   (Rs/ha)	Trials   Root Rot   Powdery   Mildew   (q/ha)   (Rs/ha)   Income (Rs/ha)	Trials   Root Rot   Powdery   Mildew   (Q/ha)   (Rs/ha)   Income (Rs/ha)   Income (Rs/ha)

### Integrated disease management in chickpea

KVK-II, district Sitapur conducted on-farm trial to assess the disease management in chickpea crop. Seed treatment (Trichoderma 5 g + vitavax 2g/ kg + soil treatment (Trichoderma @ 5 Kg/ ha) gave higher yield (18.8 q/ha) and B:C ratio of 6.2 as compared to farmer practice (4.9).

Technology Option	No. of Trials	% Disease incidence	% Yield loss	Yield (q/ha)	Gross Cost (Rs./ha)	Gross Return (Rs./ha)	Net Returns (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1: Farmer's Practice (No seed treatment)	1	16.6	12.2	16.5	13,485	79200	65,715	4.9
T2: Seed treatment (carbendazim @ 2g/kg seed + carbendazim @ 2 Kg/ha		6.4	5.6	17.7	12,375	84960	72585	5.9
T3: Seed treatment (Trichoderma 5 gm + vitavax 2g/kg + Soil treatment (Trichoderma @ 5 Kg/ha)		2.3	0.8	18.8	12.560	90240	77680	6.2

### Assessment of biopesticides against scab disease of potato:

KVK, Kannauj conducted on farm trial on assessment of bio agents against scab disease of potato. Soil and seed treatment with Trichoderma was found very effective in enhancing yield by 9.4% with net returns Rs. 105145/ha. It is also found very effective to reduce the disease infection up to 68.6% over farmers practice. Soil and seed treatment with Trichoderma and Pseudomonas @ 1.5 kg / ha was found very effective in minimizing the disease and obtaining higher return.

### Biological management of borers in sugarcane

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Germinati on % at 10 DAS	Disease intensity (%)	Disease reduction n (%)	Yield (q/ha)	Gross Cost (Rs/ha)	Net Returns (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1 : Farmers Practices (No seed treatment)	20	19.58	49.8		312.25	99240	72496	1.7
T2: Soil and seed treatment with	20	17.50	77.5					
Trichoderma @ 2.5 kg/ha		24.21	15.6	68.6	341.6	99815	105145	2.1
					(9.4%)	(575)		
T3: Soil and seed treatment with Pseudomonas @ 1 kg/ha		20.4	31.2	37.34	319.43	99690	91968	1.9
r scudoliionas e r kg/ na			2000	200	(2.30%)	(450)		
T4: Soil and seed treatment with								
Trichoderma and								
Pseudomonas @		100011011	1200		222.07	00017	00001	2
1.5 kg/ha		22.43	21.4	57	332.86 (6.60%)	99815 (575)	99901	2

#### INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT

#### Effect of chemical weedicide in paddy crop

Paddy is an important food crop of the district Fatehpur as well as of U.P. Being a crop of Kharif season, there is very heavy infestation of weeds. Due to improper weed control practice there is heavy loss of crop yield. Keeping in view an OFT laid out on different weedicides in paddy crop. The results, revealed that highest yield of paddy was obtained when Nomine Gold applied @ 200 ml/ha followed by the use of Butachlore @ 1.5 l/ha over Farmers practice in paddy. Treatment resulted yield of 38.85 q/ha which was reduced weed by 85 % and provided net return of Rs. 36430/ hawith B:C ratio 2.08.

Technology assessd/Refined	No. of Tri als	Yield (q/ba)	(%) Increase	Reduction in weed (%)	Gross cost (Ra/ba)	Net Return (Ru/ha)	B:C Rati-
T1: Farmers							
practice-No							
chemical	3	27.2	-	*	29300	19660	1.67
T2: Butachlore							
@ 1.5 lt/ha		31.5	15.88	58	31200	25500	1.81
T3: Nomine							
Gold 200ml/ha		38.85	42.88	85	33500	36430	2.08

#### Weed control measures on wheat yield.

KVK Hamirpur took up on-farm trial on chemical weed management in wheat. The results indicated that the use of sulfosulfuron 75% WG + met sulfosulfuron 5% WG @ 16 g/acre gave 28.50% yield increase followed by sulfosulfuron 75% WG @ 13.4 g/acre 14.27% yield increase over farmer's practice.

Technology Option	No. of Tria- is	Yield (q/ha)	Increase in yield (%)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1: Two times hand weeding (Farmers Practice)		19.69	-	10550	1.58
T2: sulfosulfuron 75% WG + met sulfosulfuron 5% WG @ 16 g/acre	06	25.31	28.5	16250	1.81
T3: sulfosulfuron 75% WG @ 13.4 g/acre		22.5	14.27	13625	1.71

#### Weed management in wheat through weedicides

KVK, Mathura took up on farm trial on chemical weed management of wheat. The results indicated that the use of sulphosulphuron @ 33 gm/ha controlled 72 % weeds per sqm. and Vesta @ 250 gm/ha controlled 97 % weeds per sqm. respectively whereas the traditional weedicide controlled only 45 % weeds/sqm. This has a direct impact on crop yield showing an increase of 23.07 % and 38.46 % respectively over local check (26 g/ha).

Technology Option	No. of St. da	Contro- fied weed/m	Yield (q'ha)	Increase in yield (%)	Net Return (Ra/ka)	B.C. Rati- ii
T1 :Farmers practice-						
Isoprutoron@	15	45	26		10700	1.39
1 kg/ha and 2,4-D						
@ 625 g/ha						
T2:Sulphasulphuron						
@ 33 g/ha		72	32	23.07	19400	1.71
T3 :Vesta 250-300 g/ha		97	36	38.46	25200	1.93

## Efficacy of weedicides against kharif weeds on yield of green gram

KVK, Azamgarh conducted OFT to know the efficacy of weedicides against weeds of greengram. Result reveals that herbicidal control of kharif season weeds enable crop to escape crop weed competition and induce congenial condition for better growth and developments leads to records lowest weed density at 30 DAS and spraying of imazethapyr (10 SL) @ 100 g ai/ha found to be more profitable by enhancing grain yield 80.0 % followed by pendimethalin over check.

Technology Option	五年五年	No. of Weeds no at 30 DAS	Yield (q/ba)	Increase in yield (%)	Net Return (Rishia)	B.C Rati
T1: Occasionaly manual weeding (Farmers Practice)	1	221.3	7.9	54	13720	2.11
T2:Spraying of pendimethalin @ 1.00 Kg ai/ha at 0 to 3 DAS		56	12.1	53.2	25720	2.8
T3:Spraying of imazethapyr @ 100g ai/ha at 30DAS		19.1	14.6	80	30455	3

#### Efficiency of herbicides for controlling weeds in lentil

KVK, Balrampur conducted on farm trial to asses efficiency of herbicides for controlling of weeds in lentil. The results indicated that application of pendemethalin followed by quezelofop-p- ethyle (T4) was gave more yield (10.86 q/ha), maximum test weight (23.23 g/100 seeds), net profit (Rs 36911/ha) and B:C Ratio(2.82), followed by application of pendemethaline (T3). It is recommended that farmer should apply pendemethaline @ 1.0 kg ai /ha pre emergance + quezelofop -p - ethyle 5.0 g/ha as post emergence at 20 DAS as it controls maximum number of weeds.

Technology Option	No. of Tri als	No. of Damaged pod /plant	Weed dry wight (g/m²)	Test Weight (g)	Yield (q/ha)	Net Profit (Rs/ha)	B:C Rati- 0
T1: Farmers practice (No use of herbicides)		187	101.25	19.25	6.25	18996	1.93
Pendemethaline @ 1.0kg ai/ha (Pre emmergance)	4	25	9.0	22.45	22.45	31305	2.78
T2:Quezelofop -p-ethyle (5EC) @ 50 g ai/ha post emergence (at 20 DAS)		32	10.2	20.35		26942	
T3: Pendemethaline @ 1.0kg ai/ha (Preemmergance + Quezelofof -p-ethyle (5EC) @ 50 g ai/ha post emergence (at 20 DAS)		10	6.0	23.23	10.86	36911	2.82

#### RESOURCE CONSERVATION TECHNOLOGY

#### Assessment of multicrop thresher

The KVK Mirzapur in Uttar Pradesh conducted on-farm trial on use of multicrop thresher for threshing of several crops It was found that use of multicrop thresher was not only efficient in terms of output (483kg/h), but also was most economic means for threshing of more than one crops with B:C Ratio of 1.96 (threshing of 1.96 kg of the produce per rupee)

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Output (kg/ha)	Cost of threshing (Rs/h)	B:C Ratio
T1:Manual Threshing /Use of local thresher (Farmers Practice)		246	189	1.3
T2: Use of crop -specific thresher	4	564	358	1.58
T3:Use of multicrop thresher		483	247	1.96

#### Evaluation of different methods of paddy cultivation

KVK, Saharanpur conducted on-farm trial to find out suitable and cost effective paddy cultivation method. Three methods (transplanting as farmer practice, DSR through drum seeded and multi seed drill technology) were assessed. Drum seeded technology was found best because it provided highest yield (62 q/ha) with net return Rs.84600/ha with B:C ratio of 3.10.

Technology Option	No. of Tria- Is	Gross cost (Rs/ha)	Yield (q/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1:Transplanting-					
Farmers Practice	1	32000	56	68800	2.15
T2:Drum Seeder					
(DSR)		27000	62	84600	3.1
T3:Multi seed drill					
(DSR)		26000	58	78400	3

#### INTEGRATED FARMING SYSTEM

#### Paddy cum fish culture

KVK, Pratapgarh, Uttar Pradesh took up on-farm trial on Paddy cum fish culture. The results indicated that the Paddy cum fish culture under paddy cultivation gave 3.84 and 5.41 per cent increase in paddy yield over farmer's practice. Farmer achieved Rs. 7600 and 7980 as an additional income from the fish culture in same area. There should be a 10 days gap in between transplanting of paddy and stocking of fish seed in the rice field. Fish seed of 10- 15 cm length (fingerling) is stocked at the rate of 7000-8000 nos./ha. Treatment T4 provided yield of 60.30 q/ha of paddy with yield increase of 5.41%. Net return was Rs. 61067/ha with B:C ratio of 3.6 followed by T3 and T2 treatments.

#### Table: Effect of Paddy cum fish culture.

Technology Option	No. of Tria- is	Yield (q/ha)	Increase in yield (%)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1: Kaveri (Farmers					
Practice)	4	57.2	12	51452	3.1
T2: Kaveri + fish					
culture of Indian carp					
(Catla40%+Rohu					
30% + Mrigal 30%)		58.3	1.92	56800	3.3
T3: Kaveri+ fish					
culture of (Catla 15%					
+ Rohu 20% + Mrigal					
20% + Silver carp					
25% +Common					
Carp 20%)		59.4	3.84	58159	3.4
T4: Kaveri+ fish					
culture of (Catla					
15% + Rohu 20%					
+ Mrigal 20% +					
Silver carp 25% +					
Common Carp					
20%)+Grass					
Carp		60.3	5.41	61067	3.6

#### LIVE STOCK ENTERPRISES

### DISEASE MANAGEMENT

#### Control of mortality in buffalo calf

An OFT was conducted by KVK Chitrakoot to control the mortality of buffalo calf by the use of different dewormers. It was found that the use of the Bandykind to control ecto and endo parasite in buffalo calf gave better performance over L-Ba and farmers' practice.

#### Performance Indicator

Technology Option	No. of Tria- ls	Mort- ality	(%) Surv- ival	(Rs /Animal)	Gross Return Rs/Anima after one year
T1: Farmers practice		4	60		4000
(Neam leaf extract)					
10 animals in each					
treatment					
T2: L-Ba3x30	10	I	90	19	10000
ml/calves (20, 60,	animals				
90 Days of age)	in				
T3: Bandykind 3x30	each	0	100	18	8000
ml/calves (20, 60,	treat-				
90 Days of age)	ment				

#### Assessment of Clinical & nonclinical remedies in controlling repeat breeding in Buffaloes

KVK, conducted trial to find out suitable control measure of anoestrous in buffaloes. Therefore concentrate feed + mineral mixture + Recepta adopted to cure/minimize the incidence of repeat breeding in Buffaloes.

Technology Option	No. of trials	Percent
T1: Farmer's practice (Use of choker and common salt)		
T2:Use of concentrate @ 2.5 kg & mineral mixture @ 50g/d/animal up to 45 days	3	66.66
T3:T2 + inj. Receptal 5ml (72-96 hrs before AI)	3	100

#### FEED AND FODDER MANAGEMENT

## Enhancement of fish production through supplementation of mineral mixture in fish feed

KVK-II, Sitapur conducted on-farm trial to assess the Nutrient management in supplementation of mineral mixture in fish feed. Use of rice polish @8kg + mustard cake 2 kg/ acre (No use of mineral mixture) + mineral mixture 2% in fish diet gave (740 g/150 day body weight gain) and net return of Rs. 204000/ha as compared to Farmer Practice.

#### Biological management of borers in sugarcane

Technology Option	No. of Trials	Fish body wight/month (kg)	Disease incidence (%)	Cost of Cultivation (Rs/ha)	Gross return (Rs/ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1: Farmers practices-Rice polish @8kg + Mustard cake 2 kg/ Acre (No use of mineral mixture)	1	38.8 q/ha day (550 g/150 body wt gain)	20% Mortality	62000	232800	170800	3.7
Γ2: Rice polish @8kg + Mustard cake 2 kg/Acre (No use of mineral mixture) + mineral mixture 2% in fish diet		45 q/ha (740 g/ 150 day body wt gain)	10% Mortality	66000	270000	204000	4.1

#### INTEGRATED NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT

#### Assessment of mixing of enzyme in poultry feed

Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Siddharthnagar conducted on farm trial to find out suitable technology for maximum weight gain in broiler for higher profit in poultry farming. The recommended technology, mixing 15 g amylase enzyme in 100 kg poultry feed gave 23.40% higher body weight gain over farmers practice and the health of broiler were better as compared to farmers practice.

Technology		Average weight gain per day up to 40 days (g)		Gross cost (Rs/100 birds)	Gross return (Rs/100) birds	Net Return (Rs/100 birds	B:C Ratio
T1: No use of amylase enzyme in poultry feed	5	47		13500	18000	4500	1.33
T2: Use of amylase enzyme @ 15 g /100 kg poultry feed	5	58	23.4	14250	21600	7350	1.52

## Assessment of different mineral supplements for improving heat synchronization and conception rate

KVK, Saharanpur conducted trial to find out suitable mineral supplements for improving heat synchronization and conception rate. In this trial IVRI fertisure shows better result and more effective than other mineral supplement.

Technology Option	No. of Trials		No. of heat animals	No. of serviced animals	No. of pr anim	Control of the last of the las	Conception rate %
T1: Use of salt (Farmers practice)	1	10	3	3	1	10	
Γ2: Mineral mixture							
@ 60 g/day/animal		10	5	5	3	30	
T3: IVRI Fertisure-I		10	8	8	6	60	

#### State: Uttarakhand

## Assessment of various herbicides for weed control in Transplanted rice

Weeds affect the yield of rice. Keeping in view, KVK Almora conducted OFT to asses the effect of different herbicidal treatments in rice during kharif 2014. The result of the study indicated that treatment T3 i.e. Anilofos 1200 ml/ha, 7-10 DAT followed by Almix 20g/ha, 30 DAT recorded maximum yield 30.86 q/ha followed by T2 Pretilachlor 1500 ml/ha, 0-3 DAT followed by Almix 20g/ha, 30 DAT and check. The treatment T3 also recorded 22.30% more yield in comparision to check. This treatment has also gave maximum net return and B:C ratio. The major weeds found during trial were Echinochloa colonum, E. crusgalli, Commelina benghalensis, Cyperus rotundus, Oxalis latifolia etc.

Technology Option	No. of Tria- Is	Yield (q/ha)	Increase in yield (%)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	B:C Ratio
T1: Farmers practice (Manual weeding or some time use of Butachlor					
mixed in sand or soil) T2 : Pretilachlor 1500 ml/ha, 0-3DAT	5	24.05		14870	1.8
followed by Almix 20g/ha, 30DAT T3 : Anilofos 1200 ml/ha, 7-10 DAT		27.95	16.21	17580	1.82
followed by Almix 20g/ha, 30DAT		30.86	22.3	21404	1.98

## Assessment of resistant breed of poultry for high hill in district Nainital .

KVK, Nainital conducted trial on poultry breeds in high hill conditions. The recommended practice could not stop recurrence of poultry breeds. The technology recommended was fine breeds of Cari Ddevendra and Cari Nirbhick of suitable in hill condition.

Technology Option	五五五五	Grees rest (Re)	Gross Return (Rs)	Net Return (Rs)	B.C Rati-	Marta- Mr S
T1: Rearing of poor quality chicks (Farmers practice)	5	5500	18720	13720	2.1	35
T2: Kariolier breeds use for backyard poultry. (Recommended practice)		5500	24960	19960	4.5	28
T3: Recommended practice+ Cari Devendra and Cari Nirbhick.		5500	28687	23187	5.4	14

#### Soft and dry rot management in ginger

Ginger is an important commercial crop of Utarakhand. However, there is high incidence of soft and dry rot disease resulting in yield loss. KVK Rudraprayag conducted onfarm trial to assess the control measure in ginger. The refined technology of seed treatment with carbandazim +mancozeb @ 0.25% seed and spray of carbandazim +mancozeb @ 0.25% during the rainy season @ 0.25ml/l reduced the percentage of disease incidence from 22.5 to 8 and yield was increased by 49.68 per cent.

Technology Option	No. of Trials	rotting (%)	Yield (qha)	% Increase in yield
T1: Farmers Practice	5	22.5	80.5	
(Traditional method)				
T2: use of Himgiri+				
useof FYM+ biodegradable				
mulch @20 t/ha + seed				
treatment with systematic				
fungicides		18.5	105.5	31.05
T3: T2+spray of				
carbandazim+mancozeb				
@0.25% during the				
rainy season		8	120.5	49.68

## Management of white fly in summer squash

In district Pithoragarh, white fly is becoming a serious pest affecting not only summer squash but other crops also. Therefore the OFT is designed to mange the white fly so that the loss may be reduced. The results indicated that application of imidachloprid + use of white plastic mulch enhance the yield 34.8% over farmers practice and the insect population was reduced to only 4 per plant which was 24 per plant in farmers practice.

## Integrated Management of die back disease in Malta

KVK Chamoli conducted on farm trail to mange the die back disease. The results indicated that the incidence of dieback disease was found least in T3 treatment (spray of COC+FYM application + spray of micronutrients after

Technology Option	No. of Trials	rotting (%)	Yield (qha)	% Increase in yield
T1: Farmers practice (No use of insecticide)		24	194.92	1.54
T2: Application of Imidachloprid	7	6	242.14	1.87
T3: Application of Imidachloprid + use of white plastic mulch		4	262.76	1.96

fruit set) and it was found best among all the treatments tested and gave increase in production by 80% over the control with B:C Ratio of 2.40.

Treatment	Die back %	Cost	Production Kg/tree	Difference in production	Production (Rs/tree)	Increase in Production (%)	B:C Ratio
T1: Farmer's Practice	10.5		60	-		*	*
T2: Spray of COC @ 0.25% along with application of 30 kg FYM/plant/year	6	250	85.5	25.5	510	42.5	2.04
T3: Spray of COC +30 kg FYM application +03 sprays of micronutrients after fruit set	3.2	400	18	48	960	80	2.4

## Weed management in spring planted sugarcane

KVK, Dehradun in Uttarakhand conducted on farm trial to assess the efficacy of chemical weed management in sugarcane. The results indicated that the post emergence application of ethoxy-sulfuron @ 20 g/ha at 4 leaves stage gave 89.4 per cent weed control efficiency as against of 53.3 and 63.7 with 2,4-D Na salt and 2,4-D 58 % ethyl ester respectively.

Technology	No.	Weed done	ity (m/m²)	B:C Ratio
Option	of Trials	45 DAP	60 DAP	- Annual
T1: POE of 2,4-D Na salt @0.8 kg (Farmers Practice)	5	8.5	10.5	53.3
T2: POE 2, 4-D 58 % Ethyl ester @ 0.6kg/ha		7.6	8.2	63.7
T3:Ethoxy-sulfuron @ 20 g/ha as POE				
at 4 leaves stage.		9.2	2.4	89.4
T4:Weedy check		8.2	22.6	1.0

# Effect of pruning and fertilizer treatment on yield and fruit quality of apple

Apple is one of the most valuable temperate fruits of Tehri Garhwal and response to training and pruning. The quality production is dependent on pruning and schedule fertilizers application. Hence, there is need to demonstrate the effect of pruning intensities and fertilizer treatment on yield and fruit quality of apple. KVK Ranichauri laid out an experiment for the assessment of pruning and fertilizer treatment on Yield and Fruit quality of Apple. Results indicated that the treatment T3 (Pruning +Fertilizer (NPK 100:60:100) / plant/year gave highest yield 35 kg/plant and net return of Rs. 950/ plant and very effective over farmers practice.

Technology	No. of Trials	Parameters of assessment	Yield (kg/plant
T1: Farmers practice (No Pruning)		Yield with quality produce	5
T2: Pruning	15	Gross return, net return, B: C ratio	18
T3: Pruning +fertilizer (NPK 100:60:100) / plant/year		Acceptance by farmers	35

Corp	Economics of T. (Rs/plant)			Economics of T. (Rs/plant)				
	Gross Cost	Gross Return	BCR (R/C)	BCR (R/C)	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR (R/C)
Apple	800	1750	950	2.18	100	125	25	1.25

#### Assessement of Fish-Poultry integrated fish farming

Fish-Poultry integrated fish farming, waste recycling based system, is one of the best ways of agricultural diversification. Poultry waste (excreta and spilled feed) act as manure and fish feed in the pond hence reduces cost of fish production. KVK, Champawat organized on farm trial to find out the best combination of poultry (croiler/guinea fowl) and fish integrated farming. The results indicated that Fish-Poultry (croiler-two crops of 50 each) integrated farming highest yield of fish (57.65 kg/100 m2) and bird meat (192 kg) over composite fish farming.

Treatment	No. Farmers (pond size in m²)	Yield (kg fish/100 m²	Yield (kg bird meat)	Gross cost (Rs)	Gross income (Rs)	Net income (Rs)	B:C Ration
T1: Composite fish farming	03 (100)	53.40	343	3500	13350	9850	3.81
T2: Fish-Poultry (croiler-two crops of 50 each) integrated farming	03(100)	57.65	192	13000	52812	39812	4.06
T3: Fish-Poultry (guinea fowl-two crops of 50 each) integrated farming	03(100)	55.25	132	11800	40212	28412	3.50

## Chapter-6

## EXTENSION PROGRAMMES

A large number of extension activities were organized by KVKs of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand. The major activities like advisory service (15792), diagnostic visits (4758), field days (627), group discussions (638), kisan gosthies (1827), film shows (419), self help groups (361), kisan mela (251), exhibitions (525), scientist visit (15334), plant/animal health camps (810), farm science clubs (214), ex-trainees meet (212), farmers' seminars (1218), method demonstrations (626), celebrations of important days (176), special days celebration (89). exposure visits (144) and other activities (10518) with the participation of 1011816 farmers and 34623 extension personnel were performed, 34851 number of other extension activities viz use of electronic media, extension literature, newspaper coverage, popular articles, animal health camp, radio & TV talks were performed by KVKs. Kisan Mobile advisory services were given by 67 KVKs with 257172 SMSs to 47966 farmers. Voice messages (7222) were delivered to all registered farmers in agropedia. By sending text and voice messages by mobile has enabled the KVKs to reach the unreached farmers in distant and remotely located areas.



Visit of DDG(AE) in Kisan Mela: KVK Mathura



Monitoring of Paddy Seed Production : KVK Maharajganj

# Table 6.1 : Physical achievement of Extension Activities

Activities	Uttar P	radesh	Uttara	khand	Grand Total		
Activities	Progra- mmes	Partici- pants	Progra- mmes	Partici- pants	Progr- ammes	Partici- pants	
Advisory							
Services	14827	69068	965	3559	15792	72627	
Diagnostic							
visits	3793	24769	965	6407	4758	31176	
Field Day	546	21839	81	2534	627	24373	
Group							
discussions	564	13043	74	1074	638	14117	
Kisan Gosthi	1135	92484	692	69496	1827	161980	
Film Show	304	8668	115	2332	419	11000	
Self-help							
groups	332	13837	29	525	361	14362	
Kisan Mela	233	145491	18	119593	2 251	265083	
Exhibition	485	136266	40	83426	525	219692	
Scientists'							
visitto							
farmers field	11228	86517	4106	24635	15334	111152	
Plant/animal	1						
health camp	s 800	8249	10	484	810	8733	
Farm Science	e						
Club	208	2581	6	130	214	2711	
Ex-trainces							
Sammelan	122	3748	90	929	212	4677	
Farmers'							
seminar/							
workshop	1210	6374	8	941	1218	7315	
Method							
Demon-							
strations	556	6766	70	2322	626	9088	
Celebration	1						
of importar	it.						
days	146	1995	30	917	176	20871	
Special day							
celebration	74	6452	15	435	89	6887	
Exposure							
visits	114	9954	30	1315			
Others	6274	8109	8 4244			8 86293	
Total	4295	1 7571	58 1158	38 3262	48 5453	9 10834	



Table 6.2: Physical achievement of other extension activities:

Activities	Uttar F	radesh	Uttara	khand	Gran	d Total
	Num- ber	No. of KVKs	Num- ber	No. of KVKs	Num- ber	No. of KVKs
Electronic						
Media						
(CD/DVD)	487	19		13	487	32
Extension						
Literature	23042	48	58	13	23100	61
News paper						
coverage	3145	59	248	13	3393	72
Popular						
articles	503	52	88	13	591	65
Radio Talks	541	47	60	13	601	60
TV Talks	454	39	96	13	550	52
Animal health	h					
amps						
(Animals						
Treated	5613	33	274	13	5887	46
Others	240	15	2	2	242	41
Total	34025		826		34851	2

#### Mobile Advisory Services

Uttar Pradesh			Uttarakhand			Grand Total		
Calls (Voic	Mess- ages	No. of Farm- ers Co- vered	Calls (Voic	Mess- ages	Farm- ers Co-	Calls (Voic	Mess-	Farm- ers Co-
7222	256693	43466		479	4500	7222	257172	47966

#### Extension activities in Uttar Pradesh

233 Kisan melas and 485 exhibitions were organized registering 275555 farmers and 5749 extension officials. Kisan gosthies (1135), scientists visit to farmers field (11228) and advisory services (14827) drew participation of 84992, 778055 and 52088 farmers. 304 films related to farm technologies were shown to 8394 farmers and officers. Radio (541) and TV talks (454) were delivered on farm and animal husbandry related improved technologies.

Extension literature (23042 numbers) was published by the KVKs for distribution among farmers. Scientists visit to farmers' fields and farmers' visit to KVKs were regularly conducted by KVKs. 3793 diagnostic visits were made wherein the problems of 20780 farmers were solved, 43466 farmers were benefited under mobile advisory services.



Diagnostic visit – Identification of nematode in paddy crop: KVK Kannauj



Kisan Samman Divas: KVK Jhansi

Table 6.3 : Extension activities organized in Uttar Pradesh

Activities	No. of progra- mmes	No. of farmers	No. of Extension Personnel	Total
Advisory Services	14827	52088	4878	69068
Diagnostic visits	3793	20780	1613	24769
Field Day	546	20406	1172	21839
Group discussions	564	12014	816	13043
Kisan Ghosthi	1135	84992	6949	92484
Film Show	304	7099	1295	8668
Self-help groups	332	13449	300	13837
Kisan Mela	233	142063	3360	145491
Exhibition	485	133492	2389	136266
Scientists' visit to				
farmers field	11228	77805	2506	86517
Plant/animal health				
camps	800	7302	198	8249
Farm Science Club	208	2393	118	2581
Ex-trainees Sammelan Farmers'	122	3561	154	3748

				100000
seminar/workshop	1210	4764	437	6374
Method				
Demonstrations	556	6404	265	6766
Celebration of				
important days	146	19136	767	19954
Special day				
celebration	74	5970	455	6452
Exposure visits	114	9618	287	9954
Others	6274	72169	4260	81098
Total	42951	695505	32219	757158



Problem Discussion (Paddy): KVK Basti



Monitoring of pegionpea (NA-I) seed production field: KVK Sitapur-II

## Table 6.4: Physical achievement of other extension activities

Activities	Number	No. of KVKs
Electronic Media (CD./DVD)	487	19
Extension Literature	23042	48
News paper coverage	3145	59
Popular articles	503	52
Radio Talks	541	47
TV Talks	454	39
Animal health amps		
(Animals Treated	5613	33
Others	240	15
Total	34025	

#### Mobile Advisory Services

No. of	No. of	No. of		T)	Type of Messages			
Calls (Voic	Mess- ages (Text)	farm- rs		Live- Stock		Mark- eting		Other Enter- prise
7222	256693	43466	9073	13492	3139	511	481	786

#### Extension activities in Uttarakhand

Kisan Gosthies (692) were organized, with participation of 69496 farmers & extension officials. Kisan melas (18 and exhibition (40) were organized for providing a platform of learning. 115 films on farm technologies were shown to the farmers and farm women. Radio (60) and TV talks (96) were delivered by experts of KVKs. Extension literature (58) on different aspect of agriculture and allied fields were prepared and distributed among the farm families. 965 diagnostic visits were organized



Livestock Health Camp: KVK Bageshwar



Kisan Mela: KVK Chamoli

Table 6.5: Extension activities organized in Uttarakhand

Activities	No. of progra- mmes	No. of farmers	No. of Extension Personnel	Total
Advisory Services	965	3487	107	3559
Diagnostic visits	965	5383	59	6407
Field Day	81	2404	49	2534
Group discussions	74	968	32	1074
Kisan Ghosthi	692	67343	1461	69496
Film Show	115	2153	64	2332
Self-help groups	29	496	0	525
Kisan Mela	18	118825	149	119592
Exhibition	40	83180	310	83426
Scientists' visit to				
farmers field	4106	20492	37	24635
Plant/animal health				
camps	10	3471	3	484
Farm Science Club	6	124	0	130
Ex-trainees Sammelan	90	830	9	929
Farmers' seminar/				
workshop	8	889	44	941
Method				
Demonstrations	70	2233	19	2322
Celebration of				
important days	30	849	38	917
Special day				
celebration	15	420	0	435
Exposure visits	30	1265	20	1315
Others	4244	1499	3	5195
Total	11588	316311	2404	326248

Table 6.6: Physical achievement of other extension activities:

Activities	Number	No. of KVKs
Electronic Media (CD./DVD)		13
Extension Literature	58	13
News paper coverage	248	13
Popular articles	88	13
Radio Talks	60	13
TV Talks	96	13
Animal health amps		
(Animals Treated	274	13
Others	2	26
Total	826	

Mobile Advisory Services: KVKs of Uttarakhand have sent 479 Text messages covering 4500 farmers

#### Other Activities

#### Soil/Water/Plant/Manure samples analysis

In all, 25062 samples of soils, water plant, manures and others were analyzed by 44 KVKs. Total 24752 samples were collected from 1317 villages and 17515 farmers in Uttar Pradesh whereas, in Uttarakhand 310 soil water samples were collected and analyzed from 52 villages.



SAC: KVK Haridwar

#### Scientific Advisory Committee (SAC) Meetings

Scientific Advisory Committee meetings were organized by 65 KVKs in U.P. and 13 KVKs in Uttarakhand. It is one of the important platform to obtain the suggestions from different stakeholders towards designing realistic action plan of KVKs. Participatory planning is the main feature of KVK system for enhancing crop production and productivity towards fulfilling the needs of the farmers. In total 78 SAC meetings were conducted during the reprinting period.

#### Technology week celebrations

In Uttar Pradesh, 1815 activities were organized by KVKs by benefiting 56788 farmers & distribution of 92.00 q seeds, bio-fertilizers and bio-products 50.00 q to 2685 farmers. In the technology week, various types of activities were organized viz., gosthies (75), lectures (88), exhibition (37), film show (45), Fair (29), farm visits (881), diagnostic practicals (66), distribution of literature (248), distribution of planting materials (2460), distribution of fingerlings, distribution of livestock specimen (14). In Uttarakhand, 99 activities were conducted benefiting 15505 farmers.

#### Newsletter publications

In Uttar Pradesh, 24 KVKs published newsletters and developed 3435 copies for distribution to the farmers, other stakeholders and institutions. Whereas, in Uttarakhand 4 KVKs published newsletters and distributed to the 2750 farmers. In total 28 KVKs are publishing newsletters and it is being distributed to the farmers, line departments, students, SAUs and ICAR.

#### Publications

In total 190 research papers 75 technical bulletins, 310 technical reports and 398 other publications were developed in both states (U.P. and Uttarakahnd). In Uttar

Pradesh, KVKs published 162 research papers, 59 technical bulletins, 274 technical reports and 309 other publications. Similarly in Uttarakhand 28 research papers, 16 technical bulletins, 36 technical reports and 89 others were published.

# HRD activities organized by Directorate of Extension and ZPD, Zone-IV

49 training programmes were organized by 4 SAUs, in which 87 KVK experts participated from their area jurisdiction. Such programmes were organized at the University level to provide technological backstopping in frontier areas of the technologies. Similarly, ZPD, Zone-IV organized 10 programmes in which 405 participants from various KVKs of this zone were benefitted. KVKs may take technological support from ICAR research institutes for experimenting new technologies at field level.

### Rain water harvesting & micro irrigation system

In total, 9 trainings and 2 demonstrations were conducted 1059 farmers and 119 officials visited the system under the zone in context to rain water harvesting and micro irrigation system. In Uttarakhand, One KVK have organized the activities one training programme, demonstrations (1), visit by the farmers (82) and visit by the officials (62). In Uttar Pradesh, two KVKs conducted the activities like organization of training programmes (9), visits by the farmers (977) and visits by the officials (57).



### SEED AND PLANTING MATERIAL PRODUCTION

#### 7.1 Seed Production

Seed production is one of the important activity of KVKs, they engaged quality seed production which may play a greater role in enhancing production and productivity of different crops. During the year 2014-15, KVKs of this zone (Uttar Pradesh & Uttarkand) produced 19394.73 q seed including cereals (13760.41q), oilseeds (337.92 q), pulses (490.67 q), commercial crops (4500.63 q), etc. State wise seed production at a glance is given in the following table.

Table 7.1: Physical achievements of seed production

Enterpr-	Uttar Pr	radesh	Uttarak	hand	Grand	Total
ises	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakb)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)
Cereals	13034.26	279.6	726.15	3.87	13760.41	283.47
Oilseeds	232.33	9.17	105.59	0.2	337.92	9.37
Pulses	449.42	23.26	41.25	4	490.67	24.26
Vegetables	15.03	0.12	19.47	0.54	34.5	0.67
Commercial	607.37	2.25	3893.26	0.25	4500.63	2.5
Spices	252.45	0.42	7.43	0	259.88	0.42
Fodder	10.52	1.54	0.2	0	10.72	1.54
Total	14601.38	316,35	4793.35	5.87	19394.73	322.23

#### Cereals

The seed (q) of important cereal crops produced paddy (5917.48), wheat (7746.9), barley (20.25), bajra (62.0), etc. Important varieties of paddy in seed production programme included Kaveri, NDR-359, BPT 5204, Pusa 1509, 1121, NDR-3112, 8501, CSR-30, 36, 43, NDR-2008, Sarwana Sub1, MTU 7029, Jalmagan, Kala Namak, , PS-6, PNR-519, Pant-12, P-834, S-4, Pusa-1121, 1460, VL Dhan 154, Sarju 52, Improved Basmati-1, Lajawab-111, etc. The important wheat varieties included PBW 343, 502, 550, 590,621, DBW-14, DBW-17, PBW-527, PBW-154,, PBW-596, NW1014, Malviya-234, K-307, 7903, 9423, 9107, KRL-210, HD-2687, 2643, 2733, 2851, 2932,2967, 2985, 4717, GW-366, WH-147, VL-738, Naina, GW-273, DBW-39, etc. The other crop varieties included Maize- Vivek 35, Sankul Makka, VL Ambar popcorn; Bajra- JB-1; Oat- Kent, VL Chua-44; Finger Millet- VL Mandua-315. The detailed crop wise and state wise data is given in table.





Production of wheat (HD2733): KVK Kushingar

Table 7.2: Seed production of different cereal crops

Cereals	Uttar Pr	adesh	Uttaral	khand	Grand Total	
	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)
Wheat	7185.63	199.29	561.27	2.95	7746.9	202.24
Paddy	5766.38	80.2	151.1	0.04	5917.48	80.24
Maize	-		10.15	0.83	10.15	0.83
Jower	-					*
Bajra	62	4			62	2
Barley	20.25	0.11			20.25	0.11
Mandua	(4)	8	3.63	0.05	3.63	0.05
Total	13034.26	279.6	726.15	3.87	13760,41	283,47



#### Oilseeds

The KVKs of the zone produced seed 337.92q of oilseeds. The important oilseed crops like Sesame (148.47 q), mustard (180.25 q), groundnut (0.26 q), soybean (3.32 q), linseed (2.11 q), and toria (3.51 q) were taken up under seed production programme. The important varieties of mustard selected for seed production were NRCHB 101, Pusa Sarso-27, CS-56, NDR-8501, Urvashi, Pusa Mahak, NRCDRM-2, Dhanya-555, Pusa Mustard-26, M28, PYS1, etc; Toria- PT-303, etc; Til- TKG-306, Shekhar, Tarun, etc; linseed- Shekhar; Ground nut VLGN-1; Soyebean PS 1092.

Table 7.3: Seed production of different oilseed crops

Oilseed	Uttar P	radesh	Uttaral	chand	Grand	Total
	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)
Mustard	170.31	5.60	9.94	-	180.25	5.6
Toria	2.89	0.17	0.62	0.02	3.51	0.19
Linseed	2.11	0.15	-	-	2.11	0.15
Seasum	57.02	3.25	91.45		148.47	3,25
Groundnut		11	0.26	0.01	0.26	10.0
Soybean			3.32	0.17	3.32	0.17
Total	232.33	9.17	105.59	0.2	337.92	9,37

#### Pulses

The total quantity of pulses seed production was 490.67 q. The seed production programme on pulses were taken up on chick pea (KGD-1168, DCP-92-3, P-1103, Avrodhi, RSG-888, Pusa 663, Pusa 1108, PG 186), pigeon pea (N.A-1, Sampada, VL Arhar 1), field pea (KPMR-400, KPMR-522, Kashi Udai), lentil (DPL-62, Narendra Masoor-1, VL Masoor 103, 125, 133, PL-8), urd bean (Shekhar-1,2, Azad-1, Azad-3, PU-31,35), mungbean (IPM-02-03, PDM-139, Samrat, Pant Moong 5), Cowpea (Pant lobia 1) and Soybean (VL soya 65, VLS 47, VLS 63).

Table 7.4: Seed production of different pulse crops

Pulses	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		<b>Grand Total</b>	
	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lukh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)
Pigeon pea	91.4	10.41	6.3	0.54	97.7	10.95
Lentil	82	2.69	3.1	0.2	85.1	2.88
Moongbean	19.18	1.06	0.2	0.02	19.38	1.07
Field pea	139.96	4.08	1.61	0.1	141.57	4.18

Chick pea	36.77	2.5	1.57	0.03	38.34	2.52
Cowpea			0.01	-	0.01	0
Urdbean	79,44	2.47	27.37	0.04	106.81	2.52
Rajmash	0.67	0.05	*		0.67	0.05
Horse gram		-	0.59	0.05	0.59	0.05
Other	*		0.5	0.03	0.5	0.03
Total	449.42	23.26	41.25	1	490.67	24.26

#### Vegetables

The KVKs produced 34.5q of seeds of vegetables. During the year under report KVKs of this zone tried to help the farmers by producing seeds of important varieties of different vegetables. The important crops were viz. vegetable pea (AP-1, Kashi Udai, K.Nandini, Vivek Mata 10, 11, G-10, Arkel, VLM 42 Azad Pea-3), okra (Vl. Bhindi 2), tomato (NDS 585 US-618 ,NDT-3,120), brinjal (Type 3, Sungrow Brin-143), Cauliflower (Pus Safed), chilli (S-78, Azad chilli), Cabbage (Golden Acre NHCB-505, Pusa Mukta), veg. rai (Badsahi), radis (Dunagiri), cucumber (Barsati, Saira), bottle guara (Kashi Bahar, Manjari), bitter guard (Chaman) and pumpkin (Arka chandan).



Production of Brinjal: KVK Kushingar



Production tomato: KVK Champawat



Table 7.5: Seed production of different vegetable crops

Oilseed	Uttar	Pradesh	Uttara	akhand	Gra	nd Total
	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)
Vegetable						
Pea	9.96	10800.62	17.98	24300	27.94	35100.62
Okra	-	-	1.1	22000	1.1	22000
Suran	4	-	-		4	-
French bean		-	0.025	500	0.025	500
Radish	0.4	640	0.015	375	0.415	1015
Onion	2	-	0.045	3600	0.045	3600
Chilli	7.	+	0.14	840	0.14	840
Other	0.67	1005	0.165	2475	0.835	3480
Total	15.03	12445.62	19.47	54090	34.5	66535.62

#### Spices

The total quantity of spices seeds produced was 259.88q. The seeds of different spices were produced viz. turmeric (Megha-1, Swarna, Pant Pitabh), garlic (Agrifound Parwati), coriander (Pant Dhaniya-1) and ginger (Rio-dejaneiro). The detail spice wise and state wise data is given in table.





Intercropping of turmeric & Yam in mango orchard: KVK Sitapur-I

Table 7.6: Seed production of spices

Spices	Uttar	Pradesh	Uttarakhand		Gran	d Total
	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)
Turmeric	247.9	32080	6.25		254.15	32080
Coriander	0.38	3800		20 7	0.38	3800
Garlie	-		0.25	*	0.25	
Fenugreek	3.6	2390		¥)	3.6	2390
Other	0.57	3477	0.93	5	1.5	3477
Total	252.45	41747	7.43		259.88	41747

#### Fodder and Fibre crops

The seed of fodder and fibre crops to the tune of 102.53 q was produced. In the UP state Dhaincha and Sesbania produced seed of 6.75 and 3.77 q respectively.

Table 7.7: Seed production of Fodder / Fibre and other crops

Fodder	Uttar	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Total	
and Fibre	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty, (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	
Dhaincha	6.75	22050		*	6.75	22050	
Sesbania	3.77	16965		10	3.77	16965	
Others	91		0.81	2430	91.81	2430	
Total	101.52	39015	1.01	2430	102.53	41445	



Sugarcane Production: KVK Muzaffarnagr

#### Commercial crops

Mainly two commercial crops potato and sugarcane were taken by KVKs of zone –IV. The seed production of potato (397.6 q) and sugarcane (594.8q) was recorded. The important varieties i.e. Kufri Surya, Kufri Sutlaj, K-Anand, K-Pukhraj , K-Kanchan, K- Sinduri of potato selected for seed production and sugarcane varieties were COSE-1434, COSE-5125, COSE-5451, COSE-96436, CoS-7250, CoPant-99214, 97222.

Table 7.8: Seed production of commercial crops

Commercial	Uttar I	Pradesh	Uttara	khand	Grand Total	
crops	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lukh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)	Qty. (q)	Value (Rs in Lakh)
Potato	397.6	1.25		-	397.6	1.25
Sugarcane	205	0.57	389.8	0.25	594.8	0.82
Onion bulb	2		0.58	0	0.58	
Other	4,44	0.03		-	4.44	0.03
Total	607.04	1.85	390.38	0.25	997.42	2.1

### 7.2 Planting Material Production

The planting material/sapling production of vegetable, fruit, ornamental, forestry, medicinal & other plants developed by KVKs. During this year KVKs produced 11205772 planting materials including vegetable seedlings (11067892), fruit saplings (41697) & ornamental (63754), forestry (23128), medicinal & aromatic plants (301), etc.

Table 7.9: Physical achievement of planting material production

Commercial	Uttar P	radesh	Uttara	khand	Grand	Total
crops	Number	Value (Rs)	Number	Value (Rs)	Number	Value (Rs)
Vegetable	1252630	438168.5	9815262	653677	11067892	1091845.5
Fruits	29521	343972	12176	180000	41697	523972
Ornamental	57854	27961	5900		63754	27961
Medicinal &	101	500	200	2	301	500
Forestry/ plantation	23128	69090	9000	180000	23128	69090 180000
Other	1363234		9842538	1013677	A STREET, STRE	1893369



Aonla Production: KVK Lalitpur



Banana Production by farmer: KVK Gonda



Production of papaya: KVK Bahraich

### Production of Vegetable Seedlings

KVKs produced large number of vegetable seedling (11130584) of brinjal, chilli, tomato, cabbage cauliflower, sroccoli, capsicum, onion, cucumber as summer squash etc. Quality seedlings made availables the farmers for enhancing their profitability as livelihood. The state wise, vegetable crops with quantity of seedlings produced are given in table.



Table 7.10: Seedling production of different vegetables

Commercial crops	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Total	
	Number	Value (Rs)	Number	Value (Rs)	Number	Value (Rs)
Brinjal	196668	68858			196668	68858
Chilli.	233363.1	140290	4800	350	238163.1	140640
Tomato	421945	132405	64550	13000	486495	145405
Cabbage	84675	29890	74170	4239	158845	34129
Cauliflower	104313	17863	47430	1080	151743	18943
Broccoli	5675	2922.5	20947	398	26622	3320.5
Capsicum	0.60	-	36245	3910	36245	3910
Onion	204935	44390	9516600	426500	9721535	470890
Cucumber	1050	1250	48330	203300	49380	204550
Summer Squash	100	~	2190	900	2190	900
Mushroom	6	300			6	300
Total	1278300	442608.5	9852284	654767	11130584	1097376



Production of capsicum: KVK Pauri Garhwal



Small Scale nursery: KVK Muzaffarnagar

#### **Production of Fruit Saplings**

The total fruit saplings were 41697produced in both the states. Different fruit varieties have taken for different crops i.e. mango (Dashehari, Chausa, Amrapali, Chausa, Dashari, Lagada, Ramkela); aonla (Kanchan, NA-6,7,10, Chakaiya); guava (L-49, Lalit, Sweta, Allahabad Safeda); lemon (Kagzhi Lime,); papaya (Honey Dew, Pusa Delicious, Rachi Dwarf, Red lady, Koorg honey dew, Pusananha, Madhu, Arka Prabhat); bael (CISH B-1,2, Etava Kagji, NB-5, NB-7); pomegranate (Dholka); jackfruit (Seeded); The state wise, fruit saplings produced is given in table.

Fruit Saplings	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Total	
	Number	Value (Rs)	Number	Value (Rs)	Number	Value (Rs)
Aonia	2070	37335		**	2070	37335
Litchi	37	1440	*		37	1440
Mango	5932	141245		+	5932	141245
Papaya	15672	91540	9000	180000	24672	271540
Guava	2224	23235	15		2224	23235
Jack fruit	295	2174			295	2174
Beal	1401	17348		10	1401	17348
Citrus	1104	9680	-	+:	1104	9680
Lemon	126	2610	-	*	126	2610
Karonda	525	2035		+0	525	2035
Pomegranate	78	1030	*	-	78	1030
Custard apple	5	100	-	+	5	100
Ber	12	14200		45	12	14200
Jamun	40			+ 1	40	*
Peach	*	1.0	80		80	*:
Others	*	580	3096	- 61	3096	*:
Total	29521	343972	12176	180000	41697	523972

#### Production of ornamental, forestry medicinal & other plant saplings

KVKs of this zone produced 23128 forestry, ornamental, medicinal and aromatic plants. Forestry saplings included Shisham (Deshi), teak (local), poplar (G-48, Uday, S7C8), neem (Deshi), eucalyptus (local), Cajurina, etc. Ornamental plants such as rose (Kalkatia, Desi), marigold (Puas Narangi, Pusa Basanti, Indian Chief), calendula, crotan, poppy,sweet william, etc. This zone also produced lemon grass(Pragati, Chiharit. The state wise details are given in table.

Table 7.12: Sapling production of ornamental, forestry medicinal & other plants

Ornamental	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Total	
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	Number	Value (Rs)	Number	Value (Rs)	Number	Value (Rs)
Marigold	27605	9020	4000	-	31605	9020
Chrysanthmum	2650	2075	900	4	3550	2075
Rose						
(Kalkatia desi)	750	2500	1000	2	1750	2500
Crotan	82	1350			82	1350
Calandula	100	50	12	*	100	50
Baugain villia	2	50	100	-	2:	50
Рорру	2000	600	-53	- 5	2000	600
Sweet William	1500	450	-	-	1500	450
Other						
omamental	300	16	- 27	120	300	0
Others	22841	11786	-		22841	11786
Total	57830	27881	5900		63730	27881
Medicinal &						
Aromatic						
Lemon Grass	-		100	3	100	
Others	100	500	100	-	200	500
Total	100	500	200		300	500
Forestry/						
plantation						
Poplar	1350	40			1350	1
Arjun	200	+3	-	-	200	19
Noem (dexi)	320	+3	-	- 65	320	
Teak (local)	8958	69090	-	-	8958	69090
Eucalyptus						
(local)	10500		16	90.	10500	22
Seasum (desi)	500	¥	796	*	500	- 5
Cajurina	100		-	-	100	
Ashok	24	80	3	- 81	24	80
Other	1200	4	-		1200	, to
Total	23152	69170	100	1	23152	69170
Others						
Paddy seedlin		-	9000	18000	9000	180000
Total		-	9000	18000	9000	180000
Grand Total	81082	97551	15100	18000	0 96182	27755

### **Production of Bio-Products**

The KVKs of Uttar Pradesh produced 70926.45 kg of bioproducts whereas the KVKs of Uttrakhand produced 244.65 kg of bio-products. It included vermicompost (46435 kg), NADEP compost (20727.5 kg), FYM (82.15 kg). Besides, KVKs also produced 650 kg bio pesticides. The state wise details are given in table.

Table 7.13: Production of Bio-Products

Bio Products	Littar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		Grand Total	
	Qty (kg)	Value (Rs)	Qty (kg)	Value (Rs)	Qty (kg)	Value (Rs)
Bio-fertilizer						
Vermicompost	46275	233222	160.0	95300	46435	328522
Nadepompos	20725	21600	2.50	1250	20727.5	22850
FYM		25	82.15	8215	82.15	1215
Other	104.9	8043			104.0	8043
Total	67104	262865	244.65	104765	67348.65	367630
Bio-pesticide						
Beauveria-						
bassiana	50.0				50.0	2
Trichoderma						
Viridi	50.0	8	-	-	50.0	-
Metarrhizium						
anisoplae	50.0	2	\$1	(2)	50:0	4
Botanicals	500		- 23	-	500.0	
Total	650.0	13			650.0	1
Bio-fungicide						
Trichoder						
maharzianum	19.0	- 4	+	2.4	19.0	
Other	6.0	-		14	6.0	- 4
Total	25.0			1/2	25.0	. 3
Otherbio						
-product						
Bio Agents	80.0	1600	18	1.50	80.0	1600
Honey	570.0	6840	- 35		570.0	6840
Lemon pickle	1224.45	73440	-	-	1224.45	73410
Vermiculture	9.0	1800	12	6	9:0	1800
Worms	264.0	97700	72	-	264.0	97700
Verms	1000.0	10000	10	-	1000.0	10000
Total	3147,45	191380	12	•	3147.45	19136
Grand Total	70926.43	5 454245	244.65	104765	71171.1	55900







Livestock (Chick & CARI Devendra) Production: KVK Sitapur-1



Fish production: KVK Kushinagar

#### Livestock & Fingerling Production

KVKs of Uttar Pradesh also produced 102 goat kids (Barbari), 1841 Broiler, 36 piglets (Large White Yorkshire), fingerlings 41.32 lakh. Whereas, in Uttarakhand very meagre production of broilers(222), calves (2) and cows(3). The amount of Rs 44140/- was collected from the produce. The state wise details are given in table.

Table 7.14: Production of livestock & fingerlings

Bio Products	Uttar Pradesh		Uttarakhand		<b>Grand Total</b>	
	Qty (kg)	Value (Rs)	Qty (kg)	Value (Rs)	Qty (kg)	Value (Rs)
Cows	8	12800	3	4500	11	17300
Buffaloes	4	*:	-		4	0
Calves	16	85000	2	8000	18	93000
Gout	102	256000		4.	102	256000
Others	2	154958		+3	2	154958
Total	132	508758	5	12500	137	521258
Broilers	1841	192740	0.0		1841	192740
Duals (broiler						
& layer)	2.	- 8	222	31640	222	31640
Others	1770	8850	-		1770	8850
Total	3611	201590	222	31640	3833	233230
Piglets	36	34000	-	1	36	34000
Total	36	34000			36	34000
Indian carp	4132537	741482		- 20	4132537	741482
Exotic carp	2	5000	-		2	5000
Others	264	66000	-24		264	66000
Total	4132803	812482		-	4132803	812482
Grand Total	4136582	1556830	227	44140	4136809	1600970



Sheep unit (Avikalin Breed): KVK Chitrakoot

### CASE STUDIES/SUCCESS STORIES

State: Uttar Pradesh

#### Fish farming a way of livelihood development: KVK Chitrakoot



Sri Rambhawan Raikwar S/o Sri Chhotku, village Taraon of district Chtrakoot is a marginal farmer having 1.5 acre cultivated land which is not sufficient to fulfill all the requirement of family members he is belonging to fisherman community of other Backward classes. He is traditionally

fish farmers before the contact of KVK he was simply engaged in catching and selling of fishes from river and canals. He contacted with the KVK scientist during 2010 and participated in composite fish farming training programme. After the completion of training programme Mr. Ram bhawan taken village pond on lease for fish farming for 10 years. The area of fish pond is 2.5 acre. KVK provided quality fish seed under FLD programme to get maximum yield from unit area. Feeding and water quality management throughout the year scientifically adopted by them. Even prevailing drought condition from last few year Mr. Ram Bhawan planned sold all the fish stock before drying of the pond. He started fish selling

when they attain a size of 400 gram at the time of Deepawali festival from pond site. During rearing period of 10 month he sold all the fish stock. He is earning on an average of Rs.1.00 to 1.25 lakh last three years from a ha. pond area annually. During 2012-13 he got best fish farmers award under Nanaji Deshmukh Utkrisht Krishak Puraskar for getting higher yield and



return from seasonal ponds. Now he is very happy with his profession and motivated six farmers of Bhaisondha, Taraon and Bharatkup to adopt his technology and time management to get production approximately 22 q/ha/10 month culture period.

Technology adopted – Manuring and fertilization before stocking

- Stocking of large size fingerlings
- Feeding with locally available supplementary feed.
- Marketing of fish at appropriate time and weight.

#### Off Season Cultivation of Cauliflower as Intercrop in Sunflower: KVK Pratapgarh

Mr. Sunil Kumar Maurya, Village Sahabad P.O. Manikpur, District Pratapgar. Mr Maurya is having area of I ha upland sandy loam soil. He has started vegetable cultivation in 2008 with the traditional farming system and was not getting the good returns from his field.

Mr. Maurya visited the KVK in 2009 for laser levelling of his vegetable field. During the interaction with the scientist, he expressed his concern about low economic return from the field. The KVK scientist visited his field and chalked out his plan of production for the vegetable cultivation considering the available resources and soil type. The emphasis was given in the crop diversification to produce off season vegetable and arrange the sequence of the crop in such a way that before the maturity of one crop and other crop start fruiting.

Mr. Maurya have planted many combination of the vegetable crop. Cultivation of off season cauliflower as intercrop in sunflower during summer is one. The description of the technology are –

- Sunflower was sown in the month of February at the distance of 3 m row distance.
- After 10 days cauliflower was transplanted at the distance of 60x45 cm. as intercrop.

Economic Analysis								
Crop	Yield (q/ha.)	Gross Income (Rs.)	Cost of Producti on (Rs.)		B:C Ratio			
Cauliflower	144	172800	42500	130300	4.06			
Sun Flower	5	15000	4000	11000	3.75			
Cauliflower+ Sunflower		187800	46500	141300	4.03			

Four row of cauliflower were planted between the sunflower rows (3 m), during the summer when the temperature is very high which is not conducing for the vegetative growth of the cauliflower crop. The sun flower plant grows high which has been sown at the distance of 3 m row to row provides shed to the cauliflower crop to protect against high scorching sun light and at the same time create humid climate around the cauliflower crop and produce healthy crop during summer.



#### Diversity Became the secret of Success: KVK Hardoi



Sri Genda Singh Rawat, R/o Village-Magtai, Block- Murasan, Distt- Hathras, Uttar Pradesh is a small farmer. Because of diversification in agriculture crop and entrepreneur, production and use of NADEP Compost Sri Rawat getting

more and more profit from growing cotton, potato, mustard wheat and bajra, Sri Rawat known as an innovative farmer among the farmers of district side by side by the production & use of NADEP and milk production. By this achievement of Sri Rawat the farmers of District are getting inspiration and they are also trying to diversify their agriculture.

Intermediate passed Sri Rawat getting benefit by growing various crops and milk production on his 6 acre land since last four years. The technologies and its application in his field is natural hoby of Sri Rawat. By Producing NADEP Compost Sri Rawat not only getting profit by sale it to farmers but also improving the soil health by applying it to own field. Because of all above the activities Sri Rawat is becoming the source of inspiration among the farmers of the district.

Potato is one of the profitable crops in the District but due to use of imbalance and chemical source of nutriments this crop is becoming the non profiting crop day by day. The another reason for that is its monoculture. Sri Rawat getting profit from potato because of using organic source of nutrient and following suitable crop rotation/diversified crops.

The climate and soil of District is suitable for cotton but the area under cotton decreasing day by day. Sri Rawat started its cropping and getting profit by getting training by Scientist of Krishi Vigyan Kendra.

By getting training from K.V.K. Sri Rawat also started the production of NADEP Compost side by side. In this way this compost is being used in potato crop which is causing improved quality of potato and it also caused an initiative in improving the soil health which is of great concern nowa-days, from last three year Sri Rawat have got Rs. 50000 per year by selling the 100 Qtl of NADEP Compost.

By introducing cotton in crop rotation Sri Rawat not only getting the profit but it also helping in concerning the soil and water.

Since last two years Sri Rawat grows the wheat of in 2 acres for seed production and getting Rs. 1 lac / ha per year. (55 q/ha @ Rs. 1800/q)

By consulting with K.V.K. Sri Rawat diversified agriculture and started animal husbandry. Now-a-days He producing 20 l/day from 3 buffalo of Murrah breed. By selling milk to cooperative Sri Rawat getting an income of Rs. 700-800 per day.

After getting training on integrated nutriment management Sri Rawat started growing summer bajra with INM and got 35-40 q/ha and earning of Rs. 35000/ha.

#### Integrated Farming System for economic empowerment





Radhey Shyam Yadav S/O Sri Dinai Yadav is a Farmer belongs to Vill-Vashawa Rai, Block-Parashrampur, Distt.-Basti (U.P.). His Aged 52 Years old and Qualification has M.A. The Vashawa Rai village located in 30Km away from District Headquarter and 8Km from Vikramjot on NH-28.

#### Previous Status of Farming-

He has 10Acre Land and a small Kachacha House with one Milking Cow initially he adopted simple traditional crop rotation Paddy-Wheat-Sugarcane.

#### Intervention by Krishi Vigyan Kendra -

Sri Yadav Participated in vocational Training Programme

during 2009-10 at Krishi Vigyan Kendra. He emphasized in this training and requests to scientist visit his farm. Scientist advised him to reduce sugarcane area and prepare a fish ponds with duck Farming. The area is situated near his residence.

#### Present Status of Farming -

Sri Yadav starting integrated fish farming after achieving technical knowledge. He has 3 ponds with area 1 ha. and .4 ha as a nursery pond. 250 layer Ducks, 31 Emus, 3 Cows, 2 Buffalos, 1 Gobergas Plant, 35 Papaya Plants, 45 Banana Plants, 4 Anola Plants, 25 Mango Plants and .2 ha Vegetables through out the Year, 1 Motercycle, 1 Diesel Pumping set and 1 Electric Tube well Etc.

#### Effect on Socio Economic Status -

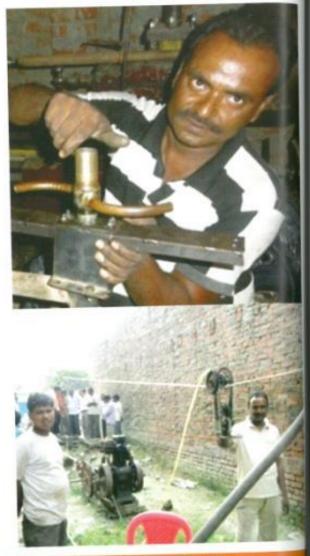
Income from fish ponds 85 q Fish and 73000 eggs annually. He is getting Rs 45000 per month as an additional income from Fish and Duck Farming. His socio economic status is recognized as a Progressive Farmers. He has built a builds a new house and provided better education of Son and daughter.

#### Effect on other Farmers -

37 Farmers are impressed and adopt integrated farming system after viewing the result demonstration of Integrated Fish Farming.

# Mobile sprinkler set for irrigation and foliar spray on crops: KVK Gonda

The farmer Shri Ram Sajiwan of village- Pipra Adai, block- Babhanjot, Gonda has invented a mobile sprinkler set for irrigation and foliar spray on crops. This instrument is very small (portable) and based on low cost technology. He is awarded first prize by President of India among the innovators exhibition 2014 at New Delhi. He has already applied this technology for patent. The Head of department of irrigation and water management, Dr. Ramadhar Singh of CIAE, Bhopal (MP) has visited at their village to see this innovative technology and suggested him to refine this technology for greater benefit to the farmers to save time and water in irrigation. Sri Ram Sajiwan give his full credit to KVK Gonda because KVK support him all time during his innovation.



Small advice made big difference: KVK Siddharthnagar

Shri Ghiraoo Prasad S/o late Shri Nirahoo Prasad age 65
lived in village Sohna Block Bhanavapur District
Siddharthnagar farming on his parental agriculture lan
about one acre since last 40 years but ispite of his han
work he never got sufficient money to spend freely be
any how he able to manage to fulfill the requirement of
his 15 members family. In his one acre land he grow rid
—wheat for the family and every year. He takes one bigh
land on hoonda every year for vegetable cultivation of
meet the daily expenditure of family. Land on hoonda wa
available in the month of February @ Rs.2000 /bigha up
month of September. In the first week of March he sow th
ladies finger variety Awantika on land borrowed of



hoonda. Crop started fruiting after 45 days and gave a good yield upto last June but after than fruiting decreased drastically due infestation of disease and insects and there was no meaning of continuing the crop. He visited the KVK and requested to the scientist for visiting his field for better option. KVK scientist visited his field and advised him to cutting of bhindi plant at height of 2 feet and pruning of the plants with intercropping of sponge gourd which trail on bhindi plant. Farmer convenience with the advice and followed it. After cutting and pruning of bhindi plant weeded out the field and a spray of emidachloprid @0.5 ml/litre was done to control the white fly and other

sucking insect. He fertilized the crop @ 25 kg DAP +25 KG urea through broadcasting with a hoeing and earthing. Sponge gourd seed sown in the second week of July. Fruiting in bhindi restarted after 25 days of pruning and in sponge gourd fruiting started after 30 days of sowing. Spray of micronutrient was done at a interval of 15 days and a dose of 25 kg DAP + 25 kg urea also top dressed with shallow hoeing. He recorded 1400 kg bhindi up to June as pure crop and after adopting this technique he produced 675 kg bhindi + 1067 kg sponge gourd with a expenditure of Rs. 7220/bigha.

S.N.	Details	CostRs./ Bigha	Production Kg/bigha	Gross return Net return (Rs.) /bigha /ha /bigha /ha
1	Cost of cultivation of Bhindi upto June	5862	1400	28000 224000 22138 177104
2	Cutting & pruning 4 labour	400	-	
3		500		
4	Fertilizer 50+ 50 kg DAP & Urea +10 kg MOP	1760		
5	Micronutrient 200 g	200		
6	Labour for spray 2@ Rs. 100	200		
7	Emidachloprid	100		
8	Hoeing & earthing 5 labour	500		
9	Seed of sponge gourd	100		-
110	Sowing 1 labour	100		
10	Irrigation 3 @ Rs.120/hrs	360	SG 1067	21340
11	Harvesting & grading 30 labour	3000	Bhindi 675	13500
12	Total (2 to 11)	7220		34840 278720 27620 220960
	Grand total			62840 502720 49758 398064

Cost of cultivation of bhindi Rs. 38894 /ha. Selling price of bhindi Rs. 20/kg and sponge gourd Rs. 20/kg

He also told that this method produced good quality sponge gourd compared grown with traditional method and generated an extra men days for the family members which were jobless during rainy season. His family members did all the cultural practices themselves so they have saved the labour cost of Rs. 4700/ which increase the family income considerably





## Self employment opportunity in goat farming: Kaushambi

Mr. Masroof s/o sri Maqbool Ahmad and Mr Mobin s/o Hazi Navi Mahammd, residing at Deviganj, tehsil-Sirathu, Kaushambi, U.P. were doing a small scale business at Bombay with local contract delar but did not earned satisfactory. When he came back to home town, he observed that there is good scope in small animal treading like goat and sheep. Same time he joined seven days one training programme organized by BSVS (Baroda Swarojgar Vikas Sansthan) at manjhanpur. After completion of training he contacted further with KVK and also mention their views to start own employment as Goat Farm unit. He was advised to get training on self employment opportunities during 2012. He also attended training on goat farming. After that he got confidence to keep goat rearing farm, he started Al Noor Goat Farm Cooperative Society, Dviganj Bihamidpur, Saini, Sirathu, Kaushambi and registered as a dealer for cattle feed, eggs and livestock fish meat poultry feed etc. With the help of KVK he submitted a project proposal to bank for funding goat farming and got it. With efforts of KVK and bank, he got a project from NABARD (centrally sponsored scheme interrogated development of small ruminant) amount Rs. 24 Lakh with margin money of Rs. 2.5 lakh.

He started to rear goats in semi stall feeding system with other partner Mr. Mobin and with the technical expertise from KVK. He purchased animals from CIRG, Mathura and local market with herd size up to the total stock of 300 animals (500 in future) within year. Then he has planned to sale the animals at about regular interval of one year age of animals and also he has undertaken low cost feed production technology which was given by KVK for improving quality of feed in order to meet daily nutrient requirement of animals,

Last year he sold 65 animals of weight 37-45 kg. The cost of each male goat was Rs. 8000-10,000 and he gained about 4.5 lakh per year. He also makes NADEP compost from litter material as manure to agriculture land. Now he is planned to extended the total stock of the animals at





Al Noor Goat Farm Co. Operative Society, Sirathu Kaushambi

adjacent village to make groups and established new society and also engaged with other NABARD plan key goat producer link for whole district. He is also satisfied from this opportunity and he is going to enhance the farm by new technology under guidance of KVK.

## Story of Chilly Farmer: Bulandshahar

Title

: Increase production and potential of

Chilly.

Introduction

: Arka Maghena, G-4.

KVKintervention: Training, Demonstration.

Output

: Started with 0.20 ha chilly in 2011 and gained net income Rs. 83495.00/ha and now 0.40 ha. chilly in 2013 and gained net

income Rs. 165500.00/ha.

Outcome Impact: Started with yield 102.5 qt / ha and

extended to 132.6 qt/ha.

In district Bulandshahr there are majority of small and marginal farmers involved in Agriculture. It is really difficult to improve the falling socio- economic status of these farmers due to lack of resources required for farming. Diversification in agriculture is a big demand of today. Everybody who is involved in agriculture need to break the trend and step forward to raise the level of living.

Taking such points under consideration 4 years ago one such marginal farmer named Shri - Raj Kumar s/o Sri-Amar Singh Vill – Baral, Bulandshahr village which falls under NCR region hence facilitated by good market, being one of the adopted village of KVK, Bulandshahr, started cultivation of green chilly in 2011 very small area (0.08 ha.). He contacted KVK scientists and attained trainings and demonstrations on chilly cultivation, like production technology, improved high yielding varieties, seed treatment, IPM practices and other such aspects.

In 2012 after regular visits of KVK Scientists he increased the area up to 0.20 ha and acquired yield of 120.8 quintals / ha with net profit of Rs 131955.00. Similarly, in next year 2013 again expanded area up to 0.40 ha and flourished yield of 132.6q / ha with net profit of Rs 165500.00. At present time his crop is still there in the field and the area is 0.50 ha.

Now he is quiet satisfied with the production and the income he benefitted with. Earlier he was involved in traditional farming system and so he was dissatisfied with the less earnings. Now he is happy and in regular touch of KVK and eager to introduce some other diversifications in the farming pattern.

#### The details of cultivation is given below:

Yea	Are a ( ha)	Yield q/ha	Gross Incom e	Cost of cultivation	Net incom e
201	0.08	102.5	169125	85630	83495
201	0.20	120.8	223480	91525	131955
201	0.40	132.6	264000	98500	165500
201 4	0.50	Contd			

Diversifications of existing cropping system determine the path of food security, economic development and also improve the livelihood security of farming community. The country is endowed with a rich diversity of natural resources. Therefore, there is need to develop crop diversification model for improving the socio-economic status of small and marginal farmers.

Sri Ram Surat Chauhan belongs to a resource poor marginal farmer living in village chak Khairullah of Rani ki Sarai Block of Azamgarh district of Uttar Pradesh. He generates income from 2.1 ha. cultivated land and one milch cattle and any how meets out the need of his family. He utilized available land for production of cereals, pulses and oilseeds etc. In spite of the importance of said crops, he could not generate sufficient income to uplift living standard and to provide better education for children.

Sri Chauhan came in contact with KVK, Azamgarh during 2006 through a vocational training where information about establishment of agro based enterprises along with other technical knowledge were being given by the scientists. Being enthusiastic in nature, he attended frequently more number of seed production, diversification farming, dairy development, bio fertilizer/ organic manure etc related programmes at KVK and finally decided to diverse own traditional farming system and started the same from rabi 2006.

Initially he started poultry production with 500 birds and got some more profit and as a result he enhanced the rearing capacity to the extent of 2000 birds. The byproducts like litter was used directly for vermi composting. As he started receiving good income, he constructed 20 vermi compost pits for better utilization of huge quantity of poultry by products. He is now producing and using large quantity of valuable vermi compost in crop production and also earns Rs. 80000 by selling in the market.

In dairy component, three cows and three buffaloes are producing approximately 20 liter milk/day. A huge quantity of rotten FYM is also obtained as by product of dairy unit which also encouraged him to to adopt



sustainable farming by reducing pressure of chemical fertilizer in crop production sector.

He also established horticultural nursery in which teak, papaya, mango, guava, aonla, bael and seasonal vegetables are developed commercially. It also provided daily income along with full utilization of available resources leads to build an ideal nursery in coming future. In crop production sector he commercially raised rice, wheat, pigeon pea, gram, urd for meeting the daily need of food requirement and rest quantities are sell in the market for income.

Out of the agro-based enterprises/enter prenureship

development for income generation and wide adoptability that ETV Hyderabad and Doordarshan Mau has covered his efforts and broadcast on respective channels as an model for diversification of existing system.

By observing such a success and property achieved by shri Chauhan, other farmers were also motivated and came into contact with KVK. Looking to the interest and curiosity among the farmers of nearby villages, the KVK organized trainings and other extension activities from time to time. The details about income generation from different units are given as hereunder & the values are in tables also based on farmer perception.

S.No	Enterprize	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Annual Inc	come (Rs) fi	rom vario	us enterpris	ies			
1	Crop Production (cereals,pulses,oilseeds)	70000	60000	55000	55000	62000	76250	70400
2.	Poultry Production	12000	12000	22000	22000	25000	-	-
3.	Dairy Production (Rs/day)	200/day	245/ day	330/day	400/day	400/day	550/day	480/day
4.	Vegetables (Veg.Pea, Cucurbits, Cauliflower, Radish etc)	4000	5000	5500	7000	5000	63600	58350
5.	Nursery		-		25000	4100	144100	98780
6.	Vermi compost		21	25000	80000	54000	51000	60200
7.	Marigold Production	•	+	-	-	300 (starting)	1900	20000

Lastly he took financial support and help from NABARD in developing the such units for Rs. 3 lakh granted by Kashi Gomati Sanyukt Gramin Bank, Belaisa, Azamgarh. A regular monthly installment of interest is paid by me

from gross income and rest amounts are using as per my need and family development. The Krishi Vigyan Kendra had played an ideal role in changing his attitude and livelihood also.

#### Dairy Farming as successful Venture

This is the story of Sri Lalsa Yadav now a successful agriculture farmer of village Sidhari Post-Sidhari, Dist-Azamgarh (U.P.) who is earning a lot through the diverse agriculture enterprises such as rice wheat cropping system, vegetable etc. Village Sidhari is situates at 6 Km. away from KVK, headquarter on Mau road. It is an adopted village of Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Azamgarh. Sri Yadav is one such achiever whose story does not finish by achieving success in the field of agriculture after achieving heights in agriculture. There came a turning point one day while the processing of grains was going on, a lot of waste material was generated which he needed to dispose out. It was very cheap in the market. At this point

he thought of utilizing it by feeding to livestock.

He visited Krishi Vigyan Kendra in search of more information about animal husbandry. This was the first point at which he became aware about the potential of livestock as a source of income generation after coming to Krishi Vgyan Kendra, he discussed with animal scientists in detail, where he got a lot of information and literature in hindi on various aspect of livestock farming, i.e. breeding, feeding, management, health care, marketing aspect and how to start these enterprises. He became very enthusiastic to open a dairy farm to support of this KVK. After discussing with the scientist at the KVK Sri Yadav started a dairy on his farm land with the technical help of Krishi Vigyan Kendra. Thus his very started with a total four cross breed cow and three female calves. His cross

breed cows yield approximately 12-16 litres milk per day per cow. Among these technologies the most important was the advice of mineral mixture by animal scientist, which he started feeding to his three cows (10-12 month of age) @ 15 gm/day/animal within 26 month these three cows parturated and started giving @ 10-15 lit. of milk/day. Those animals which were not coming into heat, after feeding of mineral mixture these become pregnant.

#### Impact:

At present 5 cows are producing milk @ 11-16 lit and two are pregnant. Total milk production is approximately 65 lit/da. The milk is sold in the local market in near by area @ Rs. 20/lit. The total expenditure at dairy is approximately Rs. 1.8 lakh and he earns a net profit of approximately Rs. 1.15 lakh /year. He vaccinates the animals at regular interval against HS and FMD. He also does regular deworming of his livestock thrice a year and ectoparasital spray for two three time a year. He feed planty of green fodder to his animal viz Berseem, Bajara, Chary and the Dry fodder includes wheat straw and hay. He provides concentrate as per a need of animals i.e. 1-2 Kg for maintenance and half Kg/lit of milk among with 50 gm mineral mixture and salt extra. He is taking all care in respect of prevention and therapeutic management of various kinds of livestock diseases.

Sri Yadav has been awarded "Best Dairy Farmer Award" in 2009-2010 by KVK, Azamgarh for his achievement in livestock sector. A dynamic person Sri yadav proves to be a successful farmer and a moral support to the farmers and livestock owners of his nearby areas. Now his family always appreciated the effort of KVK, Azamgarh for helping, establishing of dairy enterprises.

#### Honey bee adding money to farm income

#### Introduction

Name of farmer : Sri Rajanikant (mob.9452784948)

Village : Panditpura Block: Belhari

District: Ballia

Sri Rajanikant is 38 year progressive farmer of village panditpura, block- Belhari, District – Ballia (Mob, 9452784948). Once upon a time his wife become ill and doctor advised to take medicine with honey. He incurred lot to purchase honey from local market since then he decided to produce honey at his own. He owned only one acre land. During a Gosthi he meet with scientist of KVK Ballia and expressed his desire to produce honey. For this scientist invited him at KVK and trained him for honey production.

Sicne 2007 he started honey production along with wax. He started his honey bee keeping business with a small amount of Rs. 8600/-. The input – output details are given in Table – 1. Sri Rajnikant has become a source of inspiration for other farmers of the district. Due to limited land resource he has to transport honey bee boxes to other places such as Buxar, Gazipur, Muzaffarpur (Bihar), Mau, and Malhiabad, etc. Farmers of these places request him to put his boxes in their orchard becouse it increase polination as a result increase in production



Table: Expenditure – Income details of Sri Rajanikant Bee Keeping business

	Net	Expendit	Produc	ction Kg.	Total	Total
Year	of Box	ure, Rs.	Honey	Wax	income Rs.	Rs.
2007-08	10	4000	210	02-May	12600	8600
2008-09	20	7000	380	04-Jul	25000	18000
2009-10	40	10000	720	10-Oct	47800	37600
2010-11	60	16200	915	13-25	85000	68800
2011-12	70	18800	1020	15-Mar	106000	87300
2012-13	80	20450	1155	17-25	128200	107750
2013-14	80	12000	1145	17-00	130500	118500

# Bee keeping and Vegetable Production increase the livelihood of small farmer

Sh. Yadvendra Dutta Maurya is a post graduate belonging to village Barsathi under Barsathi block of Jaunpur district in U.P. state. He came in contact with KVK Jaunpur in the year 2007. Till then he had been cultivating vegetables of brinjal, chilli, potato, tomato and cole crop in traditional pattern on total 1.0 acre field and earned only Rs. 40,000 net income per annum. He has undergone training on bee keeping from plant protection scientist of this center and started the bee keeping first time from 5 boxes. Now at this time 2012-13 he has 500 boxes and earn lot. The improved technology for vegetable production based on IPM through training and Front Line Demonstrations. After adoption of bee keeping with improved cultivation of vegetables he earned about Rs. 10 lakh net income per annum. Mr. Maurya also supply the bee boxes, bee colony and waxy sheets to bee keepers. Thus there was overall increase in the livelihood of Mr Maurya and his family.



Mixed Farming with mushroom enhance the income: Jaunpr (U.P.)

Sh. Santosh Tiwari is intermediate passed and belons to village Dihiyan under Khuthan block of Jaunpur district in U.P. state. He had been cultivating paddy, maize, wheat crops on traditional pattern and earned only Rs. 60,000 net income per annum from own 5.0 acre field. For the first time he came at KVK in a training programme. Mr. Tiwari Started the bee keeping, mushroom production and scientific cultivation of vegetable and cereal crops after

training & demonstrations which was provided by KVK scientist. He has also started to provide sprayers with recommended dose of pesticide solution to farmers of the village on custom hiring services. After adoption of bee keeping, mushroom production, scientific cultivation of vegetable & cereal crops and custom hiring system he earned about Rs. 5 lakh net income per annum.

State: Uttarakhand

# Profitability by tomato-mustard cropping systems in hills of Almora

Shri Bahadur Singh Kandari, Village- Kumaleshwar, PO-Deghat, Block - Syalde, District - Almora

## Description of innovation

Like other hilly area farmers h was also growing traditional crops with the rotation of spring ricewheat/Mustard-Finger millet+ Horse gram /soybeanfallow. The yield obtained with this system is very poor even some time he could not harvest the seed that he had sown in the field. Realizing the problem Shri Kandari has developed an innovation i.e. practice of Tomato- Mustard based cropping system in the area as an alternative to Upland rice/ Mandua based cropping system. In this innovation Sh. Kandari started the cultivation of Tomato followed by mustard instead of traditional cropping system. In tomato (Badshah) by 4-6 pickings usually he gets 15-18 q of tomato in 4 nali area by which he gets a net income of Rs. 2.4 lakh. Similarly in rabi he harvest 15 q/ha mustard (Pant Pili Sarson-1) and get an additional income of Rs. 30,000.00. In this way, through this innovation Sh. Kandari earns Rs. 2.70 Lakh per annum. Contrary to this through traditional system hardly he get Rs. 45,000-50,000 from the same area. Apart from this enterprise, he has a well established dairy with 5 cows. This dairy supports Sh. Kandari in crop and vegetable production.

Practical utility of innovation: Tomato-Mustard system and dairy provides cash flow through out the year, improve soil health and proper use of available resources. This approach is sustainable and there is no problem in marketing. This system adopted by farmers is more profitable and is being used as a model for other farmers





Commercial dairy farming with Cross Breed cows : Haridwar

Introduction: Cross breed cows contribute a lot in district milk production system. Majority of cross bred cows are consist of Holstein Friesian blood.

KVK Intervention: Mr. R. D. Sharma, resident of Kharanja, Kutubpur, block: Lakhsar (Haridwar) during the year 2011 came in contact of KVK animal scientist and gone through commercial dairy farming training and dairy visits organized by KVK center. Due to his keen interest in commercial dairy farming KVK scientist helped him to prepare a 40 dairy animal's project to get financial assistance from bank. With the help of KVK guidelines he established commercial dairy unit, vermi compost unit and biogas unit at their agriculture land.

Output: Mr. R. D. Sharma started commercial dairy with 20 cross bred cows, majority of them consist of HF blood and not less than production of 5000 liter milk per lactation. After production of milk, he supplies the whole quantity to cooperative unit ANCHAL. In Initial stage, through marketing of 200 lt. milk per day getting Rs. 2500/- per day net profit. During September 2012 he started own milk out let at Lakshar. Now due to sale of milk he is getting Rs. 4500/- per day net profit. He is providing vermi compost for their field crops and biogas for cooking purpose through cattle dung.

Impact: Integrated farming reduces the production cost of crops as well as food cooking expenditure. Now days he is planning to start production of milk products like Lassi, Khoya, Paneer, etc. to maximize his net profit.



Inauguration of dairy at Kutubpur Village

#### Processing and packaging for income enhacement

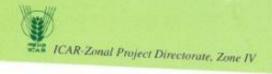
Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Kashipur under the concept of minimal processing unit is organizing trainings and providing technical information and guidance to rural women on processing and packing of spices. Processing of spices at domestic level is attracting women and they are feeling motivated to start this as home based enterprise. Under the minimal processing unit, established at KVK by ICAR, women are being trained and given method demonstration or grinding of through grinding machine and finally packing them women are being trained and encouraged for processing of turmeric (haldi) and coriander through grinding machine, technical knowledge and spices of packaging and information on marketing of the same. KVK has conducted 3 days training programme on processing of haldi and coriander, in which rural women of Himmatpur village, block kashipur have participated and gained technical know how.

Scientists have also conducted field visit which created awareness among women on processing of spices for income generation woman of these village also motivated women of other villages on this aspect. In this context two women-Smt Kiran Devi, W/o Sri. Shravan Kumar and

Smt. Reena Devi W/o Niranjan Singh contacted home scientists of the centre and gained technical information on processing of spices. This technique attracted the two women and they



started this as on income generation enterprise at their own level. These women in future want to establish this practice as a source of regular income generation enterprise by involving more women.



## Chapter-9

# INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

Most of the KVKs of U.P. and Uttarakhand has developed their infrastructure as per ICAR norms. Administrative building (80), Farmers Hostel (73), Staff Quarters (71), Soil tesing lab (50), Water Harvesting structure (9) are

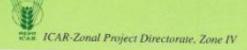
developed at KVK end, Total 68 demonstration units are available at KVKs. In case of vehicles; 80 jeeps, 75 tractors are running under different KVKs. (Table 8.1)

Table 9.1: Basic infrastructural facilities available in KVKs of U.P. & Uttarakhand

	S. No KVK District	Year of	establishment Land with KVK	(ha)	Admin building	Farmers hostel	Staff quarter	laboratory	Water harvesting	Demonstration Unit-1 (Livestock	Demonstration Unit- 2(Horticulture/Poly	House Related) Demonstration Unit-3(Vermi	U./Olhers)	Denotine
	1 Bahraich	19	83 13	.60 Y	es y	es Y	es y	es	No	Dairy Unit, Fis Unit			Ye	
	2 Basti	198	39 20.	00 Y	es Y	es Y	es Y	es	No	Goatary	Horticultu	re Mushroon		
-	3 Ballia	198	4 4	0.6 Y	es Y	es Y	es Y		No	Unit Poultry,	Unit	Unit	Yes	s Ye
4	4 Mau	198	9 21,	00 Y	es Y				No	Goatary Poultry Unit, Fish			Yes	
5	Varanasi	198	9 12.	35 Ye	s Ye	s Ye	s Ye	s 1	No	Unit Fish Pond	Vegetable		Yes	
6	Siddharthnaga	r 1992	16.4	0 Ye	s Ye	s Ye	s Ye		No	Poultry	Nursery	Manual V	Yes	Yes
7	Faizabad	2004	20.0	0 Ye						Unit Bee	Horticultur	Vermi	Yes	Yes
8	Gorakhpur	2004	13.1	l Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			keeping		Compost, Nadep Unit	Yes	Yes
9	Maharajganj	2004	100001			105	res	N	0		-	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
10	Sonbhadra	2004	4.00		(SOOR	Yes	Yes	N		Goatary Unit	2	Mushroom Unit, Nadep Unit	Yes	Yes
		2004	4.80	No	No	No	Yes	N	0	-		NADEP	Yes	Yes
11	Azamgarh	2004	17.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		Goatary Unit	-	Unit Vermi Compost,	Yes	Yes
12	Barabanki	2004	12.50	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		Joutary		Nadep Unit Vermi	200	
3	Balarampur	2005	16.32	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	C	Init loatary	Nimm	Compost	Yes	Yes
4	Chandauli	2005	8.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	U	Init	Nursery	Manual	Yes	Yes
5	Jaunpur	2005	7.20	Yes	Yes	Yes				ostary	Nursery Unit	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
6	St. Kabir Nagar	2009	24.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		nit		Agriculture Implement	Yes	Yes
7	Ambedkar Ngr	2010	9.735	Yes	Yes		No No	No		*		-	Yes	Yes
3	Jhansi					Yes	No	No				Vermi	Yes	Yes
0	Juansi	1984	22.50	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			Nursery	Compost.	Yes	Yes



									Poultry		0.51		
19	Raebareli	1984	9.80	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Unit, Fish Unit	100	Mushroom Unit	Yes	Yes
20	Fatehpur	1989	10.20	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Nursery		NADEP Unit	Yes	Yes
21	Aligarh	1992	20.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Bee keeping	Nursery, Medicinal Plant		Yes	Yes
22	Kannauj	2004	10.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Dairy Unit	*.	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
23	Etawah	2004	6.50	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Dairy Unit		Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
24	Mainpuri	2004	10.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Bee keeping		Vermi Compost, NADEP Unit	Yes	Yes
25	Kanpur Dehat	2004	20.00	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Bee keeping, Poultry	-	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
26	Mahoba	2004	8.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Goatary Unit, Poultry Unit			Yes	No
27	Firozabad	2004	20.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Poultry	**	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
28	Hamirpur	2005	12.70	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Dairy Unit		Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
29	Lakhimpur Kheri	2005	20.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Dairy Unit		-	Yes	Yes
30	Farrukhabad	2005	20.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No			1.2	Yes	Yes
31	Jalaun	2005	23.30	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	-	2	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
32	Lalitpur	2005	20.33	Yes	No	Yes	No	No		Nursery, Medicinal Plant	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
33	Hardoi	2005	16.00	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Dairy Unit	*	Vermi	Yes	Yes
34	Banda	2007	8.89	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	-			Yes	Yes
35	Mahamaya Nagar	2009	20.75	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	12	-	- 3	Yes	Yes
36	Mathura	1984	21.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Dairy Unit	-	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
37	Bijnor	1992	13.35	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	*		Mushroom Unit, Bio- control Unit	Yes	Yes
38	Rampur	1992	12.81	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	2	Poly House	Vermi Compost, Mushroom Unit	Yes	Yes
39	Budaun	1992	22.28	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Carp Hatchery	Horticulture Unit	Agro- Forestry	Yes	Yes
40	Saharanpur	1992	10.10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		Nursery	Vermi Compost, Mushroom Unit	Yes	Yes
41	Ghaziabad	1992	15.64	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No		1	Mushroom Unit, Bio- control Unit	Yes	Yes
42	Shahjahanpur	1994	18.31	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	+	Horticulture	Mushroom Unit	Yes	Yes
43	Meerut	1994	8.82	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		Mango Orchard	Engineering Workshop	Yes	Yes
44	Muzzafamagar	1994	10.60	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Honey processing Unit	*	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes



Pilibhit	1998	12.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		Horticulture	Mushroom Unit	Yes	Yes
Baghpat	2004	12.56	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No		Horticulture	Mushroom Unit	Yes	Yes
Morarabad	2005	17.50	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		Horticulture	Mushroom Unit	Yes	Yes
G.B. Nagar	2005	15.64	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	Nursery Unit	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
Bulandshahar	2004	15.54	No	Yes	Yes	No	No		*		No	No
Sultanpur	1976	73.30	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Fish Unit	Horticulture Nursery	20	Yes	No
Etah	1992	45.50	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Poultry Unit, Gostary Unit, Dairy Unit			Yes	Yes
Mirzapur	1984	20.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No		Horticulture	Vermi	Yes	Yes
Gonda	1989	21.30	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Poultry, Goatary Unit, Dairy Unit, Piggery Unit	Horticulture Unit, Vegetable Nursery	Compost	Yes	Yes
Chitrakoot	1992	19.65	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Goatary Unit, Dairy Unit, Piggery, Poultry	Horticulture		Yes	Yes
			10000000	Yes	No	Yes	No	Piggery	Horticulture	500000	Yes	Yes
Fratapgarn	1999	20.11	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No		Horticulture	IFS	Yes	Yes
Unnao	1999	20.34	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	keeping, Dairy Unit, Goatary		Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
Bareilly	1985	6.90	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Bee Keeping, Fish Unit			Yes	Yes
Lucknow	1994	20.00	Yes	No	No	No	No	3		Vermi Compost, Farm Machinery	Yes	Yes
Ghazipur	2002	25.20	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Poultry	Horticulture		Yes	Yes
Agra	2002	20.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	Horticulture, Vegetable	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
Kushinagar	2005	20.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Fish Unit	Horticulture		Yes	Yes
	2008	18.41	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No					Yes
Deoria	2009	8.16	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No					Yes
Sitapur	2005	12.35	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Dairy Unit	Horticulture		Yes	Yes
Kaushambi	2006	16.50	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Poultry, Goatary, Fish Unit	Horticulture		Yes	Yes
								100000000000000000000000000000000000000		17		
Auraiya	2007	6.50	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Goatary	Planting Material	Processing Unit, Vermi compost	Yes	Yes
Auraiya Sitapur-II	2007	6.50	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	No No	No Yes	No No	Goatary		Processing	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
	Baghpat Morarabad G.B. Nagar Bulandshahar Sultanpur  Etah Mirzapur  Gonda  Chitrakoot  Allahabad Pratapgarh  Unnao  Bareilly  Lucknow  Ghazipur  Agra  Kushinagar St. Ravidas Ngr Deoria Sitapur	Baghpat         2004           Morarabad         2005           G.B. Nagar         2004           Bulandshahar         2004           Sultanpur         1976           Etah         1992           Mirzapur         1984           Gonda         1989           Chitrakoot         1992           Allahabad         1992           Pratapgarh         1999           Bareilly         1985           Lucknow         1994           Ghazipur         2002           Agra         2002           Kushinagar         2005           Sitapur         2008           Deoria         2009           Sitapur         2005	Baghpat         2004         12.56           Morarabad         2005         17.50           G.B. Nagar         2005         15.64           Bulandshahar         2004         15.54           Sultanpur         1976         73.30           Etah         1992         45.50           Mirzapur         1984         20.00           Gonda         1989         21.30           Chitrakoot         1992         19.65           Allahabad         1992         26.70           Pratapgarh         1999         20.11           Unnao         1999         20.34           Bareilly         1985         6.90           Lucknow         1994         20.00           Ghazipur         2002         25.20           Agra         2002         20.00           Kushinagar         2005         20.00           Kushinagar         2008         18.41           Deoria         2009         8.16           Sitapur         2005         12.35	Baghpat   2004   12.56   Yes	Baghpat         2004         12.56         Yes         Yes           Morarabad         2005         17.50         Yes         Yes           G.B. Nagar         2005         15.64         Yes         Yes           Bulandshahar         2004         15.54         No         Yes           Sultanpur         1976         73.30         Yes         Yes           Etah         1992         45.50         Yes         Yes           Mirzapur         1984         20.00         Yes         Yes           Gonda         1989         21.30         Yes         Yes           Chitrakoot         1992         19.65         Yes         Yes           Allahabad         1992         26.70         Yes         Yes           Pratapgarh         1999         20.34         Yes         Yes           Unnao         1999         20.34         Yes         Yes           Bareilly         1985         6.90         Yes         Yes           Lucknow         1994         20.00         Yes         Yes           Lucknow         1994         20.00         Yes         Yes           Agra         2002         2	Baghpat         2004         12.56         Yes         Yes         Yes           Morarabad         2005         17.50         Yes         Yes         Yes           G.B. Nagar         2005         15.64         Yes         Yes         Yes           Bulandshahar         2004         15.54         No         Yes         Yes           Sultanpur         1976         73.30         Yes         Yes         Yes           Etah         1992         45.50         Yes         Yes         Yes           Mirzapur         1984         20.00         Yes         Yes         Yes           Gonda         1989         21.30         Yes         Yes         Yes           Chitrakoot         1992         19.65         Yes         Yes         Yes           Allahabad         1992         26.70         Yes         Yes         Yes           Unnao         1999         20.34         Yes         Yes         Yes           Unnao         1999         20.34         Yes         Yes         Yes           Bareilly         1985         6.90         Yes         Yes         No           Lucknow         1994	Baghpat         2004         12.56         Yes         Yes         Yes         No           Morarabad         2005         17.50         Yes         Yes	Baghpat   2004   12.56   Yes   Yes   Yes   No   No	Baghpat   2004   12.56   Yes   Yes   Yes   No   No	Baghpat   2004   12.56   Yes   Yes   Yes   No   No   -   Horticulture	Baghpat   2004   12.56   Yes   Yes   Yes   No   No   Horticulture   Unit   Mushroom   Unit   Unit	Baghpat   2004   12.56   Yes   Yes   Yes   No   No   -     Horticulture   Unit   Mushroom   Yes

70	Champawat	1994	6.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Fish Unit	Poly House	Mushroom Unit	Yes	Yes
71	Almora	2004	15.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	-	Horticulture	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
72	Chamoli	2004	7.78	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	70	Horticulture	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
73	Haridwar	2004	24.50	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No		Horticulture	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
74	Pauri Garhwal	2004	20.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Horticulture	Vermi Compost	Yes	No
75	Rudra Prayag	2004	13.79	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Horticulture		Yes	Yes
76	Nainital	2004	9.00	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	4.0	Poly House	Vermi Compost	Yes	No
77	Pithouragarh	2004	17.19	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	-	Horticulture	Vermi Compost	Yes	No
78	Dehradun	2004	24.00	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	Horticulture, Poly House		Yes	Yes
79	U.S. Nagar	2004	21.44	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Fish Unit	-	Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
80	Uttarkashi	2004	12.62	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Dairy Unit		Vermi Compost	Yes	Yes
81	Bageshwar	2007	7.86	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Dairy Unit	Poly House	-	Yes	Yes

#### 9.2 KVK wise special facilities proposed in XII Plan

KVK wise special facilities has been proposed in XII Plan. Major facilities included are – Rain water harvesting structure, Integrated farming system, Technology information unit, vKVK/KM, e-farmer, genset, mini seed, soil and water testing lab, Technology information unit, minimal processing facility etc. (Table 8.2).

Table 9.2: KVK wise Special facilities proposed in XII Plan

S.No.	KVK District	Special facilities Proposed in XII Plan
1	Bahraich	Rain Water Harvesting Structure, P. Carp H, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
2	Basti	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Mini Seed, Genset
3	Ballia	IFS, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
4	Mau	E-Extension, IFS, vKVK/KM, Genset
5	Varanasi	Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
6	Siddharthnagar	Rain Water Harvesting Structure, P. Carp H, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
7	Faizabad	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset

8	Gorakhpur	E-Extension, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
9	Maharajganj	E-Extension, IFS, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
10	Sonbhadra	E-Extension, IFS, Genset
11	Azamgarh	E-Extension, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
12	Barabanki	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
13	Balarampur	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
14	Chandauli	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
15	Jaunpur	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
16	St. Kabir Nagar	E-Extension, S&W, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, vKVK/KM, Genset
17	Ambedkar Ngr	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Genset
18	Jhansi	E-Extension, Rain Water
		Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
19	Raebareli	Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset

20	Fatchpur	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
21	Aligarh	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Mini Seed, Genset
22	Kannauj	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
23	Etawah	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
24	Mainpuri	E-Extension, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
25	Kanpur Dehat	Minimal Processing Facility, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
26	Mahoba	E-Extension, IFS, , Genset
27	Firozabad	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, , Genset
28	Hamirpur	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
29	Lakhimpur Kheri	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
30	Farrukhabad	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, vKVK/KM, Genset
31	Jalaun	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
32	Lalitpur	E-Extension, S&W, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
33	Hardoi	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Genset
34	Banda	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Genset
35	Mahamaya Nagar	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Genset
36	Mathura	E-Extension, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
37	Bijnor	Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
38	Rampur	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
39	Budaun	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Mini Seed, Genset

40	Saharanpur	Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e-Farmer, Genset
41	Ghaziabad	E-Extension, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
42	Shahjahanpur	E-Extension, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
43	Meerut	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
44	Muzzafarnagar	Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e- Farmer, Genset
45	Pilibhit	E-Extension, IFS, , Genset
46	Baghpat	E-Extension, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
47	Morarabad	E-Extension, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Mini Seed, Genset
48	G.B. Nagar	E-Extension, IFS, vKVK/KM, Genset
49	Bulandshahar	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, Genset
50	Sultanpur	E-Extension, P. Carp H, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
51	Etah	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, Mini Seed, Genset
52	Mirzapur	E-Extension, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
53	Gonda	Minimal Processing Facility, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
54	Chitrakoot	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e- Farmer, Mini Seed, Micro Nutr., Genset
55	Allahabad	E-Extension, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset

56	Pratapgarh	Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
57	Unnao	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
58	Bareilly	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, P. Carp H, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e- Farmer, Genset
59	Lucknow	E-Extension, S&W, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
60	Ghazipur	IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
61	Agra	E-Extension, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
62	Kushinagar	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e- Farmer, Genset
63	St. Ravidas Ngr	E-Extension, S&W, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
64	Deoria	E-Extension, S&W, P. Carp H, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Genset
65	Sitapur	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
66	Kaushambi	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Mini Seed, Genset
67	Auraiya	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, vKVK/KM, Genset
68	Sitapur-II	E-Extension, P. Carp H, IFS, vKVK/KM, Genset
69	Tehrigarhwal	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
70	Champawat	Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e-Farmer, Genset

71	Almora	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, Genset
72	Chamoli	E-Extension, IFS, Solar P., vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
73	Haridwar	Minimal Processing Facility, P. Carp H, IFS, Solar P, Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e-Farmer, Mini Seed, Genset
74	Pauri Garhwal	E-Extension, Minimal Processing Facility, IFS, Tech. Information Unit, Genset
75	Rudra Prayag	E-Extension, IFS, Solar P., vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
76	Nainital	E-Extension, S&W, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
77	Pithouragarh	E-Extension, S&W, IFS, Solar P., vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
78	Dehradun	Minimal Processing Facility, Rain Water Harvesting Structure, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, Spec. KVK, e-Farmer, Micro Nutr., Genset
79	U.S. Nagar	P. Carp H, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
80	Uttarkashi	E-Extension, S&W, Minimal Processing Facility, P. Carp H, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset
81	Bageshwar	E-Extension, S&W, P. Carp H, IFS, Solar P., Tech. Information Unit, vKVK/KM, e-Farmer, Genset

## 9.3 Vacany position in ZPD and KVK as on 14.05.2015

ZPD, Zone-IV have filled up 13 staff personnel out of total 20 vacancies. There are still 4 positions of Scientife, 2 positions of administrative and 1 supporting staff are lying vacant.

KVKs have filled up 1017 staff personal out of total vacany 1215. There are still 279 post are lying vacant under category of PC (10), SMS(86), Prog. Asstt(65), Admin(43), Auxilary(43) and supporting(32). In ZPD there are 1 position in PS, 2 in Sr. Scientist, 1 in Scientist, 2

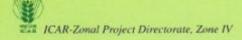
in Administrative and 1 in supporting staff are lying vacant.

Table 9.3: Status of staff position in ZPD

Sr.No.	Positions	Filled	Vacant
1	RMP	1	Aucani
2	Principal Scientist	1	0
3	Sr. Scientist	1	2
4	Scientist	0	4
5	Technical	2	0
6	Administrative	7	0
7	Supporting	1	4
	Tetal	E 13	Name of Street

Table 9.4: Status of staff position in KVKs of U.P. & Uttarakhand

S. No	Name of KVK		PC		SMS		Prog. Asstt.		Admn.		Aux.		Supp.		Total
		F	v	F	v			V F	1	F	STATE OF THE PARTY OF	F	_		
1	Bahraich	1	0	6	0	3	0		0	HESSE 2557	-		0		- Contract
2	Basti	1	0	6	0	3.	0	2	0		- 0		0		0
3	Ballia	1	0	4	2	3	0		1		0		0		0
4	Mau	1	0	6	0	2	1	1	1	2	0			2 38	3
5	Varanasi	1	0	6	0	2	1	2	0		1	2	0		2
6	Siddharthnagar	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	2	0		0		2
7	Faizabad	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	2			0		0
8	Gorakhpur	1	0	6	0	3	0	1	1	2	0		0	16	0
9	Mahrajganj	1	0	3	3	3	0	2	0		0		0	15	1
10	Sonbhadra	1	0	5	1	3	0	2		2	0	2	0	13	3
11	Azamgarh	1	0	5	1	3	0		0	1	1	2	0	14	2
12	Barabanki	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	1	1	2	0	14	2
13	Balrampur	1	0	5	1	2		2	0	2	0	2	0	16	0
14	Chandoli	1	0	6	0	3	1	2	0	1	1	2	0	13	3
15	Jaunpur	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	16	0
16	Sant Kabir Nagar	1	0	5			0	2	0	2	0	2	0	16	0
17	Ambedkar Nagar	1	0	6	1	3	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	12	4
18	Jhansi	1	0	3	0	3	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	3
19	Raebareli	1	0		3	1	2	1	1	2	0	2	0	10	6
20	Fatchpur			6	0	1	2	2	0	2	0	2	0	14	2
21	Aligarh	1	0	6	0	2	1.	2	0	2	0	2	0	15	1
22	Kannauj	1	31376	5	1	1	2	2	0	2	0	2	0	13	3
23	Etawah		0	6	0	1	2	2	0	2	0	2	0	14	2
24	Mainpuri	1.	0	5	1	1	2	1	1	2	0	2	0	12	4
25	Kanpur Dehat	1	0	4	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	0	10	6
16		10	0	6	0	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	0	14	2
7	Mahoba	1	0	2	4	0	3	1	1	2	0	2	0	8	8
8	Firozabad	0	1	2	4	1	2	0	2	2	0	2	0	7	9
9	Hamirpur	1	0	2	4	1	2	2	0	1	1	2	0	9	7
	Lakhimpur Kheri	1	0	4	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	2	0	8	8
0	Farrukhabad	0	1	6	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	14	2



31	Jalaun	1	0	6	0	1	2	1	1	2	0	2	0	13	3
32	Lalitpur	1	0	4	2	0	3	0	2	1	1	2	0	8	8
33	Hardoi	1	0	4	2	1	2	1	1	2	0	1.	1	10	6
34	Banda	0	1	3	3	1	2	1	1	0	2	2	0	7	9
35	Mahamaya Nagar	1	0	2	4	1	2	2	0	0	2	2	0	8	8
36	Mathura	1	0	5	1	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	15	1
37	Bijnore	1	0	5	1	2	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	12	4
38	Rampur	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	1	1	2	0	15	1
39	Badaun	1	0	5	1	3	0	1	1	2	0	2	0	14	2
40	Saharanpur	1	0	6	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	15	1
41	Ghaziabad	1	0	6	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	15	1
42	Shahjahanpur	1	0	5	1	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	15	1
43	Meerut	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	16	0
44	Muzaffarnagar	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	16	0
45	Pilibhit	1	0	5	1	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	15	1
46	Baghpat	1	0	5	1	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	14	2
47	Moradabad	1	0	4	2	3	0	2	0	1	1	2	0	13	3
48	G.B. Nagar	1	0	6	0	3	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	14	2
49	Bulandshahr	1	0	6	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	1	1	14	2
50	Sultanpur	0	1	6	0	3 -	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	15	1
51	Etah	0	1	5	1	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	13	3
52	Mirzapur	1	0	5	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	0	12	4
53	Gonda	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	16	0
54	Chitrakoot	1	0	4	2	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	13	3
55	Allahabad	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	16	0
56	Pratapgarh	1	0	6	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	16	0
57	Unnao	1	0	3	3	2	1.	2	0	2	0	2	0	12	4
58	Bareilly	1	0	5	1	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	14	2
59	Lucknow	1	0	4	2	0	3	1	1	2	0	2	0	10	6
60	Ghazipur	1	0	5	1	3	0_	2	0	2	0	1	1	14	2
61	Agra	1	0	6	0	3	0	1	1	2	0	2	0	15	1
62	Kushinagar	10	0	6	0	1	2	1	1	2	0	0	2	11	5
63	St. Ravidas Ngr	1	0	6	0	3	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	13	3
64	Deoria	0	1	6	0	2	1	0	2	2	0	0	2	10	6
65	Sitapur0I	1	0	4	2	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	14	2
66	Kaushambi	1	0	6	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	15	1
67	Auraiya	0	1	5	1	2	1	1	1	2	0	2	0	12	4
68	Sitapur0II	1	0	6	0	3	0	1	1	2	0	2	0	15	1
69	Tehri Garhwal	0	1	3	3	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	3	13
70	(UUHF) Champawat	1	0	3	3	3	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	9	7
71	Almora	1	0	6	0	3	0	1	1	0	2	0	2	11	5
															100
72	Chamoli	0	1	4	2	3	0	1	1	0	2	0	2	8	8



	F : Filled position				86	178	65	119	43	119	43	130	32	1017	279
	Total	71	10	400	96		1000	10.00		-	U	4	0	13	3
01	Bageshwar	1	0	4	2	3	0	1	1	2	0	2			
81	D I	101			2	1	2	1	1	2	0	2	0	11	5
80	Uttarkashi	1	0	4	2		-		1	0	2	0	2	8	8
79	U.S. Nagar	1	0	3	3	3	0	1						10	6
		- 1	0	4	2	3	0	1	1	0	2	1			- 1
78	Dehradun				1	3	0	1	1	0	2	0	2	10	6
77	Pithoragarh	1	0	5	1	-			072	0	2	0	2	9	7
76	Nainital	1	0	4	2	3	0	1	100		-		2	8	8
75	Rudraprayag	1	0	4	2	2	1	1	1	0	,	0			
74	Pauri Garhwal UUHF)	0	1	5.	1	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	5	11

Note: F: Filled position, V: Vacant position

Vacancies shown in bold boarder are filled up on contract basis.

Total vacancies	
Prog. Coordinator	10
SMS	
Prog. Assistant	86
Admn.	65 43
Auxillary	
Supporting	43
Total	32
	279

## Chapter-10

### HRD, PUBLICATIONS, RESEARCH PROJECTS AND LINKAGES

#### 10.1 Training programmes

- Organization of IPM Training Programme for 30 KVK experts and progressive farmers during 26-27 August, 2014 at ICAR-Zonal Project Directorate, Zone-IV, Kanpur.
- Organization of NAARM Training of III Phase for PCs of Zone-IV held at ICAR-ZPD, Kanpur during 9-13 Dec., 2014.

#### 10.2 Workshops/Meetings

- Zonal Workshops of KVKs on Zone –IV (UP and Uttarakhand) held at IIPR, Kanpur from May 19-21, 2014
- Innovators Meet held at IIPR, Kanpur from May 19, 2014
- Mid Term Review Workshop of KVKs NDUAT, Faizabad and area jurisdiction was held at Directorate of Extension, NDUAT, Faizabad during 13-14 Oct., 2014
- Mid Term Review Workshop of KVKs GBPUAT, Pantnagar and SVPUAT, Meerut and area jurisdiction was held at SVPUAT, Meerut during 30-31 October, 2014
- Mid Term Review Workshop of KVKs CSAUAT, Kanpur and area jurisdiction was held at ICAR-ZPD, Kanpur during 26-27 September, 2014
- Meeting on State level Pest Serveillance and Advisory Unit on 30.05.2014 at Krishi Bhawan, Lucknow.
- One day interaction meeting on Sodicity with CSS-RRI, Lucknow on 16th August, 2014 at ZPD, Kanpur
- One day Interactive meeting with KVKs on implementation of Animal Husbandry related activities on 20th Sept., 2014 at Vety, Univ., Mathura
- Meeting on State level Pest Surveillance and Advisory Unit on 18.7.2014 at Krishi Bhawan, Lucknow
- IMC Meeting on 14th Nov., 2014 at ICAR-ZPD, Kanpur
- Meeting of farmers on sodic varieties CSR-30 & 36 under NFSM and CSSRI-RRS Lucknow in collaboration with KVK-II Sitapur on 02.08.2014,

- Interface meeting of NICRA-NMSA on 13th October, 2014 at ICAR, KAB, Pusa, New Delhi
- Expert Consultation Meet on Strategies for Enhancing Milk Productivity of indigenous Cattle on 20th Oct., 2014 at NASC Complex, New Delhi
- Interaction meet with Shri Radha Mohan Singh Ji, Union Minister of Agril., Govt. of India, Directors of ICAR Institutes and PCs of selected KVKs on 09.11.2014 at IISR, Lucknow.
- Divisional Meeting of ZPD, under the Chairmanship of DDG (AE) on 23rd Dec at ICAR, KAB, Pusa, New Delhi and Interactive meeting of KVKs on 24th Dec., 2014 at NASC Complex, New Delhi.
- Preparation of organizing Inter Session Meeting of Consultative Committee of the Ministry of Agri. on 17.2.2014 at KVK, Sikohpur, Gurgaon, Haryana
- Organized a meeting with KVKs of CSAUAT, Kanpur & staff of ZPD, Kanpur on 22 Feb., 2015 during the visit of Secretary, DARE & Director General, ICAR

#### 10.3 HRD by Directorate of Extension of SAUs

- Review meeting on improvement of KVKs (21 Nos.) held during 2014
- Midterm review workshop of KVKs of SVPUAT, Meerut held during 30-31 October, 2014
- Monthly review meeting (13 Nos.) held at SVPUAT, Meerut held during 2014
- Vallabh advisory core group meeting (13 Nos.) held at SVPUAT, Meerut held during 2014
- Advance training programme on agriculture knowledge management held at GBPUAT, Pantnagar during 2014

#### 10.4 Research Papers:

- A.K.Singh, U.S.Gautam, P. Shrivastava, Jai Singh and A.K.Tomar (2014). Assessment of applicability and efficacy of post emergence herbicides through various nozzle systems in wheat (Triticum Aestivum L.). International Journal of Current Research. Vol.6, Issue 03, Pp. 5619-5622, March, 2014.
- Alka Singh, U S Gautam, Rajesh Singh & Dinesh Paliwal (2014). Ergonomic of farm women during

- wheat harvesting by improved sickle. African Journal of Agricultural Research Vol.9(18) pp.1386-1390.2014.
- 3 Atar Singh, Ashok Kumar Singh, Lakhan Singh & AK Srivastava(2014). Uttar Pradesh ke Badh Prabhavit Evan Sukhagrasta Kshetro mein dhan ki vibhinna kismo ka pradarshan a prabhav. Krishika.
- Atar Singh, Ashok Kumar Singh, Lakhan Singh. Uttar Pradesh Evan Uttarakhand mein Sankar Sarso ki Vibhinna Kismon ka pradarshan a prabhav. Krishika.
- Atar Singh, A.K.Singh and Lakhan Singh (2014).
   Performance of Front line Demonstrations on mustard. Indian Journal of Extension Education. 49(1&2):115-117
- S. K. Dubey, R. R. Burman, J. P. Sharma, K. Vijayaragavan, V. Sangeetha, Ishwari Singh and H. S. Gupta. 2014. Can post offices of rural India be the driver for agricultural technology dissemination? Experiences of action research. Current Science, Vol. 107, NO. 2(25): 195-202.
- R. Roy Burman, Sujit Sarkar, V. Sangeetha, S. K. Dubey, J. P. Sharma, Ishwari Singh, K. Vijayaragavan and H. S. Gupta. (2015). Critical Analysis of IARI-Post Office Linkage Extension Model: An Innovative Extension Approach to Reach the Unreached. *Indian* Res. J. Ext. Edu. 15 (1): 12-19.
- N.V. Kumbhare, S.K. Dubey, M.S. Nain and Ram Bahal. 2013. Micro Analysis of Yield Gap and Profitability on Pulses and Cereals. *Legume Res.*, 37 (5):532-536.
- Rajesh Bishnoi, Premlata Singh, SK Dubey and V. Sangeetha (2014). Gender role in crop and animal husbandry practices and household activities with respect to changing climate in arid ecosystem. *Indian Jour. of Extension Education*, 50 (1 &2): 1-3.
- Uma Sah, S.K. Dubey and S.K. Singh (2014). Roles and Linkages Analysis of Stakeholders of Pulses Research and Extension in Uttar Pradesh, India. Journal of Community Mobilization and Sustainable Development Vol. 9(1), 23-28.
- Uma Sah, S K Dubey and S K Singh. 2014. Validation of stakeholder analysis as a potential tool for mainstreaming the actors of pulses development. Journal of Food Legumes 27(3): 238-245.
- Uma Sah, Shantanu Kumar Dubey and Hem Saxena.
   Indigenous pulse storage methods in Bundelkhand region of Uttar Pradesh: An exploratory study. Current Advances in Agricultural Sciences

6(2): 161-164.

- Uma Sah, SK Dubey and SK Singh. 2014.
   Empowerment of farm women with pulses production technologies: An empirical framework. Current Advances in Agricultural Sciences 6(1): 35-41.
- Ph. Romen Sharma, Rashmi Singh, Shantanu Kumar Dubey and Sridhar Patil. (2013). Sustaining and Impeding factors of microfinance for micro-enterprise development. *Indian Journal of Extension Education*, 49 (3&4): 54-57.
- Sangeetha, R Roy Burman, S K Dubey, J P Sharma and Ishwari Singh (2015). Attitude of agricultural stakeholders on use of Short Message Services (SMSs) in transfer of technology. *Indian Journal of Extension Education*, 51 (1&2): 60-65.
- Rahul Gajbhiye, M.S. Nain, Premlata Singh, S. K. Dubey and J.P. Sharma (2014). Comparative Assessment of Seed Delivery System in Patiala District of Punjab. Journal of Community Mobilization and Sustainable Development. Vol. 9(2), 129-133.
- M.S. Nain, S.K. Dubey, N.V. Kumbhare and Ram Bahal (2014). Adoption gap as the determinant of instability in Indian legume production. *Journal of Food Legumes* 27(2): 146-150.
- Shantanu Kumar Dubey, SK Singh, SN Nigam, Uma Sah, M. Ali and A S Yadav (2015). Experimenting with farmer' capacity and social institution building for ensuring village level seed sufficiency: A case of chickpea (Cicer Arietinum L.). Indian Journal of Extension Education, 51 (!&@): 15-21.
- S. Prakash, Phool Chand & Atar Singh (2015). Interventions in Agriculture to Mitigate the Effect of Climate Change in NICRA village. Paper presented in International Conference on NRM for Food Security & Rural Livelihood during 10-13 Feb., 2015 at New Delhi, P. 397.

#### 10.5 Book:

Rashmi Singh, JP Sharma, MS Nain, SK Dubey, RR Burman, BS Tomar and Sudipta Basu. 2015. Shakiya Beej Utpaadan Dwara Krishak Udyamiyon ka Vikas. Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi, p: 100.

#### 10.6 Lead Paper:

 Atar Singh (2015). KVK activities, improved technologies & linkages with farmers. Paper presented at State Level Workshop on 'Improving Productivity & Livelihood in Eastern Uttar Pradeshon 28 Feb. 2015 organized by TATA Trust at Lucknow

- AK Singh, Atar Singh and SK Dubey (2014). Integration of Extension Agencies for Improving the Impact of Agricultural Extension. Brainstorming session on Integration of Extension Agencies for Improving the Impact of Agricultural Extension Proceedings and Recommendations, held on 08 May, 2014 at UPCAR, Lucknow, p:15-22.
- Atar Singh (2015). Delivered keynote address on managing crop Productivity for food security in climate changing in climate scenario on National Seminar on 28<sup>th</sup> March, 2015 held at Janta College, Bakhewar.
- S. K Dubey and JP Sharma (2015). Agricultural extension education: Evolution and Future perspective. Lead paper. In: VII National Seminar of the Society for Community Mobilization for Sustainable Development on Sustainable Rural Livelihood: Technological and Institutional Perspectives, held on SKAUST of Jammu, January 8-10, 2015., P: 11-21.

#### 10,7 Information Folder

Atar Singh, Lakhan Singh, SK Dubey and SN Yemul (2014). Brief Account, ZPD-IV, ICAR-Zonal project Directorate, Zone IV, Kanpuir, P: 6

#### 10.8 Popular Articles:

- Shantanu Kumar Dubey, Sushil Kumar Singh, Sushil kumar Chaturvedi, Uma Sah, A. K. Singh (2014). Chana Beej Utpadan ke liye sanstut prajatiya. Bhumija, April-September, p. 3-4.
- Shantanu Kumar Dubey, Uma Sah, Sushil Kumar Chaturvedi, Sushil kumar Singh and A K Singh. (2014). Chana Beej Utpadan mein beej ke prakaar evam manak. Bhumija, January-March, P: 3-4.
- Shantanu Kumar Dubey, Lakhan Singh and Atar Singh (2014). Sansadhan Sanrakshan Taknik se Gehun Utpadan. Bhumija, October-December: 3-4.
- Uma Sah, Sushil Kumar Singh and Shantanu Kumar Dubey (2014). Agrim Pankti Pradarshan ke mukhya Vindu. Krishi Gyan Ganga, October-December, P: 35-37.
- Uma Sah, Sushil Kumar Singh and Shantanu Kumar Dubey (2014). Krishi Vikas Hetu Mahila Sashaktikaran. Krishi Gyan Ganga, October-December, P: 27-29.
- Shantanu Kumar Dubey, Uma Sah, AK Singh, Sushil Kumar Singh and R K Singh (2014). Adhik Amdani ke

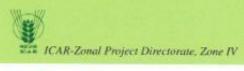
- liye Arhar Beeej Utpadan. Ikshu Rajbhasha Patrika, January-June, 3(1): 51-53.
- Deepak Rai, R K Singh and Shantanu Kumar Dubey (2014). Sabjiyyon mein Samanwit Keet prabandhan. Ikshu Rajbhasha Patrika, January-June, 3(1): 66-70.
- S. K. Dubey, R. R. Burman, J. P. Sharma, K. Vijairaghavan, V. Sangeetha, H. S. Gupta (2014). Rural Post offices as the Linking Bridge for Unreached Farmers of India. Yojana Web Exclusive, October, 2014: 1-5.
- Shantanu Kumar Dubey, Uma Sah, AK Singh and SK Singh (2014). Chana Beej utpadan mein Prakshetra manak. Kisan Jyoti, 4(4):17-20
- Shantanu Kumar Dubey, Uma Sah, SK Singh, SK Chaturvedi, and RK Singh (2014). Chana Beej utpadan mein beej Parikshan evan gunvatta manak. Kisan Jyoti, 4(4):30-34.
- Uma Sah, Shantanu Kumar Dubey, and RK Singh (2014). Krishi takniki Praesar ki anaupcharik vidhayiein. Kisan Jyoti, 4(4):104-105.

#### 10.9 Technical Reports (Compiled and Edited)

- Atar Singh, Lakhan Singh and S. K. Dubey (2013-14).
   Annual Report 2014 on KVKs (U.P. & Uttarakhand). Published by ICAR- Zonal Project Directorate, Zone-IV, Kanpur p.p. 1-80.
- Atar Singh, S. K. Dubey and A. K. Shrivastava (2013-14). Annual Report – 2014 on NICRA Published by ICAR- Zonal Project Directorate, Zone-IV, Kanpur p.p. 1-31.
- Proceedings of Zonal Workshop (1), Mid-Term Review Workshops (3) and SAC meetings of 11 KVKs prepared.
- Atar Singh, Shantanu Kumar Dubey and Ajit Kumar Srivastava (2014). Annual report on National Initiative on Climate Resilient Agriculture. ICAR-Zonal project Directorate, Zone IV, Kanpur, P: 31

#### 10.10 Publications by KVKs

KVKs of U.P. and Uttarakhand published total 973 number of various types of publications including Books (4), Technical Bulletins (75), Research Paper (190), Seminar Papers (34), Training Manuals (20), Technical Reports (310), Book Chapter (10), Popular Articles (29), Abstract (53), Leaflets (20), Extension Literature (23), News Paper Coverage (42) & Others (163).



#### 10.11 Research Projects

S.No.	Title of the Project	Principal Investigator	Associates/Co-PIs
(A)	Completed Projects		
1	Engaging Farmers, Enriching Knowledge-Agropedia 2.0 (2010-2014)	Dr. A.K. Singh	Dr. Lakhan Singh
(B)	On going projects		
1	National Initiative on Climate Resilient Agriculture in U.P.& Uttarakhand 2010 - Continue	Dr. Atar Singh	Dr. Ajit Shrivastava
2	Production and marketing systems of Off-season vegetable Cultivation and export-led Fruit Production	Dr. A.K. Singh	Dr. Lakhan Singh & Dr.S.K. Dubey
3	Impact of soil rehabilitation & climate resilience practices adopted by farmers	Dr. Atar Singh	Dr. A.K. Singh, Dr. Lakhan Singh & Dr.S.K. Dubey
4	Impact of resource conservation technologies	Dr. Lakhan Singh	Dr. Atar Singh, Dr. S.K. Dubey
5	Impact analysis of crop enterprise diversification and integration (CDI)	Dr. S.K. Dubey	Dr. A.K. Singh, Dr. Lakhan Singh
6	Harnessing modern communication technologies for sharing available knowledge resources with pulse growing farmers of Uttar pradesh	IIPR, Kanpur	Dr. S. K. Dubey
(C)	New initiatives		
1	National Initiative on Fodder Technology Demonstrations 2014-15 & Continue	Dr. Atar Singh	* /
2	Productivity enhancement of partially reclaimed sodic soil through intervention of resource conservation, salt tolerant cultivars & crop diversification for economical & livelihood security of small holding farmers in Eastern Uttar Pradesh	Dr. V.K. Mishra	Dr. Atar Singh, Dr. Lakhan Singh & Dr. S.K. Dubey
3	Technological intervention for enhancing sugarcane productivity in U.P. & Uttarakhand through KVKs	All Heads of IISR, Lucknow	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
4	Popularization of quality planting materials for sub-tropical fruit crops in Uttar Pradesh	Director, CISH, Lucknow	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
5	Livestock based interventions for productivity enhancement in Uttar Pradesh	Director, IVRI, Bareilly	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
6	Technological interventions for enhancing vegetable production in UP and Uttarakhand through KVK linkages	Director, IIVR, Varanasi	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
7	Capacity building of KVK Specialists on soil and moisture conservation related practices	Director CSWCR&TI, Dehradun	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
8	Popularization of improved crop varieties in Uttarakhand through KVK linkages	Director VPKAS, Almora	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV



#### 10.12 Awards:

- Dr .V.K.Vidyarthi Memorial Award in 2014-15 by Society of Extension Education (SEE) in the year 2015 to Dr. U.S. Gautam
- Bharat Jyoti Award 2014, Given by Hon'ble Sh. Dr Bhishma Narain Singh ,Former Governor of Tamilnadu & Assam by India International Friendship Society,New Delhi to Dr. U.S. Gautam
- iii. Fellow, Indian Society of Pulses Research and Development (2014) by Indian Institute of Pulses Research, Kanpur to Dr. S.K. Dubey
- iv. Presidential Appreciation Award (2015) in VII National Seminar of the Society for Community Mobilization for Sustainable Development on Sustainable Rural Livelihood: Technological and Institutional Perspectives, held on SKAUST of Jammu, January 8-10, 2015 to Dr. S.K. Dubey
- v. Best paper Presentation Award (2014) on the paper titled "Impact of IARI-post office linkage extension model: An innovative extension approach to reach the unreached" in National extension Education Congress 2014 held from 8-11 November, 2014 at ICAR Research Complex, Umiam, Meghalaya to Dr. S.K. Dubey
- KVK Muzaffarnagar awarded Best Zonal KVK Award 2014 of SVPUAT, Meerut under ICAR-ZPD, Kanpur.

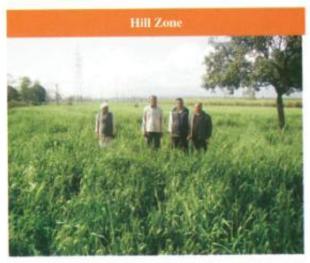
## 10.13 Linkage and coordination with different line departments, research institutions and SAUs

- Linkage with IIPR, Kanpur for the development of district specific technology modules, quality seed availability and training to KVK staff.
- Linkage with Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur for agro advisory service through voice and text messages to identified farmers in 81 districts of U.P. & Uttarakhand. Voice POP & Knowledge Models have become very effective.
- Fodder development programme initiated in collaboration with IGFRI, Jhansi.
- > Linkage with CRIDA, Hyderabad for promoting

- climate resilient technologies in 13 districts of U.P. & Uttarakhand.
- Linkage with DMR, New Delhi for promoting Quality Protein Maize in 15 districts of Uttar Pradesh.
- IIVR, Varanasi for providing suitable technologies for vegetable production, especially vegetable pea seed production & promotion.
- Senior level interactions and meetings organized with line department officials for better convergence & linkage.
- Linkage initiated with Van Vigyan Kendra of forest department.
- Linkage with National Rainfed Area Authority for development of Bundelkhand region.
- Linkage with MANAGE, Hyderabad for Agribusiness & Agri Clinic Scheme & also knowledge up gradation of KVK staff in ICT.
- SAUs (GBPUAT, SVPUAT, CSAUAT & NDUAT) linked for technological backstopping to KVKs of U.P. & Uttarakhand.
- Strong linkage with SCISA for resource conservation technologies.
- Linkage with Nehru Yuva Kendras for training of youths at KVKs.
- > Linkage with DWR, Karnal for wheat based FLDs.
- Linkage with IARI, New Delhi for promotion of rice varieties (Basmati) and also post office based extension model.
- Linkage with CSSRI for sodic soil related technology application.
- Mango orchard based strategic planning with CISH, Lucknow.
- Addressing issues of sugar recovery & productivity enhancement in sugarcane through IISR Lucknow.
- Necessary guidance and support to KVK experts for creation of resource & knowledge centre at KVKs.
- Coordinated & facilitated KVKs for using improved technologies, ICT, publishing periodicals, etc.

## Chapter-11

## UNTIMELY RAINFALL: IMPACT ON CROP



Dehradun: Regarding unseasonal heavy rainfall and its impact on rabi season crops in Dehradun heavy rainfall was received in different parts of Dehradun from the last three days (28 February to 2 March). The rainfall occurred in the last three days adversely affected wheat crop by lodging in timely sown situation which tillering has been emerged out in plains of Dehradun. In late sown wheat crop, problem of lodging has been recorded. However, in hills of Dehradun such type of problem was not seen due to topography and light growth of the crop. Hence, the rainfall is beneficial for wheat grown in mountain region of Dehradun. Mustard crop also affected due to loadging and chances of incidence of mustard aphid has increased as climatic conditions become more favourable for its infestation. Vegetable pea is one of the commercially important crop grown in hills of Dehradun from January to May. The severe rainfall was mango & litchi also harmful for vegetable pea. The continuous and heavy rainfall may also affect the production of fruit crops as micro climate in the orchards has become very conducive for incidence of mango hopper, powdery mildew in mango orchards and anthracnose disease in litchi orchards. This rainfall is advantageous for temperate fruits like apple, pear, peach, plum, apricot, almond, walnut etc. because it will help in conservation of moisture during summer season when fruit growth takes place. In order to tackle the problems in rabi season crops, best possible advisory services were given to the farmers through KVK itself and Line departments.

#### **Bundelkhand Zone**

Chitrakoot: Due to heavy rainfall and hail storm at the end of February (34 millimeter) and in the beginning of March (60 millimeter), farmers faced a very bad situation. On 27 and 28th February water logging spread across several fields at the time of ready crop specially in chickpea & lentil. Major loss have taken place in following areas-

- Hill development Khand (45 villages)
- Karvi Vikas khand (26 villages)
- Mau Vikas Khand (115 villages)
- Ramanagar Vikas Khand (32 villages)

Due to heavy hail storm, crops like wheat, chickpea and mustard were damaged very much and mixed into soil. 70-75% losses have recorded in chickpea, lentil fieldpea and mustard crops. 55-60 % losses recorded in wheat and pigeon pea crop.

KVK experts advised farmers that not to flood the field with water and save the remaining crop from rotten.

Hamirpur: In Hamirpur same situation was found

#### Central Plain Zone

Kanpur Dehat: In Kanpur Dehat 30-35% losses have taken place in wheat crop and 25-30 % losses were recorded in potato crop.

Lucknow: Generally about 90% rains occurs in monsoon season only about 10% in the winter season. The winter rains plays an important role in rabi crops. However, heavy rains occurred with long spell severely affected the productivity of crop. About on an average 10-20 per cent yield was reduced irrespective of all rabi crops. Details of probable adverse effect on crops are given below.

Wheat:i) Timely sown wheat was severely affected, which was reached at grain filling/milking/maturity stages due heavy lodging of crop, since heavy rains occurred with high wind velocity for long spell duration. Probably yield may be reduced up to 20%.



 Late sown wheat was benefited with rains in irrigated as well as rain fed conditions crop.

Gram: At this time gram reaches final flowering and pod setting stage. So, the rain helped to grain formation and increase the number of pods and bold the grain size. However, vegetative phase of late sown gram will be enhanced and flowering and fruit setting probably may not be occurred with heavy moisture conditions and yield may be reduced up to 10-20%.

Pigeon pea: Profuse flowering in Pigeon pea was noticed in farmers' field. Heavy rains affected the dropping of flower pod setting. Loss of yield was estimated about 10-15%. However, less intensity of rain helped for proper seed setting, boldness of seed.

Lentil: Lentil was affected by this rain because crops were at flowering and pod setting, stage. During this period heavy rain and high wind velocity affected flower and pollen thus poor grain content in pod. So, yield was reduced severely about 40%

Pea: Pea crop is more sensitive to excess moisture. In this period of heavy rainfall and stagnate water in the field, vegetative growth was checked and quality of grain also be poor. So yield of crop was reduced about 20-30%.

Mustard: At this stage, mustard crop almost reached at maturity but harvesting was in progress. In some places, harvested mustard in field was severely affected with rains and yield and quality of crop was reduce up to 10-20% and recovery of oil was also reduced.

Potato: In potato, the crop has reached at maturity stage. However, after harvesting the crop, probably rotting was observed where field was submerged. In sandy soil, losses were lesser compared to heavy soil. On an average losses in potato yield was about 10-20%.

#### Western Plain Zone

Saharanpur: In District Saharanpur continuously more than 40 hrs heavy rain fall occurred on 1st & 2nd March, 2015 due to suddenly off-season heavy wind velocity different crops affected in the district.

Wheat – Out of 1.25 lakhs ha area under wheat, more than 45000 ha wheat was timely sown (1-15° Nov., 2014) main varieties of wheat HD-2967 were sown by the and. The timely crop was at flowering stage and due to heavy rain fall and wind velocity crop fell down. The yield of this crops was reduced 27-30%.





Affect Wheat Crop.

Mustard – Late sown mustard crop was on the flowering stage with heavy rain fall and wind velocity. Mustard crop also fell down and yield of mustard was reduced 12-15%. The mustard area are 21560 ha.





Affect Mustard Crop

Potato and other vegetable crops – Standing potato crop was more affected by heavy rain fall and wind velocity due to tuber rotting. Yield was reduced 30-35%. Other vegetable crops like tomato, pea & cauliflower were also affected by heavy rain fall and wind velocity about 30-35% yield and quality both was reduced in tomato, pea & other crops.





Affected Potato & Tomato Crop

Out of this mango area is 26000 ha in the district. The flowering stage was started in mango orchard due to this heavy rain fall and wind velocity, heavy flower dropped occurred in the mango orchard. About 15-20% yield was reduced.

Dainik Jagran News paper coverage of 3<sup>rd</sup> March, 2015 is given below





## Chapter-12

## STATUS OF BUDGET & STAFF

#### **Status of Budget**

During the financial year 2014-15, an amount of Rs 6823.38 lakh was utilized /released against the allotted budget of Rs. 6842.15 lakh.

Table 10.1: Head wise allocation funds for ZPD and KVKs of Zone-IV for 2014-15

(Rs in lakh)

S.	Handa	700	Ut	tar Prade	sh		<b>Ittrakhand</b>		Grand
No	Heads	ZPD	KVK	DE	Total	KVK	DE	Total	Total
A	Recurring								
i)	Pay & Allowances	120.00	5430.20	0.00	5430.20	792.80	0.00	792.80	6343.00
ii)	T.A.	7.00	43.48	1.72	45.20	7.80	0.90	8.70	60.90
iii)	H.R.D.	2.00	0.00	1.20	1.20	0.00	1.10	1.10	4.30
iv)	Contingency	28.00	305.27	11.71	316.98	63.63	5.30	68.93	413.91
	Total (A)	157.00	5778.95	14.63	5793.58	864.23	7.30	871.53	6822.11
В	Non-Recurring								
i)	Furniture/Equipmt.	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.00
ii)	Works	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
iii)	Vehicle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
iv)	Library	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total (B)	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.00
C	<b>Revolving Fund</b>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D	TSP	0.00	3.50	0.00	3.50	6.54	0.00	6.54	10.04
	Total (A+B+C+D)	167.00	5782.45	14.63	5797.08	870.77	7.30	878.07	6842.15

**Table 10.2 : Actual Expenditure/Release for 2014-15** 

(Rs in lakh)

S.	Heads	ZPD	Utt	ar Prad	esh	Uı	ttrakhan	ıd	Grand
No.	neaus	ZPD	KVK	DE	Total	KVK	DE	Total	Total
A	Recurring								
i)	Pay & Allowances	102.51	5430.20	0.00	5430.20	792.80	0.00	792.80	6325.51
ii)	T.A.	6.64	43.48	1.72	45.20	7.80	0.90	8.70	60.54
iii)	H.R.D.	1.81	0.00	1.20	1.20	0.00	1.10	1.10	4.11
iv)	Contigency	27.33	305.27	11.71	316.98	63.63	5.30	68.93	413.24
	Total (A)	138.29	5778.95	14.63	5793.58	864.23	7.30	871.53	6803.40
В	Non-Recurring								
i)	Furniture & Fixture	9.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.94
ii)	Works	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
iii)	Vehicle	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
iv)	Library	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total (B)	9.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.94
C	Revolving Fund	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D	TSP	0.00	3.50	0.00	3.50	6.54	0.00	6.54	10.04
	Total (A+B+C+D)	148.23	5782.45	14.63	5797.08	870.77	7.30	878.07	6823.38

#### ZPD Staff

#### Scientific Staff

- 1. Dr. U.S. Gautam, Zonal Project Director
- 2. Dr. Atar Singh, Principal Scientist
- Dr. Lakhan Singh, Principal Scientist (Agril Extn.): Transferred to CSWCRI, Dehradun
- 4. Dr. Shantanu Kumar Dubey, Sr. Scientist (Agril Extn.)

#### Technical Staff

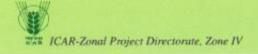
- 1. Mr. Yemul Sanjeev N., Chief Technical Officer
- 2. Mr. Pramod Kumar Rai, Sr. Technical Asstt.

#### Administrative Staff

- 1. Mr. Kanta Prasad, Asstt. Finance & Accounts Officer
- 2. Mr. Ram Bodh Verma, Asstt. Administrative Officer
- 3. Mr. S.N. Singh, Personal Assistant
- 4. Ms. Kratika Sharma, Assistant
- 5. Mr. Raman Tripathi, U.D.C.
- 6. Mr. Sunil Kumar Singh, L.D.C.
- 7. Mr. Shravan Kumar Yadav, L.D.C.

#### Supporting Staff

1. Mr. Bal Kishun, Skill Supporting Staff



## Annexure - i

## List of PCs & SMSs in KVKs

(Updated on 07.05.2015)

S.N.	Name of KVK	Name of Officer	Position	Subject/ Specialization	Mobile No.	Email
1	Bahraich	Dr. Om Pakash	PC	Animal Science	9452489954	kvkbahraich@gmail.com
2	Bahraich	Dr. V.P. Singh	SMS	Horticulture	9415006080	
3	Bahraich	Dr. Rasool Mohd.	SMS	Animal Science	9839864216	
4	Bahraich	Dr. Sher Singh	SMS	Agronomy	9450427609	
5	Bahraich	Dr. R.K. Pandey	SMS	Plant Protection	8795885292	
6	Bahraich	Mrs. Renu Arya	SMS	Home Science	9415046343	
7	Bahraich	Dr. Pushpendra saroj	SMS	Agri Ext.	8853927080	
8	Ballia	Dr. Ram Jeet	PC	Plant Breeding	9918622745	drjeet.csa@rediffmail.com
9	Ballia	Dr. M.P. Singh	SMS	Agril, Engg.	9919630484	mahipal singh59@gmail.com
10	Ballia	Dr.Prem Lata Srivashtva	SMS	Home Science	9918175154	dr.premlata99@gmil.com
11	Ballia	Sri Pankaj Kumar Singh	SMS	Agronomy	9412891658	pankajsingh0109@gmail.com
12	Ballia	Sri Rajiv Kumar Singh	SMS	Horticulture	9415597524	rajivks01@gmail.com
13	BASTI	Dr.S.N.Singh	PC	Agril. Extension	9450547719	kvkbasti@gmail.com
14	BASTI	Smt.Veena Sachan	SMS	Home Science	9453048909	
15	BASTI	Dr.S.N.Lal	SMS	Animal Science	9415853028	
16	BASTI	Dr.Dinesh Kumar Yadav	SMS	Horticulture	9451997620	
17	BASTI	Dr.Prem Shanker	SMS	Plant Protection	9935668097	
18	BASTI	Sri.R.V.Singh	SMS	Extension	9415670596	
19	BASTI	Er.Barun Kumar	SMS	Agril.Eng.	8726807878	
20	Mau	Dr. D. P. Singh	PC	Plant Protection	7839325836	dpsinghkvk@gmail.com
21	Mau	Dr. N.P. Singh	SMS	Horticulture		
22	Mau	Er. S. N. Singh Chauhan	SMS	Ag. Engineering		-
23	Mau	Dr. P.S. Pandey	SMS	Ag. Extension		
24	Mau	Dr. Saurabh Verma	SMS	Agronomy	*	
25	Mau	Dr. V.K. Singh	SMS	Animal Science	-	
26	Mau	Dr. N.K. Singh	SMS	Plant Pathology		-
27	Varanasi	Dr. P.K. Singh	PC	Agronomy	9415450175	singhprabhatnduat@gmail.com
28	Varanasi	Dr. P.N. Singh	SMS	Horticulture	9415810717	
29	Varanasi	Dr. Rashmi Singh	SMS	Home Science	9451888718	-
30	Varanasi	Dr. P.K. Misra	SMS	Agro-Forestry	9415365405	
31	Varanasi	Dr. A.K. Singh	SMS	Animal Science	9415286983	
32	Varanasi	Dr. Narendra Pratap	SMS	Genetics & Plant Breeding	9451887452	
33	Varanasi	Dr. Angad Prasad	SMS	Agronomy	9450971277	*1145
34	Siddharthnagar	Dr.S.K.Tomar	PC	Agronomy	9415155318	drsktomer@gmail.com



35	Siddharthnagar	Dr. D.P. Singh	CARC			
36	SONOTON STATE OF THE PARTY OF T	and the second s	SMS	Animal Science		
37	Siddharthnagar		SMS	Agril, Engg.	9919485148	
38	Siddharthnagar	San Carlotte Control Service	SMS	Agronomy	9415720127	
39	Siddharthnagar	The second secon	SMS	Plant Protection	8765209080	
40	Siddharthnagar	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	SMS	Horticulture	9453515877	
	A AMERICAN STREET	Miss Rekha Dr. Mithlesh Kumar	SMS	Agri. Extension	7786901132	
41	Faizabad	Pandey	PC	Horticulture	9415665138	mkpandey1962@gmail.com
42	Faizabad	Dr. Vinod Singh	SMS	Horticulture	9450783443	
43	Faizabad	Dr. Ajit Kr. Vats	SMS	Plant Prot.	8004812997	
44	Faizabad	Dr. Archana Singh	SMS	Home Science	9450762381	
45	Faizabad	Dr. Akhilesh Kumar Yadav	SMS	Genetics & Plant Breeding	9554557000	
46	Faizabad	Dr. Ram Gopal Yadav	SMS	Agronomy	9450342504	
47	Faizabad	Dr. Shesh Narayan singh	SMS	Ag. Extension	9415874399	
48	Gorakhpur	Dr. Sanjeet Kumar	PC	Agronomy	9837839411	skagronomist@gmail.com
49	Gorakhpur	Dr Satya Praksh Singh	SMS	Vegetable Science	9452190407	
50	Gorakhpur	Dr. Satish Kumar Singh	SMS	Animal Science	9839994240	-
51	Gorakhpur	Shri Santosh Kumar Singh	SMS	Agro- forestry	9455230755	
52	Gorakhpur	Dr. (Mrs) Kanchan	SMS	Home Science	9451462642	
53	Gorakhpur	Dr. Anil Pratap Singh Dohare	SMS	Agronomy	8923414167	
54	Gorakhpur	Sri Shailendra Singh	SMS	Plant Protection	8896831060	
55	Maharajganj	Dr V P singh	PC	Agril. Extension	9839420165	vpsingnduat@gmail.com
56	Maharajganj	Dr. Vijai Chandra	SMS	Animal Science		
57	Maharajganj	Dr. V. B. Singh	SMS	Genetic & Plant Breeding		
58	Maharajganj	Sri M K Singh	SMS	Horticulture		
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63	Sonbhadra	Dr. R.K. Anand	SMS	Agroforestry	9838952621	ratananand@rediffmail.com
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64	Azamgarh	Dr.R.Nayak	SMS	Soil Science		
65	Azamgarh	Dr.R.P.Singh	SMS	Plant Protection		
66	Azamgarh	Sri L.C.Verma	SMS	Animal Science		
67	Azamgarh	Dr. S. S. Singh	SMS	Horticulture	2	
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80	Balrampur	Sri Pramod Kumar	SMS	Fishries	9453456808	Kumar.pramod470@gmail.com
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84	Chandauli	Dr. S.K. Pandey	SMS	Crop Physiology	9415371229	drsamirpandey65@gmail.com
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86	Chandauli	Shri Gauri Sankar Verma	SMS	Horticulture	8423168996	gaurishankamduat@gmail.com
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89	Jaunpur	Er. Amitabha Kar	SMS	Agriculture Engg.	9415225548	amitabhakarkvk@gmail.com
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93	Jaunpur	Dr. Somendra Nath	SMS	Agronomy	9450969052	somendranath36@gmail.com
94	Jaunpur	Dr. Surendra Pratap Sonkar	SMS	Agriculture Extension	9696780063	spsonkar8988@gamil.com
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96	Sant Kabir Nagar	Dr. A.K.singh	SMS	Entomology		•
97	Sant Kabir Nagar	Dr. Mahesh Pal	SMS	Agril Extension		
98	Sant Kabir Nagar	Dr. Sandeep Singh Kashyap	SMS	Animal Science		
99	Sant Kabir Nagar	Dr. Umesh babu	SMS	Genetics & Plant Breeding		
100	Sant Kabir Nagar	Dinesh Kumar	SMS	Soil Science		
101	Sant Kabir Nagar	Ritesh singh gangwar	SMS	Agronomy		
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109	Jhansi	Dr. Nishi Roy	PC	Agril. Extension	9415587899	kvkbhararijhansi@gmail.com
110	Jhansi	Dr.Jiya Lal Gupta	SMS	Agril Extension	9839572394	-1
111	Jhansi	Dr.Ram Palat	SMS	Plant Protection	9450812571	
112	Jhansi	Dr. Mukesh Chand	SMS	Soil Conservation	9451333378	
113	Raebareli	Dr. Jai Deep Singh	PC	Agronomy	9450601423	kvk_rbl2009@yahoo.com
114	Raebareli	Dr. O.P. Verma	SMS	Animal Science	9451318854	
115	Raebareli	Dr. R.K. Kanojia	SMS	Agronomy	9721146211	
116	Racbareli	Dr. S.V. Singh	SMS	Horticulture	9415750712	
117	Raebareli	Dr. A.K.Tiwari	SMS	Plant Protection	9450613937	
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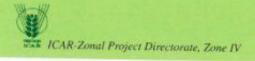
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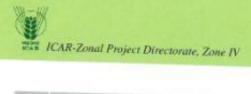
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234	Saharanpur	Dr. B.P. Shahi		Husbandry	931195164	6 -
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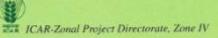
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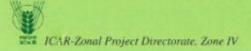
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## Annexure - ii

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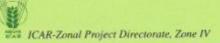
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47	Dr. R.K. Singh, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Coat Gaon, SDO office, Tehsil Dadri, Distr. Gautam Budha Nagar-203207 (U.P.) Email: gbnagarkyk@gmail.com, singhrkdr. 1965@rediffmail.com	0120- 2966369			09412809032
48	Dr. Satish Kumar, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Cotton Research Farm, DM Road, Distt. Bulandshahr (U.P.) Email: kvkbulandshahr@gmail.com, drhrs@yahoo.com	05732- 223103			09412311504
49	Dr.(Mrs.) Hema Tripathi, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, IVRI, Izatnagar, Distr., Bareilly-243122 (U.P.) Email: bematripathi i @yaboo.co.in	0581- 2301181	0581- 2300259	0581-2300443	09410499821
50	Dr. Rajesh Kumar Singh, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, IISR Campus, Raebareli Road, Distt. Lucknow-202002 (U.P.) Email: kvklucknow@gmail.com, rian_1971@yaboo.co.in	0522- 2482527	0522- 248738	,	09451914542
51	Dr. Akhilesh Kumar Dubey, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Vegetable Seed Production Farm, Sarghatia, Post Seroahi, Distt. Kushinagar-221005 (U.P.) Email: akdubeykvk@yahoo.com, akdubeykvk@gmail.com	05564- 211095	05443- 229007		09454332536
52	Dr. Rajendra Prasad, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Bejwan, P.O. Ugapur (Auraj), Distt. Sant Ravidas Nagar-221301 (U.P.) Email: kvksrn@gmail.com, rprasadzcu4@rediffmail.com	0542- 2635236 2635237 2635247	05443- 229007		09450312133
53	Ms. Anuradha Ranjan Kumari, PC I/C Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Malhana, P.O. Bankata Mishra(Majhauli Raj), Distt. Deoria-274506 (U.P.) Email: anuradha_rau@rediffmail.com	0542- 2635236 2635237 2635247	05443- 229007	0542-2316942	09648395963



54	Dr. Asim Nidhi, PC (I/C) Krishi Vigyan Kendra, RBS College Awagarh, Distt. Etah-207301 (U.P.) Email: kvkawagarh@rediffmail.com	05745- 224338	05745- 224338	05745-224112	09410446031
55	Dr. Rajendra Prasad Agarwal, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, RBS College, Bitchpuri Distt. Agra-283105 (U.P.) Email: kvkagra2002@gmail.com, rpagarwal@rediffmail.com	0562- 2636446	0562- 2520075		09412300655
56	Dr. Santosh Kumar Mishra, PC				
20	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Dairy Farm, Vety. College, Distt. Mathura-281 001 (U.P.) Email: mishra_pc@yahoo.com govindgupta76@yahoo.in	0565- 2471237	0565- 2471288	0565-2470353	09412884692
57	Dr. S.D. McCarry, PC				
31	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, C/o Allahabad Agril. Deemed University, Distt. Allahabad-211007 (U.P.) Email: kvkald@sancharnet.in, sdmecarty@gmail.com	0532- 2696541	0532- 2696541		09918039124
58	Dr. Shree Ram Singh, PC	05100	05110		
	Krishi Vigyan Kendra,Barkachha Farm, P.O. Belahara, Institute of Agricultural Science, BHU, Distt. Mirzapur- 231001 (U.P.) Email: kvkbhu@gmail.com, kvkmirzapur@yahoo.com	05422- 237276	05442- 237276	•	09450232889
59	Dr. S.P. Mishra PC	00202			
	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, C/o Kamla Nehru Memorial Trust, P.O. KNI, Lal Diggi, Civil Lines, Distt. Sultanpur-228118 (U.P.) Email: kvksln@gmail.com	05362- 240471		*	09506202718
60	Dr. U.N. Singh, PC				
	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Jai-prabha, Gram-Gopalgram, PO Durgonua, Distt. Gonda-271125 (U.P.) Email: drikvkgonda@gmail.com, kvkgondal@rediffmail.com	05262- 290315			09415534704
61	Dr. Narendra Singh, PC	05100			
	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Ganivan (Via-Pahari). Distt. Chitrakoot-210206 (U.P.) Email: kvkganiwan@rediffmail.com	05198- 290405			09415176268
62	Dr. A.K. Srivastava, PC	0.00			
0.28(1)	Raja Dinesh Singh KVK Avadheshpuram Campus, P.O. Lala Bajar, Kalakankar, Distt. Pratapgarh-229408 (U.P.) Email: rdskvk@gmail.com, kvkpratapgarh@gmail.com	05341- 240707, 05341- 291041		09793731888	09453021773 09415143774
63	De Amind Komme Circle 100				
	Dr. Arvind Kumar Singh, PC V.K.S. Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Virendra nagar, Dhaura, Hasanganj, Disti Unnao-209851 (U.P.) Email: kvkunnao@gmail.com, vkskvkresearch@yahoo.co.in	05143- 232095	0522- 2333896		09452239314
64	Dr. Dinesh Kumar Singh, PC	0.540			
	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, P.G. College, Ravindrapuri, Dist Ghazipur – 233001 (U.P.) Email: kvk_ghazipur@rediffmail.com, ghazipurkvk@gmail.com	0548- 2220059	0548- 2220059		07376084557
65	Dr. Suresh Singh, PC I/C	WWW.			
	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Villag e & Post Amberpur, Distt. Sitapur-261303 (U.P.) Email: kvksitapur@gmail.com	0522- 4044406	0522- 4044406	0522-2355891	09005092466
66	Dr. Ajay Kumar, PC	0522	0.000		
	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Village, Rasoolabad (Koilaha), PO-Saiyad Sarawa, District Kaushambi-212201 (U.P.) Email: kvkkaushambi@gmail.com, kvk_kaushambi2006@yahoo.co.in	0532- 2408806	0532- 2408806		09450965185 09336134353



67	Dr. Anant Kumar, PC (I/C) Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Village: Parwaha PO: Dibyapur, Distt. Auraiya-206 244 (U.P.) Email: kvkauraiya@rediffmail.com,	05683- 290792			09410852089 09760940402
68	dr_anantkumar@rediffmail.com Dr. Anand Singh. PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Village Katia, P.O. Ultra (Manpur), Tehsil-Biswan, Distt. Sitapur – 261145 (U.P.) Email: sitapurkvk2@gmail.com anandkvk@yahoo.co.in				08765774368
	Uttarakhand (13)				
69	Dr. Sanjay Chaudhary, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, PO Gulchora, Lohaghat, Champawat-262524 (Uttarakhand) Email:officerinchargekvklohaghat@gmail.com, pc_kvklohaghat@rediffmail.com	05965- 234820	05965- 234820		09412162673
70	Dr. Rakesh Kumar Sharma, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Chaubatia, GBPUAT Ranikhet, Distt. Almora-263651 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkalmora@gmail.com sharmark1966@rediffmail.com	05962- 241248			07500241508
71	Dr. Anil Chandra, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Gwaldam Distt. Chamoli-246441 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkchamoli@rediffmail.com	01363- 274287	01363- 274287	01363-274287	07500241506, 09412419864
72	Dr. Purushottam Kumar, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Dhanauri, Distt. Haridwar- 249404 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkharidwar@gmail.com, Puru968@gmail.com	01332- 215442	01332- 248483		08475002233
73	Dr. A.K. Sharma, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Jakhdhar, via Guptakashi Distt. Rudraprayag-246439 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkjakh@rediffmail.com		01364- 267320		08475002277
74	Dr. Vijay Kumar Doharey, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Jeolikote Distt. Nainital-263135 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvknainital@rediffmail.com, vijaydoharey@gmail.com	05942- 224547	05942- 224615		07500241504 09412966838
75	Dr. Jitendra Kwatra, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, P.O. Gaina Aincholi, Distt. Pithouragarh-262501 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkpithoragarh@yahoo.com	05964- 252175	05964- 252175		09760226518
76	Dr. Shiv Santanu Singh, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Dhakrani, GBPUAT, PO- Herbertpur, Distt. Dehradun-248 001 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkdehradun@gmail.com, shivassingh@gmail.com	01360- 224378	01360- 224378		08476001596
77	Dr. C. Tiwari, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Bajpur Rd, Kashipur Distr. Udham Singh Nagar-244713 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkkashipur@gmail.com	05947- 262771	05947- 262771	* 1	09412655395
78	Dr Tejpal Bist, I/C PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, GBPUAT,Hill Campus, Ranichauri, Distt. Tehri Garhwal-249199 (Uttarakhand) Email: kykranichauri@gmail.com	01376- 252101	01376- 252101		08476004176
79	PC, I/c Krishi Vigyan Kendra VCSGCH, Bharsar, Via Chipalghat Distt. Pauri Garhwal-246123 (Uttarakhand) Email: kykpaurigarhwal@gmail.com	01348- 226076	01348- 226058		09795842175

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80	Dr. V.K. Sachan, PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Chinyalisaur Distt. Uttarkashi-249196 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkchinyalisaur@gmail.com, vksachanji@gmail.com (NEW)	01371- 237198	01371- 237198	09411521771
81	Dr. Vijay Avinashilingam N.A.,PC Krishi Vigyan Kendra VPKAS(ICAR) Sinduri-Baskhola(Kafligair), Distt. Bageshwar-263628 (Uttarakhand) Email: kvkbageshwar@gmail.com, vijay_avinashlingam@rediffmail.com	05963- 255150	05963- 255150	09458164567



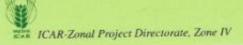
## Annexure - iii

## **Training Programmes**

State: Uttar Pradesh

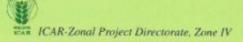
A. Training programmes for farmers and farm Women

	No. of				JN + OF	F CAMPU Participan				
Thematic area	courses		Others			SC/ST	its	(	Grand Total	
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
I Crop Production										
Weed Management Resource Conservation	180	2829	204	3033	867	145	1012	3696	349	4045
Technologies	131	2053	90	2143	472	65	537	2525	155	2680
Cropping Systems	104	1735	144	1879	380	100	480	2115	244	2359
Crop Diversification	70	1075	101	1176	209	27	236	1284	128	1412
Integrated Farming	79	1286	25	1311	167	14	181	1453	39	1492
Micro Irrigation/irrigation	48	700	48	748	187	19	206	887	67	95
Seed production	123	1964	129	2093	465	83	548	2429	212	264
Nursery management	49	762	49	811	206	45	251	968	94	1062
Integrated Crop Management	182	3027	230	3257	706	128	834	3733	358	4091
Soil & water conservation Integrated nutrient	55	840	64	904	296	35	331	1136	99	1235
management	101	1582	128	1710	456	63	519	2038	191	222
Production of organic inputs	58	939	42	981	220	18	238	1159	60	1219
Others	51	854	38	892	148	10	158	1002	48	105
Total	1231	19646	1292	20938	4779	752	5531	24425	2044	2646
II Horticulture										
a) Vegetable Crops Production of low value and high valume crops	134	2199	253	2452	364	109	473	2563	362	292:
Off-season vegetables	50	792	54	846	147	42	189	939	96	103
Nursery raising	100	1507	205	1712	397	90	487	1904	295	219
Exotic vegetables	17	287	8	295	18	5	23	305	13	31
Export potential vegetables	21	269	39	308	100	36	136	369	75	44
Grading and standardization	31	478	67	545	111	34	145	589	101	69
Protective cultivation	65	1045	128	1173	239	51	290	1284	179	146
Others	48	811	38	849	120	38	158	931	76	100
Total (a)	466	7388	792	8180	1496	405	1901	8884	1197	1008
b) Fruits										
Training and Pruning	37	557	46	603	131	21	152	688	67	75
Layout and Management of Orchards	69	1061	78	1139	285	48	333	1346	126	147
Cultivation of Fruit	47	797	69	866	198	30	228	995	99	109
Management of young plants/orchards	38	602	22	624	141	17	158	743	39	78
Rejuvenation of old orchards	45	741	75	816	265	35	300	1006	110	111
Export potential fruits	6	111	2	113	14	0	14	125	2	12
Micro irrigation systems of orchards	17	273	28	301	65	4	69	338	32	37
Plant propagation techniques	23	377	94	471	93	69	162	470	163	63



Others	7	135	8	143	25	3	28	160	11	171
otal (b)	289	4654	422	5076	1217	227	1444	5871	649	6520
Ornamental Plants	777									
Nursery Management	36	538	58	596	86	36	122	624	94	718
Management of potted plants	9	115	32	147	45	13	58	160	45	205
Export potential of ornamental plants	1	10	5	15	6	4	10	16	9	25
Propagation techniques of Ornamental Plants	8	96	10	106	45	11	56	141	21	162
Others	12	215	8	223	26	5	31	241	13	254
Total (c)	66	974	113	1087	208	69	277	1182	182	1364
l) Plantation crops										
Production and Management echnology	10	137	40	177	26	10	36	163	50	213
Processing and value addition	3	39	5	44	9	2	11	48	7	55
Others	1	20	0	20	4	0	4	24	0	24
Total (d)	14	196	45	241	39	12	51	235	57	292
e) Tuber crops										
Production and Management technology	48	705	72	777	144	47	191	849	119	968
Processing and value addition	6	89	14	103	24	11	35	113	25	138
Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total (e)	54	794	86	880	168	58	226	962	144	1106
f) Spices										
Production and Management technology	46	800	37	837	132	13	145	932	50	982 91
Processing and value addition	4	71	2	73	14	4	18	85	6	
Others	1	19	0	19	-1	0	1	20	.0	20
Total (f) g) Medicinal and Aromatic Plants	51	890	39	929	147	17	164	1037	56	1093
Nursery management	14	323	13	336	80	8	88	403	21	424
Production and management technology	37	546	45	591	119	16	135	665	61	726
Post harvest technology and value addition	8	82	29	111	32	19	51	114	48	162
Others	1	17	0	17	3	0	3	20	0	20
Total (g)	60	968	87	1055	234	43	277	1202	130	1332
GT (a-g)	1000	15864	1584	17448	3509	831	4340	19373	2415	21788
III Soil Health and Fertility Mangmt.										
Soil fertility management	98	1539	117	1656	432	79	511	1971	196	2167
Integrated water management Integrated Nutrient	25	380	35	415	76	25	101	456	60	516 2617
Management	116	1881	181	2062	467	88	555	2348	269	
Production and use of organic inputs	73	1044	104	1148	239	48	287	1283	152	1435
Management of Problematic soils Micro nutrient deficiency in	30	417	25	442	136	32	168	553.	57	610
crops	30	416	36	452	119	18	137	535	54	589

Nutrient Use Efficiency	35	466	63	529	126	41	167	592	104	696
Balance use of fertilizers	29	436	45	481	97	13	110	533	58	591
Soil and Water Testing	108	1682	122	1804	253	69	322	1935	191	2126
Others	32	559	16	575	16	5	21	575	21	596
Total	576	8820	744	9564	1961	418	2379	10781	1162	11943
IV Livestock Production & Management										
Dairy Management	141	2344	416	2760	795	222	1017	3139	638	3777
Poultry Management	76	1188	70	1258	316	63	379	1504	133	1637
Piggery Management	52	809	50	859	159	24	183	968	74	1042
Rabbit Management	5	79	7	86	13	0	13	92	7	99
Animal Nutrition Management	156	1993	459	2452	549	247	796	2542	706	3248
Disease Management	173	2724	379	3103	890	254	1144	3614	633	4247
Feed & fodder technology	116	1694	237	1931	527	164	691	2221	401	2622
Production of quality animal products	37	619	55	674	165	49	214	784	104	888
Others	32	420	73	493	151	74	225	571	147	718
Total	788	11870	1746	13616	3565	1097	4662	15435	2843	18278
V Home Science/Women										
empowerment Household food security by										
kitchen gardening and nutrition gardening	65	101	1025	1126	28	330	358	129	1355	1484
Design and development of low/minimum cost diet	47	25	674	699	10	233	243	35	907	942
Designing and development for high nutrient efficiency diet	32	12	429	441	7	149	156	19	578	597
Minimization of nutrient loss										100
in processing	38 4	1	452 49		25	100	30	66		723
Processing and cooking	45	0	599	599	17	236	253	17	835	852
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs	41	94	543	637	44	153	197	138	696	834
Storage loss minimization techniques	49	87	605	692	8	256	264	95	861	956
Value addition	96	101	1319	1420	30	596	626	131	1915	2046
Women empowerment	50	62	744	806	12	272	284	74	1016	1090
Location specific drudgery reduction technologies	48	75	647	722	- 11	210	221	86	857	943
Rural Crafts	30	6	427	433	3	167	170	9	594	603
Women and child care	67	51	965	1016	9	393	402	60	1358	1418
Others	63	24	1150	1174	2	123	125	26	1273	1299
Total	671	679	9579	10258	206	3323	3529	885	12902	13787
VI Agril. Engineering Farm Machinary and its										
maintenance	73	1345	40	1385	244	31	275	1589	71	1660
Installation and maintenance of micro irrigation systems	34	641	20	661	133	8	141	774	28	803
Use of Plastics in farming practices Production of small tools and	6	94	6	100	25	3	28	119	9	125
implements	9	142	0	142	42	0	42	184	0	184

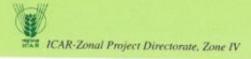


Others	118	45 1895	175	46 2070	383	92	10 475	53 2278	3 267	56 2545
Apiculture	1	8	0	8	1	0	1	9	0	9
Mushroom Production	2	42	0	42	7	0	7.	49	0	49
	1	10	5	15	5	2	7	15	7	22
and fodder Production of Fish feed	5	80	10	90	20	1	21	100	11	111
Production of livestock feed	1	10	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	10
ingerlings Production of Bee-colonies	1	20	5	25	2	8	10	22	13	35
Organic manures production Production of fry and	7	91	12	103	32	14	46	123	26	149
Vermi-compost production	23	357	38	395	106	19	125	463	57	520
Bio-fertilizer production	7	127	10	137	14	5	19	141	15	156
Bio-pesticides production	2	29	5	34	12	4	16	41	9	50
Bio-agents production	3	44	5	49	12	4	16	56	9	65
Planting material production	20	351	21	372	56	4	60	407	25	432
Seed Production	43	681	63	744	108	29	137	789	92	881
IX Production of Inputs at site	gar		-			(8.8)			OMAS C	
Total	81	1258	53	1311	533	44	577	1791	97	1888
Others	4	72	3	75	34	6	40	106	9	115
addition	8	162	11	173	44	3	47	206	14	220
Hatchery management and culture of freshwater prawn Fish processing and value	2	23	0	23	7	0	7	30	0	30
Composite fish culture	37	600	19	619	139	13	152	739	32	771
management Carp fry and fingerling rearing	12	23 139	0	23 143	7 49	5	7 54	30 188	9	197
Integrated fish farming Carp breeding and hatchery	16	239	16	255	253	17	270	492	33	525
VIII Fisheries										
Total	683	12136	906	13042	2934	803	3737	15070	1709	16779
Others	76	1179	27	1206	192	11	203	1371	38	1409
diseases Production of bio control agents and bio pesticides	120 46	1897 760	130	2027	435 174	76 30	511	2332	206	2538
Integrated Disease Management Bio-control of pests and	216	3255	253	3508	846	158	1004	4101	411	4512
Integrated Pest Management	225	5045	443	5488	1287	528	1815	6332	971	7303
VII Plant Protection			***	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1000	2.00		7/2/	514	Sara.
Total	229	3866	199	4065	861	115	976	4727	314	504
Others	19	208	41	249	67	27	94	275	68	343
value addition Post Harvest Technology	12 26	179 472	34 26	213 498	45 81	16 13	61 94	224 553	50 39	592
Small scale processing and				817	224	17	241	1009	49	1058
Repair and maintenance of farm machinery and implements	50	785	32	817	224	17	241	1000	10	105

Grand Total	5772	81787	17125	98912	20160	7857	28017	101947	24982	126929
Totale	115	1856	136	1992	424	70	494	2280	206	2486
Others	20	307	24	331	56	23	79	363	47	410
Integrated Farming Systems	24	389	31	420	109	12	121	498	43	541
Nursery management	32	543	40	583	117	19	136	660	59	719
Production technologies	39 (	617	41 6	58	142	16 1	58	759	57	816
XI Agro-forestry										
Total	280	3897	711	4608	1005	312	1317	4902	1023	5925
Others	39	550	35	585	115	25	140	665	60	725
WTO and IPR issues	8	73	20	93	37	17	54	110	37	147
Entrepreneurial development of farmers/youths	46	687	67	754	184	27	211	871	94	965
Mobilization of social capital	18	261	34	295	59	16	75	320	50	370
Formation and Management of SHGs	64	938	288	1226	245	113	358	1997	401	1584
Group dynamics	56	775	150	925	223	49	272	998	199	
Leadership development	49	613	117	730	142	65	207	755	182	937
X Capacity Building and Group Dynamics										

## B. Training programmes for Rural youths

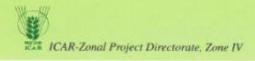
	No. of			0		F CAMPU Participar				
Area of Training	courses		Others			SC/ST		(	Frand Tota	al
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Nursery Management of Horticulture crops	61	869	127	996	217	63	280	1086	100	100
Training and pruning of orchards	41	463	54	517	126	39	165	- 1000	190	1276
Protected cultivation of vegetable crops	38	536	77	613	151			589	93	682
Commercial fruit production	32	374	59	433	77	66	217	687	143	830
Integrated farming	27	420	57	477	121	26	103	451	85	536
Seed production	90	1351	99			33	154	541	90	631
Production of organic inputs	47	628		1450	362	69	431	1713	168	1881
Planting material production	14	163	64	692	185	44	229	813	108	921
Vermi-culture			12	175	50	12	62	213	24	237
Mushroom Production	35	463	80	543	140	25	165	603	105	708
Bee-keeping	41	564	82	646	150	52	202	714	134	848
Sericulture	31	407	22	429	141	38	179	548	60	608
Repair and maintenance of farm	9	100	7	107	21	17	38	121	24	145
nachinery and implements	28	356	58	414	101	22	123	457	80	537
Value addition	42	200	347	547	33	164	197	233	511	744
Small scale processing	12	35	80	115	8	48	56	43	128	
Post Harvest Technology	15	148	76	224	41	21	62			171
Tailoring and Stitching	17	14	210	224	17	- 2011		189	97	286
Rural Crafts	35	93	233	326		75	92	31	285	316
Production of quality animal products	11	139	27		35	190	225	128	423	551
Dairying				166	54	21	75	193	48	241
heep and goat rearing	54 34	627	109	736	152	55	207	779	164	943



Quail farming	2	20	0	20	0	0	0	20		
Piggery	4	39							0	20
Rabbit farming			- 1	40	31	0	31	70	- 1	71
Poultry production	34	28	2	30	3	2	. 5	31	4	35
Ornamental fisheries	19	445 195	73	518	145	31	176	590	104	694
Composite fish culture	6	84	0	195	22	0	22	217	0	217
Freshwater prawn culture	- 0	8	3	87	9	5	14	93	8	101
Shrimp farming			2	10	3	2	5	11	4	15
Pearl culture	- 1	10	0	10	0	0	- 0	10	0	10
Cold water fisheries	10	20	87	107	0	23	23	20	110	130
	7	10	56	66	4	25	29	14	81	95
Fish harvest and processing technology	7	70	4	74	19	2	21	89	6	95
Fry and fingerling rearing	- 1	0	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Other	22	342	34	376					10	10
TOTAL	831	9644	2225	11869	2606	1253	42 3859	375 12250	43 3478	418 15728

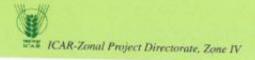
### C. Training programmes for Extension Functionaries

Area of Training				O		FCAMPU				
Area of Training	No. of courses				- 1	Participan	its			
			Others			SC/ST		G	rand To	al
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Productivity enhancement in field crops	69	1333	51	1384	311	24	247			
Integrated Pest Management	52	859		3575		36	347	1644	87	97880
Integrated Nutrient management	0.00		46	905	235	44	279	1094	90	1184
Rejuvenation of old orchards	41	685	71	756	140	- 30	170	825	101	926
Protected cultivation technology	26	437	14	451	80	6	86	517	20	537
Production and use of organic inputs	34	545	109	654	136	26	162	681	135	816
Care & maintenance of farm machinery &	32	574	35	609	113	18	131	687	53	740
implements	16	144	121	265	25	26	51	169	147	216
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs	5	54	20	74	21	5			5002	316
Formation and Management of SHGs	17	205	98				26	75	25	100
Women and Child care				303	58	22	80	263	120	383
Low cost and nutrient efficient diet designing	24	38	328	366	2	72	74	40	400	440
Group Dynamics and farmers organization	16	184	84	268	59	8	67	243	92	335
Information networking among farmers	24	335	29	364	61	23	84	396	52	448
	3	32	0	32	0	0	0	32	0	32
Capacity building for ICT application	9	53	101	154	7	14	21	60	115	175
Management in farm animals	30	564	16	580	79	1	80	643	17	
Livestock feed and fodder production	21	336	85	421	81					660
Household food security	21			-1.01	0.000	10	91	417	95	512
Other		285	27	312	60	8	68	345	35	380
TOTAL	209	2655	515	3170	376	104	480	3031	619	3650
The state of the s	649	9318	1750	11068	1844	453	2297	11162	2203	13365



#### D. Sponsored Training Programmes

					- 1	Participa	nts			
Area of Training	No. of courses		Others			SC/ST		Gr	and Tota	d
	7000000000	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Crop production and management										
Increasing production and productivity of crops	64	2159	183	2342	608	106	714	2767	289	3056
Commercial production of vegetables	31	708	44	752	262	21	283	970	65	1035
Production and value addition										
Fruit Plants	29	822	69	891	189	15	204	1011	84	1095
Ornamental plants	3	95	0	95	23	0	23	118	0	118
Spices crops	23	750	93	843	148	44	192	898	137	1035
Soil health and fertility management	30	937	314	1251	362	151	513	1299	465	1764
Production of Inputs at site	5	165	14	179	61	15	76	226	29	255
Methods of protective cultivation	4	145	5	150	20	0	20	165	5	170
Others	72	3531	620	4151	1630	389	2019	5161	1009	6170
Total	261	9312	1342		<b>INCOME.</b>	741	4044	12615	1000000	14698
Post harvest technology and value addition	-		100000	-	H. SCHOOL	535/60				(ALTERNATION OF THE PERSON OF
Processing and value addition	6	236	65	301	51	18	69	287	83	370
Others	5	88	0	88	12	0	12	100	0	100
Total	11	324	65	389	63	18	81	387	83	470
Farm machinery		176.4	100	563	- 03	10	0.1	207	0.3	- 470
Farm machinery, tools and implements	3	140	0	140	19	0	19	159	0	159
Others	13	429	36	465	93	16	109	522	52	574
Total	16	569	36	605	112	16	128	681	52	733
Livestock and fisheries	19,	2002	200	000	110	10	160	.001	34.	1,23
Livestock production and management	4	114	23	137	15	8	23	129	31	160
Animal Nutrition Management	1	78	0	78	22	0	22	100	0	160
Animal Disease Management	4	82	1	83	75	29	104	157	30	187
Fisheries Nutrition	3	62	3	65	20	0		82	30	
Fisheries Management	5	63	5	68	46	2	20 48	109	7	85
Others	- 2	03								116
Total	17	399	32	431	178	39	212	577	71	240
Home Science	17	399	32	431	1/0	39	217	3//	71	648
Household nutritional security	5	135	20	161	10	20	144	100		200
Economic empowerment of women	4	133	28 69	163	15	30	45	150	58	208
Drudgery reduction of women	- 4	0	09	09	0	26	26	0	95	95
Others	1									
Total		0	18	18	0	12	12	0	30	30
Agricultural Extension	10	135	115	250	15	68	83	150	183	333
Capacity Building and Group Dynamics	25	202		600	252	7241	20.4	222	122	172
Others	25	603	65	668	263	41	304	866	106	0
Total	3	93	32	125	17	18	35	110	50	160
GRAND TOTAL	28 343	696 11435	97	793 13122	280 3951	59 941	339 4892	976 15386	156 2628	160



# E. Vocational Training programmes for Rural youths

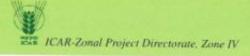
Annual Property of the Control of th	No. of					Participa	ants			
Area of Training	courses		Others			SC/ST		G	rand To	tal
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Tota
Crop production and management										
Commercial floriculture	12	141	18	159	27	9	36	168	27	19
Commercial fruit production	14	202	9	211	63	9		265	18	3 83
Commercial vegetable production	17	257	27	284	53	20		310	47	
Integrated crop management	13	179	4	183	70	2		249	6	
Organic farming Others	10	155	- 11	166	37	8	45	192	19	
	6	59	0	59	14	0	14	73	19	
Total	72	993	69	1062	264	48	312	1257		
Post harvest technology and value addition						70	312	1437	117	1374
Value addition	14	81	113	194	32	40	72	113	152	200
Others	7	41	27	68	8	16	24	49	153	266
Total	21	122	140	262	40	56	96		43	92
Livestock and fisheries					700	2757	20	162	196	358
Dairy farming	10	137	25	162	38	15	53	100		
Composite fish culture	5	112	0	112	18	0		175	40	215
Sheep and goat rearing	11	128	33	161	46	26	18	130	0	130
Poultry farming	11	157	14	171	51		72	174	59	233
Others	3	42	7	49	10	13	64	208	27	235
Total	40	576	79	655	163	0	10	52	7	59
Income generation activities			12	000	103	54	217	739	133	872
Vermicomposting	17	204	37	241	67	-10	- 04			
Production of bio-agents, bio-pesticides,	11	128	15	143	29	19	86	271	56	327
bio-fertilizers etc.	1	11	4	15		5	34	157	20	177
Repair and maintenance of farm machinery	11	163	11	174	2	3	5	13	7	20
and implements	1	12	0	12	50	12	62	213	23	236
Rural Crafts	4	30	32		3	0	3	15	0	15
Seed production	24	355	24	62 379	10	17	27	40	49	89
Sericulture	1	14	0		116	26	142	471	50	521
Mushroom cultivation	14	220		14	6	0	6	20	0	20
Nursery, grafting etc.	8	60	56	276	59	22	81	279	78	357
Failoring, stitching, embroidery, dying etc.	4	0	54	66	41	10	51	101	16	117
Agril, para-workers, para-vet training	6	68		54	0	45	45	0	99	99
Others	11		43	111	5	11	16	73	54	127
fotal	700017	148	21	169	66	10	76	214	31	245
agricultural Extension	113	1413	303	1716	454	180	634	1867	483	2350
apacity building and group dynamics	- 24	14.7		O SANIT	9391					
otal	4	44	31	75	16	9	25	60	40	100
irand Total	250	44 3148	622	75 3770	16 937	9	25	60	40	100



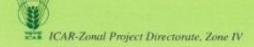
#### State: Uttarakhand

#### A. Training programmes for farmers & farm women

					VOF	F CAMPU Participat				
Thematic area	No. of		Others			SC/ST		G	rand Tota	
Themate area	courses	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
I Crop Production										
Weed Management	30	304	175	479	78	46	124	382	221	603
Resource Conservation						223				
Technologies	7	6	89	95	21	37	58	27	126	153
Cropping Systems	21	150	231	381	28	22	50	178	253	43
Crop Diversification	- 1	2	18	20	0	0	0	2	18	20
Integrated Farming	1	0	20	20	0	0	0	0	20	20
Seed production	11	97	55	152	57	46	103	154	101	25
Integrated Crop Management	15	240	13	253	59	6	65	299	19	31
Soil & water conservation		14	6	20	0	0	0	14	6	20
Integrated nutrient management	8	64	18	82	36	58	94	100	76	176
Production of organic inputs	4	39	41	80	0	0	0	39	41	80
Others	15	95	203	298	- 0	- 5	5	95	208	30
Total	114	1011	869	1880	279	220	499	1290	1089	237
II Horticulture										
A) Vegetable Crops     Production of low value and high valume crops	15	111	125	236	47	45	92	158	170	32
Off-season vegetables	19	144	146	290	71	26	97	215	172	38
	21	137	120	257	70	197	267	207	317	52
Nursery raising	- 21	10	5	15	0	5	5	10	10	
Exotic vegetables	4			103	0	0	0	33	70	20
Grading and standardization		33	70							10
Protective cultivation	17	144	190	334	35	118	153	179	308	48
Others	15	111	120	231	79	28	107	190	148	33
Total (a)	92	690	776	1466	302	419	721	992	1195	218
b) Fruits	-		14440			14.04				
Training and Pruning Layout and Management of	9	79	73	152	36	13	49	115	86	20
Orchards	6	52	30	82	32	10	42	84	40	12
Cultivation of Fruit	1	12	8	20	0	0	0	12	8	2
Management of young plants/orchards	6	75	48	123	12	35	47	87	83	17
Rejuvenation of old orchards	5	32	32	64	27	9	36	59	41	10
	3	32				7				
Plant propagation techniques	4		37	40	14		21	17	44	6
Others		16	39	55	21	4	25	37	43	8
Total (b)	34	269	267	536	142	78	220	411	345	75
c) Ornamental Plants Propagation techniques of										
Ornamental Plants	2	32	2	34	6	0	6	38	2	4
Others	3	8	50	58	2	0	2	10	50	6



Total (c)	5	40	52	92	8	0	8	48	52	100
d) Plantation crops									(50)	
Production and Management technology	1	18	2	20	0	0	0	18	2	20
Total (d)	1	18	2	20	0	0	0	18	2	20
f) Spices Production and Management technology	3	45	8	53	0	0	0	45	8	53
GT (a-g)	135	1062	1105	2167	452	497	949	1514	1602	I STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
III Soil Health and Fertility Mangmt.					Teles.	301	747	1514	1002	3116
Soil fertility management	6	52	21	73	47	0	47	99	21	120
Integrated water management	1	11	0	-11	0	9	9	11	9	20
Integrated Nutrient Management Production and use of organic	19	207	41	248	89	46	135	296	87	383
inputs	18	80	81	161	81	122	203	161	203	364
Management of Problematic soils	1	2	0	2	17	0	17	19	0	19
Micro nutrient deficiency in crops	8	20	9	29	86	56	142	106	65	171
Nutrient Use Efficiency	1	5	12	17	3	0	3	8	12	20
Balance use of fertilizers	9	70	42	112	70	6	76	140	48	188
Soil and Water Testing	13	157	189	346	77	53	130	234	242	476
Others	ï	3	14	17	0	5	5	3	19	22
Total	77	607	409	1016	470	297	767	1077	706	1783
IV Livestock Production and Mangmt.								10//	700	1703
Dairy Management	23	276	153	429	27	32	59	303	185	488
Poultry Management	13	104	54	158	39	46	85	143	100	243
Piggery Management	6	89	15	104	13	17	30	102	32	134
Animal Nutrition Management	8	69	28	97	61	18	79	130	46	176
Disease Management	19	191	54	245	76	74	150	267	128	395
Feed & fodder technology Production of quality animal	25	170	162	332	137	86	223	307	248	555
products	4	18	8	26	33	17	50	51	25	76
Others	11	97	61	158	43	44	87	140	105	245
Total	109	1014	535	1549	429	334	763	1443	869	2312
V Home Science/Women empowerment										
Household food security by kitchen										
gardening and nutrition gardening Design and development of	13	17	175	192	5	67	72	22	242	264
ow/minimum cost diet Designing and development for	4	0	89	89	0	2	2	0	91	91
high nutrient efficiency diet Minimization of nutrient loss in	5	12	87	99	0	-1	1	12	88	100
processing	0	0	0	12	8	20	12	8	20	
Processing and cooking Gender mainstreaming through	5	10	74	84	0	0	0	10	74	84
SHGs	5	0	68	68	0	8	8	0	76	76
Storage loss minimization echniques	6	2	121	123	0	2	2	2	123	125
Value addition	45	89	695	784	16	86	102	105	781	886



GRAND TOTAL	827	6257	7255	13512	2193	2134	4327	8450	9389	17839
Total	45	318	496	814	20	63	83	338	559	897
Integrated Farming Systems Others	12	77 20	144 65	221 85	4	19	23	81 20	163 65	244
Nursery management	6	71	.66	137	0	0	0	71	66	137
Production technologies	23	150	221	371	16	44	60	166	265	431
XI Agro-forestry	120	1.00		40.						
Total	51	291	688	979	63	62	125	354	750	1104
Others	8	45	91	136	25	10	35	70	101	17
armers/youths	. 8	61	125	186	9	7	16	70	132	200
Entrepreneurial development of										
Mobilization of social capital	2	13	28	41	2	0	2	15	28	4
Formation and Management of SHGs	7	43	92	135	6	9	15	49	101	15
Group dynamics	23	121	306	427	14	30	44	135	336	47
Leadership development	3	8	46	54	7	6	-13	15	52	6
Dynamics Organics										
Total X Capacity Building and Group	1	10	11	21	2	2	4	12	13	2
Vermi-compost production	1	10	11.	21	2	2	4	12	13	25
IX Production of Inputs at site										
Total	14	123	19	142	112	21	133	235	40	27
Others	9	36	1	37	106	20	126	142	21	16
Composite fish culture	2	35	4	39	2	0	2	37	4	4
Integrated fish farming	3	52	14	66	4	1	5	56	15	7
VIII Fisheries										
Total	157	1494	1377	2871	312	286	598	1806	1663	346
Others	10	159	139	298	19	16	35	178	155	33
Production of bio control agents and bio pesticides	2	6	29	35	0	0	0	6	29	3
Bio-control of pests and diseases	9	107	45	152	16	20	36	123	65	18
Integrated Disease Management	39	367	379	746	42	81	123	409	460	86
Integrated Pest Management	97	855	785	1640	235	169	404	1090	954	204
VII Plant Protection										
Total	8	134	1	135	0	0	0	134	1	13
Others	1	22	0	22	0	0	0	22	0	2
Installation and maintenance of micro irrigation systems	3	50	1	51	0	0	0	50	1	5
Farm Machinary and its maintenance	4	62	0	62	0	0	0	62	0	6
VI Agril. Engineering							110000		77751576	
Total	116	193	1745	1938	54	352	406	247	2097	234
Others	6	2	115	117	3	33	36	5	148	15
Women and child care	6	2	55	57	0	70	70	2	125	12
Rural Crafts	6	1	69	70	0	42	42	1	111	11
reduction technologies	8	36	97	133	18	33	51	54	130	18
Women empowerment Location specific drudgery	6	22	100	122	0	0	.0	22	100	12:



### B. Training programmes for Rural youths

	100			ON	+ OFF	CAMPUS				200
Area of Training	No. of				1	articipan	ts			
	courses		Others			SC/ST			Frand Tota	
	Courses	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Nursery Management of Horticulture crops	- 1	33	0	33	0	0	0	33	:0	33
Training and pruning of orchards	2	20	21	41	- 1	1	2	21	22	43
Protected cultivation of vegetable crops	5	80	91	171	0	- 4	4	80	95	175
Commercial fruit production	- 1	5	13	18	2	2	4	7	15	22
Integrated farming	- 1	9	- 11	20	-0	0	0	9	11	20
Seed production	6	52	26	78	13	8	21	65	34	99
Planting material production	- 1	6	2	8	2	0	2	8	2	10
Vermi-culture	2	21	0	21	3	-0	3	24	0	24
Mushroom Production	5	51	29	80	9	1	10	60	30	90
Bee-keeping Repair& maintenance of farm machinery	3	34	13	47	6		6	40	13	53
& implements	- 1	27	0	27	0				0	27
Value addition	3	0	57	57	.0	3	3	0	60	60
Small scale processing	1	0	13	13	0	7	7	0	20	20
Rural Crafts	8	3	116	119	2	20	22	5	136	141
Dairying	- 1	20	0	20	0	0	0	20	0	20
Sheep and goat rearing	1	8	10	18	- 1	1	2	9	11	20
Poultry production	7	75	17	92	29	- 1	30	104	18	122
Fish harvest and processing technology	- 1	14	0	14	3	3	6	17	3	20
Other	12	90	109	199	14	28	42	104	137	241
TOTAL	62	548	528	1076	85	79	164	633	607	1240

#### C. Training Programmes for Extension Functionaries

	ON + OFF CAMPUS									
Area of Training	No. of courses		Participants Others SC/ST G						Grand Total	
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Productivity enhancement in field crops	8	94	4	98	5	0	5	99	4	103
Integrated Pest Management	7	90	15	105	0	0	0	90	15	105
Integrated Nutrient management	4	46	4	50	0	0	0	46	4	50
Rejuvenation of old orchards	1	7	3	10	0	0	0	7	3	10
Protected cultivation technology	3	22	3	25	0	0	0	22	3	25
Production and use of organic inputs	1	12	0	12	3	.0	3	15	0	15
Women and Child care	3	0	53	53	0	0	0	0	53	53
Low cost and nutrient efficient diet designing	2	0	36	36	0	0	0	0	36	36
Management in farm animals	1	10	5	15	2	0	2	12	5	17
Livestock feed and fodder production	5	- 54	2	56	- 1	0	- 1	55	2	57
Other	8	76	56	132	9	9	18	85	65	150
TOTAL	43	411	181	592	20	9	29	431	190	621

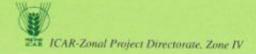


### D. Sponsored Training programmes

Area of Training	No. of	Participants								
	courses	Male	Others		-	SC/ST		Grand Total		al
Crop production and management		iviane	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Increasing production and productivity of crops	8	102	45	147	19	10	122	112027		
Commercial production of vegetables	- 1	25	15			18	37	121	63	184
Production and value addition		2.5	13	40	- 0	0	0	25	15	40
Fruit Plants Methods of protective cultivation	1	10	6	16	1	4	5	11	10	21
Others	I	12	3	15	0	0	0	12	3	15
Total	3	93	54	147	10	2	12	103	56	159
Post harvest technology and value addition	14	242	123	365	30	24	54	272	147	419
Processing and value addition	2	14	20	34	-					
Total	2	and the same of	The second second		1	8	9	15	28	43
Home Science	2	14	20	34	- 1	8	9	15	28	43
Household nutritional security	35	0	0	0		****	Charles			
Total	35	0	-	- Administra	0	6060	6060	0	6060	6060
Agricultural Extension	30	17.	0	0	0	6060	6060	- 0	6060	6060
Others	2	73	- 44	14040407	444	10000				
Total	2	The second second second	41	114	23	12	35	96	53	149
GRAND TOTAL	53	73	41	114	23	12	35	96	53	149
	9747	247	184	513	54	6104	6158	383	6288	6671

### E. Vocational Training programmes

	No. of	Participants								
Area of Training	courses	Male	Others		-	SC/ST		Grand Total		
Crop production and management		Maie	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Organic farming	1	5	9	14	4	2	6	9	- 11	20
Total	1	5	9	14	4	2				20
Post harvest technology and value addition			- 100	- 17	- 75	- 6	6	9	11	20
Value addition Total	1	0	12	12	0	3	3	0	15	15
NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY O	- 1	0	12	12	0	3	3	0	15	15
Livestock and fisheries							200	U	12	13
Sheep and goat rearing	1	14	15	29	1	0	1	15	10	-
Piggery	1	8	14	22	2	1	3	10	15	30
Total	2	22	29	51	3	A I			15	25
Income generation activities	_		- A.M.	21	- 3	1	4	25	30	55
Tailoring, stitching, embroidery, dying etc.	1	0	9	9	0	-		7.60	100	111111
Total	1	0	9	9		-	1	0	10	10
Grand Total	5	27	59		0		1	0	10	10
	3	41	39	86	7	7	14	34	66	100

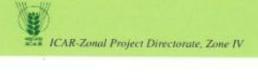


## Annexure - iv

# Scientific Advisory Committee Meetings (SACs) conducted at KVKs

SNo	Name of the KVK	SAC Date	SAC No
1	Bahraich	17.3.2015	1
2	Ballia	03.02.2015	- 1
3	Basti	02.24.2015	1
4	Mau	04.02.2015	- 1
5	Varanasi	10.02.2015	1
6	Siddharthnagar	18.2.2015	-1
7	Faizabad	17-10-2014	- 1
8	Gorakhpur	9.10.2014	- 1
9	Maharajganj	10.10.2015	1
10	Sonbhadra	03.12.2015	- 1
11	Azamgarh	6.2.2015	1
12	Barabanki	9.30.2014	- 1
13	Balrampur	18/03/15	1
14	Chandauli	11.02.2015	- 1
15	Jaunpur	09.03.2015	1
16	Sant Kabir Nagar	25.02.2015	1
17	Ambedkar Nagar	18.10.2014	1
18	Jhansi	03.9.2014	- 1
19	Rai Bareli	22.11.2014	1
20	Fatehpur	29.9.2014	1
21	Aligarh	6.9.2014	1
22	Kannauj	20.8.2014	1
23	Etawah	18.9.2014	1
24	Mainpuri	19.9.2014	- 1
25	Kanpur (Dehat)	23.8.2014	1
26	Mahoba	-	12
27	Firozabad	12.9.2014	T
28	Hamirpur	01.09.2014	1
29	Lakhimpur Kheri	15.09.2014	1
30	Farrukhabad	20.09.2014	1
31	Jalaun	23.08.2014	1
32	Lalitpur	-	-
33	Hardoi	20.08.2014	1
34	Banda	09.09.2014	1
35	Mahamaya Nagar	05.09.2014	1
36	Mathura	09.09.2014	1
37	Bijnor	11.11.2014	1
38	Rampur	26.11.2014	1
39	Badaun	26.11.2014	1
40	Saharanpur	12.11.2014	1
41	Ghaziabad	18.11.2014	1

SNo	Name of the KVK	SAC Date	SAC No.
42	Sahajahanpur	27.11.2014	1
43	Meerut	10.11.2014	1
44	Muzaffarnagar	12.11.2014	1
45	Pilibhit	27.11.2014	- 1
46	Baghpat	11.11.2014	1
47	Moradabad	28.11.2014	- 1
48	G.B. Nagar	17.11.2014	1
49	Bulandshahar	19.11.2014	1
50	Sultanpur	05.11.2014	- 1
51	Etah	11.09.2014	1
52	Mirzapur	03.03.2015	1
53	Gonda	19.03.2015	- 1
54	Chitrakoot	23.03.2015	- 1
55	Allahabad	29.11.2014	1
56	Pratapgarh	10.02.2015	1
57	Unnao	26.112014	1
58	Bareilly	28.11.2014	1
59	Lucknow	13.04.2015	- 1
60	Gazipur	05.02.2015	1
61	Agra	10.09.2014	- 1
62	Kushinagar		
63	Sant R.D. Nagar	21.03.2015	- 1
64	Deoria	27.03.2015	- 1
65	Sitapur	22.11.2014	- 1
66	Sitapur-II	16.09.2014	- 1
67	Kaushambi	24.09.2014	1
68	Auraiya	21.08.2014	1
69	Tehri Garhwal	02.27.2015	1
70	Champawat	18.02.2015	1
71	Almora	25.03.2015	1
72	Chamoli	26.03.2015	1
73	Haridwar	15.09.2014	- 1
74	Pauri Garhwal	28.02.2015	1
75	Rudraprayag	27.03.2015	1
76	Nainital	25.09.2014	1
77	Pithouragarh	19.02.2015	1
78	Dehradun		1
79	U.S. Nagar	24.09.2014	1
80	Uttarkashi	20.11.2015	- 1
81	Bagheshwar	12.12.2014	- 1
	Total		78



# Annexure - v

# Research Projects

S.No.	Title of the Project	Principal Investigator	Associates/Co-PIs
(A)	Completed Projects		
1	Engaging Farmers, Enriching Knowledge-Agropedia 2.0 (2010-2014)	Dr. A.K. Singh	Dr. Lakhan Singh
2	Technology Demonstrations for Harnessing Pulses Productivity in U.P. (2010-2013)	Dr. A.K. Singh	Dr. Lakhan Singh
3	Maize Demonstrations under ISOPOM Scheme (2010-2013)	Dr. A.K. Singh	Dr. Lakhan Singh
(B)	On going projects		
1	National Initiative on Climate Resilient Agriculture in U.P. & Uttarakhand	Dr. Atar Singh	Dr. Ajit Shrivastava
2	Production and marketing systems of Off-season vegetable Cultivation and export-led Fruit Production	Dr. A.K. Singh	Dr. Lakhan Singh, Dr.S.K. Dubey
3	Impact of soil rehabilitation & climate resilience practices adopted by farmers	Dr. Atar Singh	Dr. A. K. Singh, Dr. Lakha Singh & Dr. S.K. Dubey
4	Impact of resource conservation technologies	Dr. Lakhan Singh	Dr. Atar Singh, Dr. S.K Dubey
5	Impact analysis of crop enterprise diversification and integration (CDI)	Dr. S.K. Dubey	Dr. A.K. Singh, Dr. Lakha Singh
6	Harnessing modern communication technologies for sharing available knowledge resources with pulse growing farmers of Uttar pradesh	IIPR, Kanpur	Dr. S. K. Dubey
(C)	New initiatives		
1	National Initiative on Fodder Technology Demonstrations	Dr. Atar Singh	-
2	Productivity enhancement of partially reclaimed sodic soil through intervention of resource conservation, salt tolerant cultivars & crop diversification for economical & livelihood security of small holding farmers in Eastern Uttar Pradesh	Dr. V.K. Mishra	Dr. Atar Singh, Dr. Lakhar Singh & Dr. S.K. Dubey
3	Technological intervention for enhancing sugarcane productivity in U.P. & Uttarakhand through KVKs	All Heads of IISR, Lucknow	Dr. R.K. Singh, Dr. Ata Singh, Dr. Deepak Rai
4	Popularization of quality planting materials for sub- tropical fruit crops in Uttar Pradesh	Director, CISH, Lucknow	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
5	Livestock based interventions for productivity enhancement in Uttar Pradesh	Director, IVRI, Bareilly	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
6	Technological interventions for enhancing vegetable production in UP and Uttarakhand through KVK linkages	Director, IIVR, Varanasi	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
7	Capacity building of KVK Specialists on soil and moisture conservation related practices	Director CSWCR&TI, Dehradun	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV
8	Popularization of improved crop varieties in Uttarakhand through KVK linkages	Director VPKAS, Almora	ZPD Scientists & Selected KVK ZPD, Zone-IV

### Annexure - vi

# Swachh Bharat Abhiyan

In pursuance of Prime Minister's call for Swachh Bharat as a mass movement, ICAR-ZPD, Zone-IV, Kanpur also initiated the intensive cleanliness campaign which began on 25th September, 2014. Under this campaign the Directorate executed two pronged activities. While the 81 KVKs from the states of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand were persuaded to join this campaign. Following task has been taken into consideration.

- Cleaning and sweeping of offices, corridors and premises by the Directorate as well as KVKs were done.
- The old and obsolete furniture, junk materials at the Directorates were also disposed.
- White washing of buildings of many KVKs (Ballia, Azamgarhete) were done.
- Awareness campaign in operational villages of KVK involving farmers, farm women and school children were conducted as evident from the photographs
- Media coverage was also done for the compaign



ZPD, Zone-IV, Kanpur office Campus



KVK Tehri Garhwal



KVK Azagmagarh



KVK Kanpur Dehat



KVK Muzaffarnagar



KVK Daleep Nagar