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The paper assesses the performance of semi-permanent and permanent gully control structures constructed in degraded lands at Kota and village Borthandi, after a period of twenty years. Marginal bunds (2.5 sq m C.S.) provided with the masonary drops at suitab locations performed well. The loose boulder check dams constructed at Kota of effective height 0.92 m at vertical interval 0.92 m, were found better for establishing gullies havin small to medium size catchments (maximum upto 8 ha) as compared to the brush woo check dams. Drop spillways constructed at Kota were found to be over-designed to cope u with additional runoff expected from adjacent area. Three drop structures at Borkhand even though were found to be properly designed, two have failed, one due to change t direction of flow and the other due to lowering of side embankment by cattle trampling The third etmeeting was functioning satisfactorily