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Plantation of Eucalyptus camaldulensis Dhar., (Bangalore) and Eucalyptus hybrid (Syn. Eucalyptus tereticornis Sm) (Bangalore) were raised in 1963 on sandy alluvial ravine lands along the Mahi river at the Farm of Soil Conservation Research Demonstration and Training Centre, Vasad (Gujarat). The plantation indicated stunted growth in 1965 and some trees started dying after growing to a height of 5-6 metres. Symptoms of chlorosis developed in the leaves of effected trees. After detailed analysis of soil and plant, it was revealed that moisture stress in early establishment stages and lime induced chlorosis in the Eucalyptus species caused their slow mortality.