# Chhatisgarh

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#### Suggested cropping systems for organic production (based on testing under NPOF)

- 1. Soybean- Chickpea cropping system
- 2. Soybean-Onion cropping system
- 3. Rice-Chickpea cropping system

## **Details of Cropping Systems**

1: Cropping System: Soybean- Chickpea cropping system

Particulars	Kharif	Rabi
Crop	Soybean	Chickpea
Fortnight of	Second fortnight of June	Second fortnight of October to
sowing/planting		first fortnight of November
Fortnight of	Second fortnight of October	Second fortnight of February to
harvesting		first fortnight of March
Varieties suitable for	JS-335	Vaibhav
organic farming		

## Crop (kharif): Soybean

Important features of suitable varieties

important reactives of suitable varieties	
Parameters	JS-335
Duration (days)	95-100
Average yield under organic condition	1500-1800
(kg/ha)	
Source (s) of availability	NSP – IGKV, Raipur
Suitable regions/districts in the state	Kabirdham, Durg, Rajnandgaon, Bemetra, Raipur and
	parts of Bilaspur districts.
Specific resistance / tolerance to pest	Tolerance to stem fly
Specific resistance / tolerance to	Resistance to bacterial pustule and tolerance to bud
disease	blight

**Field preparation:** One deep ploughing followed by two harrowing and planking.

**Cultural practices** 

Seed rate (kg/ha) (Not applicable	70-75		
for nursery crops)			
Pre-sowing/planting treatment of	Material	Recommended	Method of
seed/seedlings		rate (kg/ha or	application
		lit/ha)	
	Rhizobium	500 g/ha	Seed treatment
	culture		

	PSB	500 g/ha		Seed treatment		
	Tricoderma	500 g/ha		Seed treatment		
	viridi culture					
Spacing (Row X plant) in cm	30 X 10					
Basal application of organic	Source		Quantity/	Quantity/ha		
manures including soil	FYM		2 t/ha			
application of bio-fertilizers, bio-	Vermicompost		0.8 t/ha			
control agents etc	Neemcack		0.2 t/ha			
	Rock phosphate		0.27 t/ha			
Major weeds	Motha (Cyperus	spp.), Cra	ab grass ( <i>D</i>	Digitaria sanguinalis),		
	Jangali kodo –	Goose g	rass (Eleu	sine indica), Sava –		
	Barnyard grass	(Echin	ochloa co	lona), Badi dudhi -		
	Garden spurge (Euphorbia hirta), Dudhi – Milkwe					
	(Euphorbia geniculata), Hazardana – Seed-under-le		na – Seed-under-leaf			
	(Phylanthus niruri)					
Weed management	Critical stage of Recommended practice for organ		ractice for organic			
	weeding	condition	on			
	20-25 DAS Hand weeding and mechanical		I mechanical weeding			
		by cycle	e wheel ho	e		
Organic plant protection practices	Name of		material	•		
	pest/disease		ended for	litres/ ha)		
		control				
	Tobacco		basiyana	<u> </u>		
	caterpillar	SLNPV :	500 L.E.	2 ml/litre of water		

## **Yield and Economics**

Parameters	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Economic yield	1603	2385	2793	2448	1623	1556	1695	1081	1718
(kg/ha)									
Price* (Rs/kg)									
(consider 25 %	Rs 27.5	50							
premium on									
prevailing market									
price)									
Cost of	Rs. 225	585							
cultivation*(Rs/ha)									
Net returns*	Rs. 246	551							
(Rs/ha)									

<sup>\*</sup>based on prices of 2013-14

Crop (*Rabi*):Chickpea
Important features of suitable varieties

Parameters	Vaibhav
Duration (days)	110-115
Average yield under organic condition (kg/ha)	800-1000
Source (s) of availability	IGKV, Mega seed Project

Suitable regions/districts in the state	Chhattisgarh plains
Specific resistance / tolerance to disease	Wilt resistance

## Field preparation: Ploughing through cultivator twice and planking

**Cultural practices** 

Cultural practices					
Seed rate (kg/ha)	70-80				
Pre-sowing/planting treatment of	Material	Recomm	nended	Method of	
seed/seedlings		rate (kg/ha or		application	
		lit/ha)			
	Rhizobium	0.5 kg		Seed treatment	
	PSB	0.5 kg		Seed treatment	
Spacing (Row X plant) in cm	30 X 10				
Basal application of organic	Source		Quantity/	ha	
manures including soil	FYM		1.33 t/ha		
application of bio-fertilizers, bio-	Vermicompost		0.53 t/ha		
control agents etc	Neemcack		0.13 t/ha		
	Rock phosphate	;	0.27 t/ha		
Irrigation practices	Number of	Most	critical	Depth of irrigation	
	irrigations	stages	for	(cm)	
		irrigatio			
	2	Flower	_	2-3	
		pod fill			
Major weeds				dium album), Safed	
	· ·			s alba), Krishna neel	
		- Scarlet pipmpernel ( <i>Anagallis arvensis</i> ), Chinouri - Medick ( <i>Medicago denticulate</i> ), Sava - Barnyard grass			
	,	~	,	•	
	(Echinochloa co				
Weed management	_			ractice for organic	
	weeding	condition			
	25-30 DAS			nand hoe/cycle hoe	
Organic plant protection	Name of		c material	Quantity (kg or	
practices	pest/disease	recomn		litres/ ha)	
		for con			
	Gram pod borer	HaNPV	7	250 LE/ha 3 spray	
				at weekly interval.	
		Trichog	gramma	50000 eggs/ha	
		spp.			
		Pherom	one trap	5-8 nos.	

## **Yield and Economics**

Parameters	2004-05*	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
Economic yield (kg/ha)	770	1480	1090	610	957
Price (Rs/kg) (consider 25 % premium on prevailing market price)	25.00				
Cost of cultivation**(Rs/ha)	10091				
Net returns** (Rs/ha)	13828				

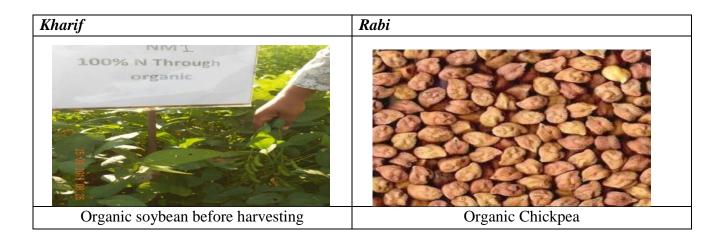
# Glimpses







Kharif	Rabi
	Okoanio
Organic Soybean growth stage	Organic Chickpea pod setting stage



## 2. Cropping System: Soybean- Onion cropping system

Particulars	Kharif	Rabi
Crop	Soybean	Onion
Fortnight of	Second fortnight of June	First fortnight of December
sowing/planting		
Fortnight of	Second fortnight of October	First fortnight of April
harvesting		
Varieties suitable for	JS-335	Nasik red
organic farming		

## Crop (Kharif): Soybean

Important features of suitable varieties

Parameters	JS-335
Duration (days)	95-100
Average yield under organic condition	1500-1800
(kg/ha)	
Source (s) of availability	NSP – IGKV, Raipur
Suitable regions/districts in the state	Kabirdham, Durg, Rajnandgaon, Bemetra, Raipur and
	parts of Bilaspur districts.
Specific resistance / tolerance to pest	Tolerance to Stem fly
Specific resistance / tolerance to	Resistance to bacterial pustule and tolerance to bud
disease	blight

Field preparation: One deep ploughings followed by two harrowing and planking.

## **Cultural practices**

Seed rate (kg/ha) (Not applicable	70-75					
for nursery crops)						
Pre-sowing/planting treatment of	Material	Recomm	ended	Method of		
seed/seedlings		,	g/ha or	application		
		lit/ha)				
	Rhizobium	500 g/ha		Seed treatment		
	culture					
	PSB	500 g/ha		Seed treatment		
	Tricoderma	500 g/ha		Seed treatment		
	viridi culture					
Spacing (Row X plant) in cm	30 X 10					
Basal application of organic	Source		Quantity/	Quantity/ha		
manures including soil	FYM		2 t/ha			
application of bio-fertilizers, bio-	Vermicompost		0.8 t/ha			
control agents etc	Neem cake		0.2 t/ha			
	Rock phosphate 0.27 t/ha					
Major weeds	Motha (Cyperus spp.), Crab grass (Digitaria					
	sanguinalis), Jangali kodo – Goose grass (Eleusine					
	indica), Sava – Barnyard grass (Echinochloa colona),					
	Badi dudhi – G	arden spu	rge (Eupho	orbia hirta), Dudhi –		

	Milkweed (Euphorbia geniculata), Hazardana – Seed-				
	under-leaf ( <i>Phyl</i>	anthus niruri)			
Weed management	Critical stage of	Recommended practice for organic			
	weeding	condition			
	20-25 DAS	Hand weeding	and mechanical		
		weeding by cycle	wheel hoe		
Organic plant protection	Name of	Organic material	Quantity (kg or		
practices	pest/disease	recommended for	litres/ ha)		
		control			
	Tobacco	Baveriya	4 gm/litre of water		
	caterpillar basiyana 2 ml/litre of		2 ml/litre of water		
		SLNPV 500 L.E.			

## **Yield and Economics**

Parameters	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	*								
Economic yield	1603	2385	2793	2448	1623	1556	1695	1081	1718
(kg/ha)									
Price** (Rs/kg)									
(consider 25 %	Rs 27.:	50							
premium on									
prevailing market									
price)									
Cost of	Rs. 22:	585							
cultivation*(Rs/ha)									
Net returns*	Rs. 24	651							
(Rs/ha)									

<sup>\*</sup>based on prices of 2013-14

## Crop (Rabi) :Onion

Important features of suitable varieties

Parameters	Nasik Red
Duration (days)	100-110
Average yield under organic condition (kg/ha)	8000-12000
Source (s) of availability	Raipur Local Market
Suitable regions/districts in the state	Chhattisgarh plains

## **Nursery raising practices (if applicable)**

Area of nursery required for 1 ha	$500 \text{ m}^2$
Nursery raising method	raised bed method
Bed size (length X breadth in m)	5 X 1

Seed sowing rate/m <sup>2</sup>	20 g				
Source and optimum quantity of	Materials	Quantity/	Method of application		
organic manures/other nutrient		m <sup>2</sup> area			
source/m <sup>2</sup> of nursery	Vermicompost	200 g	Soil incorporation		
	FYM	500 g	Soil incorporation		
Irrigation practices	First come up Irrigation after sowing and next 7-				
	days interval				
Weed management	One hand weeding 25-30 days after sowing				
Optimum age of nursery (days)	40-45				

**Field preparation:** One deep ploughing followed by two harrowing and planking applied for field preparation.

## **Cultural practices**

Spacing (Row X plant) in cm	15 X 10				
Number of seedlings/hill (in	1				
nursery crops only)					
Basal application of organic	Source		Quantity/	ha	
manures including soil	FYM		5 t/ha		
application of bio-fertilizers, bio-	Vermicompost		2 t/ha		
control agents etc	Neem cake		0.5 t/ha		
	Rock phosphate		0.27 t/ha		
Irrigation practices	Number of	Most	critical	Depth of irrigation	
	irrigations	stages	for	(cm)	
		irrigatio			
	6-8	Format	ion of	3 - 4	
		bulb			
Major weeds				spp), Bathua -	
	_	_		m), Choulai – Green	
	•		, ,	afed senji – White	
	,		* *	/a – Barnyard grass	
	,			(Cyperus spp.) and	
	Chanori – Medick (Medicago denticulate)				
Weed management	Critical stage of Recommended practice for orga		ractice for organic		
	weeding	condition			
	20-25 and 45-	Hand w	eeding and	l interculture	
	50 DAS				
Optimum stage of harvesting	100-110 days				

## **Yield and Economics**

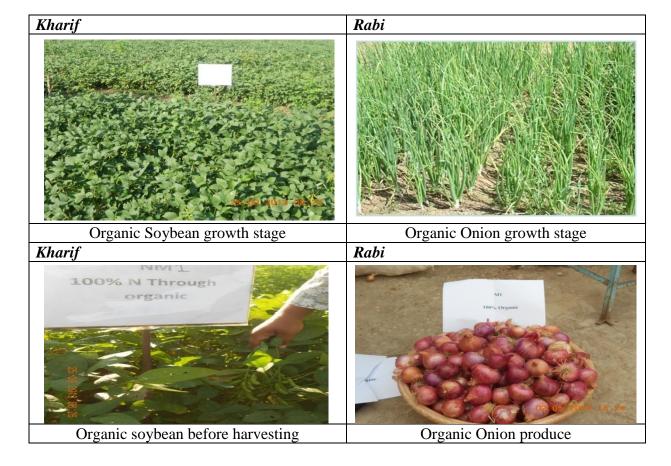
Parameters	2009-10*	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
Economic yield (kg/ha)	9070	11800	13260	13170
Price (Rs/kg) (consider 25 % premium on prevailing market price)				

Cost of cultivation*(Rs/ha)	Rs. 37686
Net returns* (Rs/ha)	Rs.126902

<sup>\*</sup>based on prices of 2013-14

## Glimpses





## 3. Cropping System: Rice-Chickpea cropping system

Particulars		Kharif	Rabi
Crop		Rice	Chickpea
Fortnight sowing/planting	of	Second fortnight of June	Second fortnight of November
Fortnight of harvesting		First fortnight of November	First fortnight of March
Varieties suitable organic farming	for	Kasturi and Sugundhmati	Vaibhav

#### Crop (kharif):Rice

## Important features of suitable varieties

Parameters	Kasturi	Sugandhmati
Duration (days)	120-130	135-140
Average yield under organic condition	3500-4000	3500-4000
(kg/ha)		
Source (s) of availability	NSP, IGKV, Raipur	NSP, IGKV, Raipur
Suitable regions/districts in the state	Chhattisgarh Plain zone	Chhattisgarh Plain zone
Specific resistance / tolerance to pest	Stem borer tolerance	
Specific resistance / tolerance to disease	Blast resistance	

## Nursery raising practices.

Area of nursery required for 1 ha	$1000 \text{ m}^2$			
Nursery raising method	Raised bed me	ethod		
Bed size (length X breadth in m)	10 X 1			
Seed sowing rate/m <sup>2</sup>	40 g			
Source and optimum quantity of	Materials	Quantity/	Method of application	
organic manures/other nutrient		m <sup>2</sup> area		
source/m <sup>2</sup> of nursery	Enriched	100 g	Soil application	
	compost			
	Cow dung	500 g	Soil application	
	manure			
	N.E.O.C. –	50 g	Soil application	
	Non edible			
	oil cake			
Irrigation practices	First come up irrigation after sowing and next			
	days interval			
Optimum age of nursery (days)	21-25 days			

**Field preparation:** Sowing of Sunhemp should be done during May month for green manuring purpose and incorporated in the field at vegetative stage around 40-45 DAS. For incorporation of the green manure impound the water in the field and after that plough the field twice and use rotavator once for proper incorporation and puddling.

**Cultural practices** 

Cultural practices						
Spacing (Row X plant) in cm	20 X 10					
Number of seedlings/hill (in	2-3					
nursery crops only)						
Basal application of organic	Source		Quantit	Quantity/ha		
manures including soil	Enriched com	Enriched compost				
application of bio-fertilizers,	Cow dung ma		4.4 t			
bio-control agents etc	N.E.O.C. – Non edible oil cake		ke 0.88 t			
		Rock phosphate		0.05 t		
Top dressing of organic manures	Source	Quantity/ha	Days sowing/ of crop	after/planting or stage		
	Biodynamic preparation	2.5 g/32.5 water	lit P.I. and	flowering stage		
	Panchagavv ya	50 litre	P.I. and	flowering stage		
Irrigation practices	Number of irrigations	Most critic stages irrigation	cal Depth of	Depth of irrigation (cm)		
	5-6	Tillerig & gra	ain   5-7			
Major weeds	crus-galli) M day flower ( Sessil joywee	otha (Cyperus Commelina ben	spp.), Kauva ghalensis), ra sessilis),	ona, Echinochloa a keni – Benghal Resham Kanta – Kana – Creeping		
Weed management	Critical s weeding	C	Recommended practice for organic condition			
	20 DAT and 10-15 days Ambika Paddy weeder interval thereafter.					
Organic plant protection practices	pest/disease	of Organic recommend control	material ded for	litres/ ha)		
	leaf folder	Neem oil		2 litres		

## **Yield and Economics**

Tield that Beolionnes				
Parameters	2009-10*	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
Economic yield (kg/ha)	3550	4280	4260	4320
Price (Rs/kg) (consider 25 % premium	16			
on prevailing market price)				
Cost of cultivation*(Rs/ha)	31900			
Net returns*(Rs/ha)	43362			

<sup>\*</sup>based on prices of 2013-14

Crop (*Rabi*) : Chickpea
Important features of suitable varieties

Parameters	Vaibhav
Duration (days)	110-115
Average yield under organic condition (kg/ha)	800-1000
Source (s) of availability	IGKV, Mega seed Project
Suitable regions/districts in the state	Chhattisgarh plains
Specific resistance / tolerance to disease	Wilt resistance

Field preparation: Ploughing through cultivator twice and planking

**Cultural practices** 

Seed rate (kg/ha)	70-80					
Pre-sowing/planting treatment of	Material	Recommended Method			Method of	
seed/seedlings		rate (k	g/ha	or	application	
		lit/ha)				
	Rhizobium	0.5 Seed t		Seed treatment		
	PSB	0.5 Seed treatment			Seed treatment	
Spacing (Row X plant) in cm	30 X 10					
Basal application of organic	Source	Quantity/ha			ha	
manures including soil	Enriched compo	ost 1.66 t				
application of bio-fertilizers, bio-	Cow dung manu		1.11 t			
control agents etc	N.E.O.C. – No	on edible	0.22 t			
	oil cake					
	Rock phosphate	;	0.17 t			
Top dressing of organic manures	Source	Quantity		Day		
					ing/planting or stage	
				of c	1	
	Biodynamic				spray at flowering	
	preparation		50 litre 3		stage in 15 days interval	
	Panchagavvya	50 litre			spray at flowering	
				e in 10 days interval		
Irrigation practices	Number of				oth of irrigation (cm)	
	irrigations	stages for irrigation				
	2	flowerin	0	2-3		
Major weeds		-	•	•	dium album), Safed	
			•		alba), Krishna neel -	
					vensis), Chinouri -	
	,	~			va - Barnyard grass	
***	(Echinochloa co					
Weed management	Critical stage of					
	weeding	condition				
	25-30 DAS	Hand weeding or hand hoe/cycle hoe of Organic material Quantity (kg			•	
Organic plant protection	Name of			ıal	Quantity (kg or	
practices	pest/disease	recomn			litres/ ha)	
		for con	uoi			

Gram pod borer	HaNPV	250 LE/ha 3 spray
		at weekly interval.
	Trichogramma	50000 eggs/ha
	spp.	
	Pheromone trap	5-8 nos.

## **Yield and Economics**

Parameters	2009-10*	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13			
Economic yield (kg/ha)	1008	1210	1370	1270			
Price (Rs/kg) (consider 25 % premium on prevailing market price)	32						
Cost of cultivation*(Rs/ha)	21622						
Net returns* (Rs/ha)	19045						

<sup>\*</sup>based on prices of 2013-14

## Glimpses

