

537. **Srivastva, A.K. and Rama Mohan Rao, M.S. 1993.** Safflower for sustained production in semi-arid Vertisols of India. Proc. 3rd Internl. Safflower Conference, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China:375-382.

The studies on safflower management conducted at Bellary (Karnataka) with regard to sowing period, soil constraints, agroforestry systems, and conservation measures in operational watersheds showed that sowing period could be extended by three fortnights, crop production could be maintained under slope and depth constraints, and safflower was more efficient in agroforestry systems than sorghum. Like in Operational Watershed at Joladarasi (Karnataka), more and more farmers are adopting safflower cultivation in this region.