
The paper presents results of a case study undertaken at Joladarasi watershed by the scientists of Bellary Centre in Karnataka State. It has been indicated that with adoption of improved management, conservation measures, proper land use and runoff recycling, it is possible to increase production by 63, 69 and 158% over the demands of community. This can well take care of the investment in project (Rs. 1,800/ha) and further help to bring economic prosperity apart from conservation of resources.