
The efficient land use technology demonstrated by the Central Soil & Water Conservation Research and Training Institute under Lab to Land Programme in Doon Valley has resulted in an increase in crop yield by 28 to 38%. Adopted farmers are producing marketable surplus of all the major food grains, whereas, non-adopted farmers are still facing deficits in meeting even their own food requirements. Farm labourers had 165 days work available on adopted farms, as against only 105 days work on non-adopted farms.