# SAS Macro for the Generation and Randomization of MERC Designs for Type III CDC <br> Eldho Varghese, Cini Varghese, Seema Jaggi and Rajender Parsad <br> ICAR-Indian Agricultural Statistics Research Institute, New Delhi 

Most of the work on designs for diallel cross experiments are done by taking only $\mathrm{F}_{1}$ 's into consideration (i.e., Type IV mating designs). For an experimenter, the interest may not lie only in comparing the $\mathrm{F}_{1}$ 's but in comparing $\mathrm{F}_{1}$ 's along with its parents. Furthermore, most of the work on diallel/ partial diallel cross experiments has been done under the assumption that the specific combining ability (sca) is negligible. A methodology has been developed by Varghese et al. (2016) for estimating gca effects free from sca effects under a row-column set-up for Type III complete diallel mating designs. Also, developed a class of Mating-Environmental RowColumn (MERC) designs which is variance balanced for estimating the contrasts pertaining to gca effects free from sca effects. Here, a program was developed for the generation and randomization of a class of Mating Environmental Row Column(MERC) design with parameters $\mathrm{v}=\frac{\mathrm{t}(\mathrm{t}+1)}{2}, \mathrm{p}=\mathrm{q}=\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{r}_{1}$ (Replication of selfings) $=1$ and $\mathrm{r}_{2}\left(\right.$ Replication of $\left.\mathrm{F} 1^{\prime} \mathrm{s}\right)=2$ which are variance balanced for estimating elementary contrasts pertaining to general combining ability effects free from specific combining ability effects considering F1's along with selfings (Griffing's method III) using SAS IML in the form of a Macro so that user would be able to get the design by providing only number lines $(\mathrm{t})$.

## MERC designs for type III mating experiments

SAS Macro for generation of designs (Varghese et al., 2016)

```
%let t=9;/*odd number of lines*/
proc iml;
c_no=comb (&t,2)+&t;
n_no=&t;
k=1;
d0=j(n_no,n_no,0);
do i=1 to n_no;
do j=1 to n_no;
d0[i,j]=mod((i-1) +j,n_no);
if dO[i,j]=0 then dO[i,j]=n_no;
end;
end;
print d0;
d01=j(n_no,n_no,0);
do i=1 to n_ñ;
do j=1 to n_no;
d01[i,j]=mo\overline{d}(d0[i,j]+(i-1),n_no);
if d01[i,j]=0 then d01[i,j]=\overline{n}_no;
end;
end;
```

```
print d01;
k=1;
d001=j(n_no*n_no,2,0);
do i=1 to n_no;;
do j=1 to n_no;
d001[k,1]=d\overline{0}[i,j];
d001[k,2]=d01[i,j];
k=k+1;
end;
end;
*print d001;
k=1;
x=j((n_no*n_no), 2,0);
do i=1 to n_no;
do j=1 to n_no;
x[k,1]=i;
x[k,2]=j;
k=k+1;
end;
end;
*print x;
d0001=x||d001;
d002=j(n_no,5,0);
do i=1 to n_no;
do j=1 to 4;
d002[i,j]=d0001[i,j];
end;
d002[i,5]=i;
end;
*print d002;
d00001=j(((n_no-1)*n_no),4,0);
do i=1 to (n_no-1)*n_no;
do j=1 to 4;
d00001[i,j]=d0001[i+n_no,j];
end;
end;
*print d00001;
call sort(d00001, {3 4 1 2}, );
*print d00001;
d1=d00001;
do i=1 to (n_no-1)*n_no;
if d00001[i,\overline{3}]>d0000\overline{1}[i,4] then
do;
d1[i,3]=d00001[i,4];
d1[i,4]=d00001[i,3];
end;
end;
*print dI;
call sort(d1, {3 4 1 2}, );
*print d1;
vec=j(n_no*(n_no-1),1,0);
d2=d1||vec;
```

```
k=1;
do i=1 to ((n_no-1)*n_no)/2;
do j=1 to 2;
d2[k,5]=n_no+i;
k=k+1;
end;
end;
*print d2;
xx=d002//d2;
call sort(xx, {5 3 4 1 2}, );
*print xx;
/******************code for generating designs********/
ww=j(n_no,n_no,0);
do i=1 to n_no;
do j=1 to n_no;
ww[i,j]=d0[\overline{i},j];
end;
end;
*print ww;
ww1=j (n_no,n_no,0);
do i=1 \̄` n_\overline{no;}
do j=1 to n_no;
ww1[i,j]=d01[i,j];
end;
end;
*print ww1;
ww_=char(ww, 4,0);
ww\overline{1}_=char(ww1,4,0);
www=j(nrow(ww),ncol(ww),' x');
MERC_design=ww_+www+ww1_;
print MERC_desīign;
/**********\overline{*}**************************************************)
/**********Randmization********************************/
/*****row-randomization*******/
r=j(1, nrow (ww),0);
call randgen(r,'uniform');
*print r;
rr=rank(r);
*print rr;
ra=j(nrow(ww),ncol(ww),0);
random_row=char(ra,10,0);
do i=1 to nrow(ww);
do j=1 to ncol(ww);
random_row[i,j]= MERC_design[rr[i],j];
end;
end;
*print random_row;
/********/
/******column-randomization****/
r=j(ncol(ww),1,0);
```

```
call randgen(r,'uniform');
*print r;
rr=rank(r);
*print rr;
Randomized_Layout=char(ra,10,0);
do i=1 to nrow(ww);
do j=1 to ncol(ww);
Randomized_Layout[i,j]= random_row[i,rr[j]];
end;
end;
print Randomized_Layout;
/******/
```


## SAS Output

| MERC_design |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | COL1 | COL2 | COL3 | COL4 | COL5 | COL6 | COL7 | COL8 | COL9 |
| ROW1 | $1 \times 1$ | $2 \times 2$ | $3 \times 3$ | $4 \times 4$ | $5 \times 5$ | $6 \times 6$ | $7 \times 7$ | $8 \times 8$ | $9 \times 9$ |
| ROW2 | $2 \times 3$ | $3 \times 4$ | $4 \times 5$ | $5 \times 6$ | $6 \times 7$ | $7 \times 8$ | $8 \times 9$ | $9 \times 1$ | $1 \times 2$ |
| ROW3 | $3 \times 5$ | $4 \times 6$ | $5 \times 7$ | $6 \times 8$ | $7 \times 9$ | $8 \times 1$ | $9 \times 2$ | $1 \times 3$ | $2 \times 4$ |
| ROW4 | $4 \times 7$ | $5 \times 8$ | $6 \times 9$ | $7 \times 1$ | $8 \times 2$ | $9 \times 3$ | $1 \times 4$ | $2 \times 5$ | $3 \times 6$ |
| ROW5 | $5 \times 9$ | $6 \times 1$ | $7 \times 2$ | $8 \times 3$ | $9 \times 4$ | $1 \times 5$ | $2 \times 6$ | $3 \times 7$ | $4 \times 8$ |
| ROW6 | $6 \times 2$ | $7 \times 3$ | $8 \times 4$ | $9 \times 5$ | $1 \times 6$ | $2 \times 7$ | $3 \times 8$ | $4 \times 9$ | $5 \times 1$ |
| ROW7 | $7 \times 4$ | $8 \times 5$ | $9 \times 6$ | $1 \times 7$ | $2 \times 8$ | $3 \times 9$ | $4 \times 1$ | $5 \times 2$ | $6 \times 3$ |
| ROW8 | $8 \times 6$ | $9 \times 7$ | $1 \times 8$ | $2 \times 9$ | $3 \times 1$ | $4 \times 2$ | $5 \times 3$ | $6 \times 4$ | $7 \times 5$ |
| ROW9 | $9 \times 8$ | $1 \times 9$ | $2 \times 1$ | $3 \times 2$ | $4 \times 3$ | $5 \times 4$ | $6 \times 5$ | $7 \times 6$ | $8 \times 7$ |


| Randomized_Layout |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | COL1 | COL2 | COL3 | COL4 | COL5 | COL6 | COL7 | COL8 | COL9 |
| ROW1 | $9 \times 5$ | $2 \times 7$ | $3 \times 8$ | $8 \times 4$ | $6 \times 2$ | $4 \times 9$ | $5 \times 1$ | $1 \times 6$ | $7 \times 3$ |
| ROW2 | $3 \times 2$ | $5 \times 4$ | $6 \times 5$ | $2 \times 1$ | $9 \times 8$ | $7 \times 6$ | $8 \times 7$ | $4 \times 3$ | $1 \times 9$ |
| ROW3 | $4 \times 4$ | $6 \times 6$ | $7 \times 7$ | $3 \times 3$ | $1 \times 1$ | $8 \times 8$ | $9 \times 9$ | $5 \times 5$ | $2 \times 2$ |
| ROW4 | $1 \times 7$ | $3 \times 9$ | $4 \times 1$ | $9 \times 6$ | $7 \times 4$ | $5 \times 2$ | $6 \times 3$ | $2 \times 8$ | $8 \times 5$ |
| ROW5 | $8 \times 3$ | $1 \times 5$ | $2 \times 6$ | $7 \times 2$ | $5 \times 9$ | $3 \times 7$ | $4 \times 8$ | $9 \times 4$ | $6 \times 1$ |
| ROW6 | $7 \times 1$ | $9 \times 3$ | $1 \times 4$ | $6 \times 9$ | $4 \times 7$ | $2 \times 5$ | $3 \times 6$ | $8 \times 2$ | $5 \times 8$ |
| ROW7 | $6 \times 8$ | $8 \times 1$ | $9 \times 2$ | $5 \times 7$ | $3 \times 5$ | $1 \times 3$ | $2 \times 4$ | $7 \times 9$ | $4 \times 6$ |
| ROW8 | $5 \times 6$ | $7 \times 8$ | $8 \times 9$ | $4 \times 5$ | $2 \times 3$ | $9 \times 1$ | $1 \times 2$ | $6 \times 7$ | $3 \times 4$ |
| ROW9 | $2 \times 9$ | $4 \times 2$ | $5 \times 3$ | $1 \times 8$ | $8 \times 6$ | $6 \times 4$ | $7 \times 5$ | $3 \times 1$ | $9 \times 7$ |

## Research Paper:

- Eldho Varghese, Cini Varghese and Seema Jaggi (2016). A Class of Efficient RowColumn Designs for Type III Diallel Cross Experiments with Specific Combining Abilities. Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics, 70(2): 123-130.

